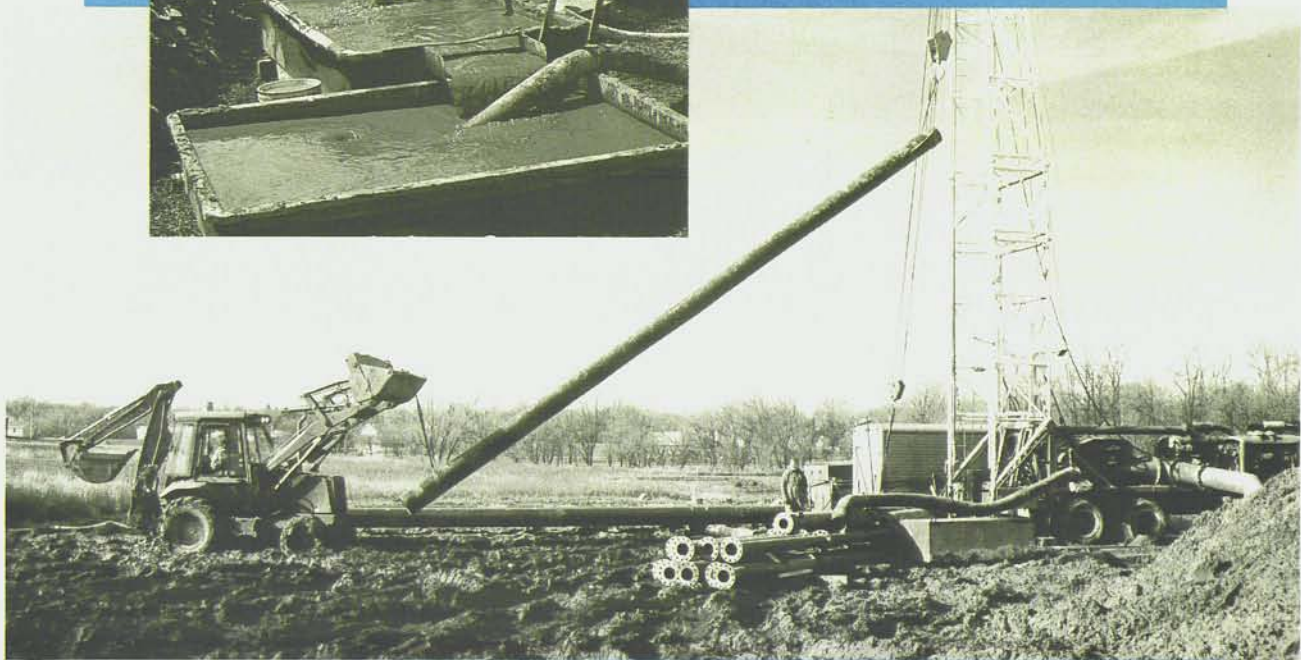


Hydrogeology and Groundwater Availability in Southwest McLean and Southeast Tazewell Counties

Part 1: Aquifer Characterization (Appendixes)



1995
Cooperative Groundwater Report 17A

Department of Natural Resources
ILLINOIS STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
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Part 1: Aquifer Characterization (Appendixes)

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1995
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Cover photos Clockwise from upper left. Collecting geologic samples during test drilling. Monitoring water levels during aquifer test. Installing well for aquifer test near Mackinaw. Well discharge at Mackinaw aquifer test: gas in the water causes the turbulence.



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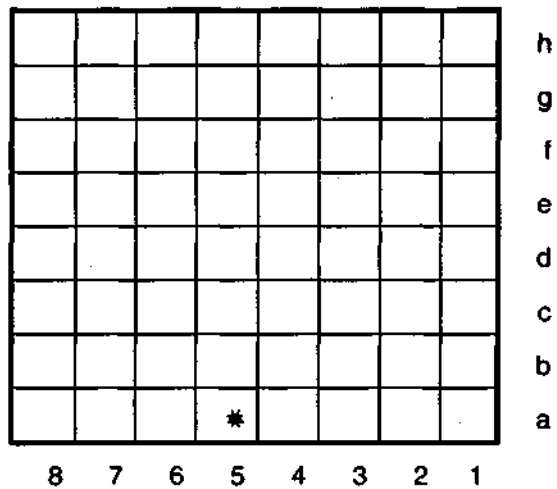
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APPENDIX A WELL LOCATION SYSTEM

The well location system used in this report uses township, range, and section for identification. The location system consists of as many as four parts: township, range, section, and coordinates within the section. Normal sections of one square mile contain eight rows of 1/8-mile squares; odd-shaped sections contain more or fewer rows or columns of squares. Each 1/8-mile square contains 10 acres and corresponds to a quarter of a quarter of a quarter section. Rows are numbered from east to west and lettered from south to north, as shown in the diagram below. The location of the well shown is identified as 23N02W10.5a. This well is at site SWS-2 (fig. 11).

Tazewell County
Township 23N, Range 2W
Section 10



APPENDIX B COMPOSITE WELL LOGS

Composite Test Hole Logs with Drillers' Logs and Details of Observation Well Construction

MTH-1

Location: Tazewell County, T24NR03W28.4a

Elevation: 650 feet

Total Depth: 215 feet

Date drilled: 9/7/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 1.7 to 210.7 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-5	Sandy clayey silt to sandy silt, very dark brown to very dark grayish brown (10YR 2/2 to 10YR 3/2), leached.		Glasford Formation—Vandalia Member
5-9	Sandy clayey silt, strong brown (7.5YR 5/6), oxidized, leached.	85-91	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clay with clayey sand, gray (1 OYR 5/1), with very fine to coarse grained sand and fine gravel, slightly to moderately calcareous.
	Wedron Group	91-102	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay grading to clayey silt, dark gray and dark grayish brown to brown (10YR 4/1 and 10YR 4/2 to 10YR 4/3), calcareous.
9-11	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, brownish yellow (10YR 6/6), slightly calcareous.	102-106	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
11-16	Diamicton, as above, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4).		Banner Formation—Hillery Member
16-20	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), calcareous.	106-111	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, yellowish brown to dark grayish brown (1 OYR 5/6 to 10YR 4/2), some organic fragments.
20-49	Diamicton, as above, gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 4/2), with very fine to coarse grained sand and fine to medium gravel, calcareous.	111-118	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray (10YR 5/1), calcareous.
	Tiskilwa Formation—Delavan Member	118-120	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium and coarse sand, silty, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
49-55	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt to pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark gray (10YR 4/1), with organic fragments, slightly to moderately calcareous.	120-138	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown to dark brown (10YR 4/2 to 10YR 3/3), with very fine to coarse grained sand and fine gravel, calcareous, some organic matter in upper few feet.
55-65	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt to clayey pebbly silty sand, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 10YR 4/2), calcareous.		Banner Formation—Iacustrine
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member	138-146	Clayey silty sand, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), with some fine to medium gravel, predominantly medium sand, poorly sorted.
65-67	Silt, very dark grayish brown to very dark brown (10YR 3/2 to 10YR 2/2), abundant fibrous organic fragments, leached.		Sankoty Sand
	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member	146-165	Sand, very fine to coarse sand, predominantly fine sand with occasional fine gravel, moderately to well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
67-77	Sandy clayey silt and silty clay, in layers, very dark gray to olive gray (5Y 3/1 to 5Y 4/2), abundant organic matter, leached.	165-183	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly medium and coarse sand, poorly sorted, rounded to subangular.
77-83	Sandy clayey silt, olive gray to olive (5Y 4/2 to 5Y 4/4), leached, some organic fragments.		
83-85	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted, possibly oxidized.		

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>	DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-1	
	Sub-Sankoty sand	Depth (ft)	Description
183-185	Cobbles and silt.	0-13	soft yellow clay
185-188	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, olive gray to olive (5Y 4/2 to 5Y 4/4), with very organic muck, very reactive to HCl.	13-17	sandy yellow clay
		17-62	gray clay, some sandy
		62-63	peat
188-200	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel, silty to very silty, with organic fragments, predominantly medium and coarse sand, poorly sorted, calcareous, subrounded to subangular.	63-80?	dark gray to green clay
		80?-84	light green and brown clay
		84-87	sand, yellow
		87-89	sandy gray clay
		89-103	hard gray clay
		103-107	yellow sand
		107-113	yellow clay (old soil)
200-201	Pennsylvanian bedrock Coal, black (10YR 2/1), friable.	113-116	Jac (sic) clay
201-215	Shale, greenish gray (5BG 6/1), with thin limestone and yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) clay layers.	116-119	sandy clay
		119-122	sand(?)
		122-138	hard gray clay
		138-145	soft sandy clay
		145-183	#12-#20 sand and few rocks
		183-187	boulders and black clay
		187-200	clay and sand streaks and boulders
		200-201	coal
		201-215	gray shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-1

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 170 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 137 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel—bridged at 27 feet; filled annulus with bentonite chips to land surface and set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 172 feet below land surface.

MTH-2**Location:** Tazewell County, T24NR03W36.4h**Elevation:** 639 feet**Total Depth:** 265 feet**Date drilled:** 9/1/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 0.50 to 260.35 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-3	Silty clay, very dark grayish brown to black (10YR 3/2 to 10YR 2/1), highly organic, leached.	80-86	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.
3-5	Clayey silt, dark brown (10YR 3/3), leached.	86-92	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium sand, with calcareous silt, poorly sorted, approximately 15% gravel, rounded to subangular.
5-11	Clayey silt, brownish yellow to olive brown (10YR 6/6 to 2.5Y 4/4), oxidized, leached.	92-98	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt to silty sand, possibly lacustrine, dark grayish brown to olive gray (2.5Y 4/2 to 5Y 5/2), calcareous.
11-15	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, about 25% gravel, slightly silty, moderately to poorly sorted.	98-158	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt to sandy clayey silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), with thin very sandy zones, calcareous.
15-19	Wedron Group Diamicton, clayey silt, slightly sandy and pebbly, dark brown to gray (10YR 3/3 to 10YR 5/1), with very fine to coarse sand and fine to medium gravel, slightly to moderately calcareous.	158-169	Banner Formation—Hillery Member Diamicton, sandy silty clay, very dark grayish brown to brown (1 OYR 3/2 to 10YR 5/3) with some greenish gray (5G 5/1) gley, common organic and woody flakes, moderately calcareous.
19-26	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), calcareous, with a thin gravelly layer from 24 to 25 feet.	169-179	Silty clay, brown to very dark grayish brown (10YR 5/3 to 10YR 3/2), lacustrine?, leached.
26-32	Tiskilwa Formation—Oakland facies Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown to gray (10YR 4/2 to 10YR 5/1), calcareous.	179-193	Sankoty—lacustrine? Slightly clayey silty sand, very fine to fine grained sand, well sorted, organic fragments throughout, lacustrine?, calcareous.
32-38	Diamicton, as above, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), possible laminations?	193-207	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, brown to very dark gray (1 OYR 4/3 to 10YR 3/1), very reactive to HCl.
38-43	Roxana Silt—Robein Member Silty clay, very dark gray (10YR 3/1), abundant black organic fragments, leached.	207-213	Sankoty Sand Silty sand, very fine to fine grained sand, olive brown (2.5Y 4/4), predominantly silty fine sand, well sorted, slightly to moderately calcareous.
43-48	Clayey silt to silt, yellowish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/4 to 2.5Y 4/2), common organic fragments, leached to slightly calcareous.	213-250	Sand, very fine to very coarse sand, moderately to well sorted, silty, rounded to subrounded, little organic matter throughout.
48-49	Glasford Formation—diamicton Rock, dark igneous or metamorphic.	250-251	Pennsylvanian bedrock Limestone, very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2), calcareous.
49-61	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and some greenish gray (5G 5/1) gley, with very fine to very coarse sand and fine gravel, calcareous.		
61 -76	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.		
76-80	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium sand, with calcareous silt, poorly sorted, approximately 15% gravel, rounded to subangular.		

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>
	Pennsylvanian bedrock
251 -255	Coal, black (10YR 2/1), very hard, slightly to moderately friable.
255-261	Shale, black (10YR 2/1), slightly silty, noncalcareous.
261 -265	Shale, gray (5Y 6/1), noncalcareous.

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-2

Depth (ft)	Description
0-3	topsoil
3-12	yellow clay
12-15	gravel
15-25	light gray clay
25-25	4" gravel
25-33	gray sandy clay
33-40?	peat
40?-48	dark gray clay
48-49	black boulder
49-51	very soft gray to blue clay
51-77	gray clay
77-81	gravel
81 -87	rocky gray clay
87-93	fine gravel
93-115	rocky clay
115-159	very hard gray clay
159-182	soft fine pinkish gray clay
182-191	.006 sand
191-195	very shaley and very dark gray clay
195-207	soft sandy clay
207-215	.008-010 sand Sankoty
215-250	#12-#15 sand Sankoty
250-251	limestone
251-255	coal and black shale
255-256	shale
256-261?	hard coal
261?-265	blue shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-2

Set 10 feet of #10 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 230 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 207 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to 23 feet with 2 annular seals in clay units of 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Filled annulus with bentonite chips to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 237 feet below land surface.

MTH-3

Location: Tazewell County, T24NR02W04.8C

Elevation: 600 feet

Total Depth: 270 feet

Drilled: 9/17/93 and 9/20/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval +0.6 to 260.8 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Cahokia Formation	186-218	Sand, very fine to medium sand, with slight pinkish cast, well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
0-5	Sandy silty clay, strong brown to dark yellowish brown (7.5YR 5/6 to 10YR 4/4), oxidized, leached.	218-229	Clayey silty sand, very fine to fine sand, very dark gray (5Y 3/1), abundant shell fragments.
5-36	Sand and gravel, medium sand to medium gravel, approximately 60% gravel, poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded.	229-232	Sandy silty clay, very dark gray to olive gray (5Y 3/1 to 5Y 4/2), abundant coarse shell fragments.
	Glasford Formation	232-254	Sand and gravel, fine sand to coarse gravel, predominantly coarse sand, with cobbles, subrounded to subangular, coarser rock fragments are angular, noticeable chert content.
36-39	Diamicton, clayey sandy silt, gray (10YR 5/1), calcareous, few organic fragments.		
39-64	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray to olive gray (10YR 5/1 to 5Y 4/2), with fine sand to fine gravel, calcareous.		
64-65	Silty sand, very fine to fine sand.		
	Banner Formation	254-258	Pennsylvanian bedrock Coal, black (10YR 2/1), overlain by very thin limestone.
65-71	Sandy silty clay, dark gray (10YR 4/1), sand is fine to coarse grained, calcareous.	258-266	Shale, very dark gray (2.5Y N3/) with green cast, becomes gray (2.5Y N6/) toward base of unit, with yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) clay bands.
71-72	Sand and gravel, silty, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine gravel, poorly sorted.	266-270	Coal, same as above.
72-78	Sandy clayey silt, dark gray (10YR 4/1), calcareous.		
78-99	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (2.5YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2) becoming dark brown (10YR 3/3) toward the base, noticeable pinkish cast, with very fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, some organic fragments throughout, vigorously reactive to HCl.		
99-103	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (2.5YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.		
103-136	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine sand, poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded.		
136-186	Sand and gravel, as above with coarse gravel.		

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-3

Depth (ft)	Description
0-6	clay (fill?)
6-36	gravel
36-39	very hard gray clay
39-65	rocky gray clay
65-65	small streak of gravel
65-72	rocky clay
72-73	gravel
73-103	hard gray clay
103-130	fine sand
130-170	gray gravel
170-210	Sankoty with up to 3/8" gravel
210-220	#12-#15 sand with 3/8" gravel
220-221	lake clay with shells
221-255	very clean #40 slot with 3/8" gravel
255-259	coal
259-[270]	light gray shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-3

Set 30 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe below screen, 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen, and 235 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe above screen; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to depth of 245 feet and backflushed with water until discharge cleared. Backfilled with pea gravel to depth of 78 feet, sealed annulus with bentonite chips to depth of 67 feet, filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 20 feet, and filled annulus to land surface with bentonite chips; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 237 feet below land surface.

MTH-4**Location:** Tazewell County, T24NR02W14.4a**Elevation:** 773 feet**Total Depth:** 448 feet**Date drilled:** 9/22/93-9/23/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 0.5 to 441.1 feet.

* Indicates intervals used for grain-size distribution analysis.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-5	Sandy clayey silt, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached.	178-183	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly coarse sand, poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded.
5-10.5	Sandy silty clay, yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/6 to 2.5Y 5/4), slightly calcareous.	183-186	Clayey silt, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4), with organic fragments, slightly calcareous.
10.5-13	Clayey silty sand, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6), with very fine to fine sand.		
	Wedron Group		Glasford Formation—Vandalia Member
13-17	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, yellowish brown to olive brown (10YR 5/6 to 2.5Y 4/4), oxidized, moderately calcareous.	186-192*	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, gray to grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 2.5Y 5/2), some organics fragments, calcareous.
17-20	Diamicton, same as above, dark brown (10YR 4/3), calcareous.	192-196	Sandy clayey silt to sandy silty clay, brown to light olive brown (1 OYR 5/3 to 2.5Y 5/4), with organic fragments, slightly calcareous.
20-71 *	Diamicton, same as above, reddish gray (5YR 5/2), with very fine to coarse sand and fine to medium gravel.	196-201	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine sand, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2), silty, poorly sorted.
71-109	Diamicton, same as above, gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 4/2).	201 -207*	Sandy silty clay, light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2), calcareous.
109-112	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine and medium sand, poorly sorted.	207-213	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty, poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded.
112-148*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, brown to dark reddish gray (1 OYR 4/3 to 5YR 4/2), grain size as above, calcareous as above.		
148-151	Silty clayey sand, very fine to medium sand, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) poorly sorted, with organic fragments.	213-219*	Banner Formation Sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2), calcareous.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member	219-230*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, olive to dark gray (5Y 5/3 to 5Y 4/1), strongly reactive to HCl.
151-155	Clayey silt, olive gray to olive (5Y 4/2 to 5Y 4/3), with black (5Y 2.5/1) organic fragments, leached.	230-240	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, dark gray (5Y 4/1), strongly calcareous.
155-161*	Clayey silt, black (5Y 2.5/2), slightly calcareous.	240-244	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium sand, silty, poorly sorted.
	Glasford Formation—diamicton		Banner Formation—Hillery Member
161 -165	Sandy silty clay, olive (5Y 4/4), slightly calcareous.	244-291 *	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), with many thin very sandy layers from 253 to 275 feet, more pebbles below 280 feet, calcareous.
165-170*	Sandy clayey silt, olive (5Y 5/3), sand is very fine to fine grained, very slightly calcareous.		
	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member		
170-178	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark gray to olive brown (5Y 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/4), calcareous.	291-317*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium sand, silty, poorly sorted.

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>
	Sankoty Sand
317-331 *	Sand, very fine to coarse sand, predominantly fine grained, moderately to well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
331-363*	Sand, very fine to medium sand, predominantly very fine grained, well sorted.
363-365	Clayey silt, not described, possibly containing organic fragments.
365-367	Sand, same as above.
	Sub-Sankoty sand
367-370	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine grained sand, moderately sorted.
370-393*	Sand, as above.
393-398*	Diamicton, bouldery sandy silty clay, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6).
398-411 *	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, slightly silty, poorly sorted.
411-433*	Clay and sand, in layers, medium to coarse sand with some fine gravel, poorly sorted. Sandy clay, brown (10YR 5/3), with organic fragments and wood fibers.
	Pennsylvanian bedrock
433-436	Coal, black (10YR 2/1) to black shale.
436-448	Limestone and shale, light brownish gray to yellowish brown (10YR 6/2 to 10YR 5/5).

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-4

Depth (ft)	Description
0-5	black
5-13	yellow clay
13-20	rocky clay
20-33	gray sandy clay
33-152	pinkish gray clay
152-157	brown clay
157-180	dark green clay
180-185	nearly white clay with gravel
185-190	soft dark gray clay
190-193	white clay and gravel
193-196	dark gray clay
196-196	gravel
196-210	gray clay
210-230	white clay and gravel
230-245	fine gravel with some clay
245-303	gray sandy clay
303-315	very sandy clay or steaks
315-330	#12-#15 Sankoty
330-360	#10 sand
360-365	#12-#15sand
365-367	#15 sand
367-368	wood, clay
368-375	fine sand up to #12, some peat
375-385	#10-#20 sand, some peat
385-395	#15-#40sand
395-396	clay
396-398	boulders
398-410	#40 sand
410-424	clay with sand streaks
424-427	shale (or clay?)
427-433	shale (or clay?)
433-436	coal
436-448	shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-4

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 385 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to clay overlying the aquifer and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 20 feet with several annular seals of 20 pounds of bentonite chips in clay units. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from depth of 20 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 387 feet below land surface.

MTH-5**Location:** Tazewell County, T24NR02W32.5a**Elevation:** 660 feet**Total Depth:** 294 feet**Date drilled:** 9/16/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log, run one. Logged interval +0.5 to 283.8 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Peoria Silt		Banner Formation
0-6	Clayey silt, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), leached.	102-114	Diamicton, silty sandy clay, gray to grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 5/2), sand grains range from very fine to coarse, calcareous.
6-8	Silty clay, yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/8 to 2.5Y 5/6), with little fine sand and pebbles, leached.	114-116	Sand and gravel, silty very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.
	Henry Formation	116-132	Diamicton, same as above.
8-17	Silty clayey sand and gravel, yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/8 to 2.5Y 5/6), very fine sand to medium gravel, leached.	132-134	Sand and gravel, same as above.
	Equality Formation (?)	134-140	Diamicton, silty sandy clay, brown (7.5YR 5/2), sand is fine to coarse grained, calcareous.
17-19	Silty clay, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), with little very fine sand and fine pebbles, slightly calcareous.	140-145	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly fine sand, 10% gravel, moderately sorted, rounded to subrounded.
	Wedron Group	145-161	Sand and gravel, same as above, 50% gravel, with occasional very thin clay layers.
19-34	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), with very fine sand to fine gravel, calcareous.	161 -165	Sand, very fine to fine grained, well sorted.
34-38	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted.	165-167	Sandy clay, gray (10YR 5/1), leached.
38-52	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), "pinkish," with very fine sand to fine gravel, calcareous.	167-185	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine sand, moderately to well sorted, rounded to subrounded, more coarse sand below 178 feet.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member	185-201	Banner Formation—lacustrine
52-59	Clayey silt, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), common wood fragments, leached.		Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.
59-64	Slightly clayey silt, very dark gray (5Y 3/1), leached.	201-256	Sankoty-Mahomet Sand
	Glasford Formation—diamicton		Sand and gravel, fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
64-70	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, olive gray to olive (5Y 4/2 to 5Y 4/4), slightly calcareous.	256-258	Clayey sandy silt, brown (7.5YR 5/2) to gray (10YR 5/1), calcareous.
70-82	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, dark brown (10YR 4/3), with some thin very fine to coarse sand layers, slightly calcareous.	258-279	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular, more fine sand in 265 to 270, with abundant red and black grains.
82-84	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, rounded to subrounded, poorly sorted, oxidation cast?.		Pennsylvanian bedrock
84-86	Diamicton, same as above.	279-294	Shale and clay, gray and olive yellow (2.5Y N5/ and 2.5Y 6/6), noncalcareous.
86-102	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly coarse sand with 50% gravel, subrounded to subangular, poorly sorted, coarser below 95 feet.		

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-5

Depth (ft)	Description
0-8	yellow clay
8-16	yellow gravel
16-18	mixed yellow/gray clay, rocky
18-33	gray clay
33-35	hard gray clay
35-37	gray gravel (possible artesian gravel in sample)
37-50	hard pinkish gray clay
50-60	hard brown clay
60-65	dark green clay
65-81	sandy lighter green clay
81-83	yellow sand and gravel
83-86	clay
86-95	fine gravel
95-101	large gravel and rocks
101-110	bluish light gray clay
110-130	light gray clay to pinkish
130-131	gravel
131-140?	pink sandy clay with small gravel
140? -145	.006 sand
145-149	clay with sand streaks
149-167	fine gravel
167-185	sand and gravel
185-187	hard clay
187-210?	soft sandy clay with gravel
210? -240	gravel
240-256	#30-#40 sand
256-259	clay with rocks
259-270	gravel, 3/8" Muscatine
270-279	#18 sand with few 3/8" gravel
279-294	shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-5

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 240 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 199 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 101 feet, added bentonite chips to annulus, filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 59 feet, added bentonite chips, backfilled with pea gravel to depth of 17 feet, and added bentonite chips to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 242 feet below land surface.

MTH-6**Location:** Tazewell County, T23NR03W02.8g**Elevation:** 564 feet**Total Depth:** 197 feet**Date drilled:** 10/25/93-10/26/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 0.0 to 187.4 feet.

* Indicates intervals used for grain-size distribution analysis.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Cahokia Formation
0-5	Slightly sandy clayey silt, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached.
5-13	Sandy silty clay to clayey silt, yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/6 to 2.5Y 5/6), oxidized, slightly calcareous.
	Henry Formation
13-21 *	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, olive brown to light olive brown (2.5Y 4/4 to 2.5Y 5/4), with very fine to medium sand and fine gravel, calcareous.
21-26*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, moderately to poorly sorted, predominantly coarse sand, some shells and organic matter.
	Banner Formation
26-29	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), leached.
29-40*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to very coarse sand and fine gravel, calcareous.
40-43	Clayey silt, brown (10YR 4/3), organic fragments, moderately calcareous.
43-47*	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, yellowish brown to grayish brown (10YR 5/4 to 2.5Y 5/2), with very fine to medium grained sand and fine gravel, moderately calcareous.
47-51 *	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty, clayey, poorly sorted, oxidized?, olive (5Y 5/3) with lighter (5Y 5/6) cast.
51-61 *	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted, approximately 10% gravel, with thin silty clay layers, abundant organic matter fragments.
	Sankoty Sand
61-81 *	Sand, very fine to coarse sand, silty, poorly to moderately sorted, common organic fragments, rounded to subrounded with some angular rock flakes.
81-107*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly coarse to very coarse sand, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Banner Formation—lacustrine
107-110	Clayey silt, dark grayish brown to olive brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/4), slightly calcareous to rapidly reactive to HCl, abundant organic matter.
	Sub-Sankoty sand
110-150*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly coarse sand to fine gravel, with cobble layers, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
150-159*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly fine and medium grained sand, approximately 80% sand, moderately to poorly sorted.
159-177*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel, predominantly coarse sand, approximately 50% sand, poorly sorted, coarser fraction is subrounded to subangular.
	Pennsylvanian bedrock
177-197	Shale, gray to light greenish gray (10YR 6/1 to 5G 7/1), slowly reactive to HCl, with little organic matter.

SPLIT SPOON SAMPLES—MTH-6

Depth (ft)	Recovery (in.)
78	13¼
118	11
158	0

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-6

Depth (ft)	Description
0-4	black
4-21	yellow clay
21-27	gravel
27-32	rocky yellow clay
32-47	hard gray clay
47-49	gravel and yellow clay
49-65	gray clay
65-90	#10-#15sand
90-100	#15-#20 sand with gravel
100-111	3/8" gravel
111-113	light gray clay
113-150	gravel
150-160	#10 sand, reddish Sankoty
160-177	#30-#40 sand and gravel
177-197	light blue shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-6

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 135 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 130 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 20 feet with annular seals of 20 pounds of bentonite chips at depths of 114 feet and 46 feet. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from depth of 20 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 137 feet below land surface.

MTH-7**Location:** Tazewell County, T23NR03W18.3h**Elevation:** 623.5 feet **Total Depth:** 266 feet **Date drilled:** 9/8/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 2.0 to 259.4 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Peoria Silt		Banner Formation—alluvium
0-5	Clayey silt, yellowish brown to dark yellowish brown (10YR 5/4 to 10YR 4/4), with organic matter, oxidized, leached.	81-101	Sand, very fine to coarse grained, predominantly fine sand, well sorted, overall olive brown color, organic fragments throughout.
5-11	Clayey sandy silt, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4), oxidized, leached.	101 -135	Sand, very fine to coarse grained, predominantly medium sand, well to moderately sorted, dark yellowish brown color above 110 feet, light yellowish brown color to 135 feet.
	Wedron Group		Sankoty Sand
11-15	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), oxidized, with very fine to coarse grained sand and little fine gravel, some organic matter, calcareous.	135-150	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel, predominantly coarse sand, approximately 50% gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular, common organic matter in upper 10 feet.
15-22	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray to olive brown (10YR 5/1 to 2.5Y 4/4), calcareous.	150-193	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, primarily medium and coarse sand, moderately to poorly sorted.
22-26	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt with little fine gravel, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), some organic fragments, calcareous.	193-200	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel, primarily medium grained sand, roughly 50% sand, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member (or Berry Clay?)	200-232	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly fine to medium sand, moderately sorted.
26-29	Clayey silt to silt, olive gray to olive (5Y 4/2 to 5Y 5/3), leached.	232-251	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel, roughly 50% gravel, poorly sorted, cobbles and boulders at base.
	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member		Pennsylvanian bedrock
29-34	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, olive brown to light olive brown (2.5Y 4/4 to 2.5Y 5/4), oxidized, with organic matter and black mineral flakes, leached.	251-258	Shale, gray (10YR 6/1).
	Glasford Formation—Vandalia Member	258-263	Sandstone, gray (5Y 5/1), slightly friable, slightly calcareous.
34-52	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt to pebbly clayey sandy silt, yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/6 to 2.5Y 5/6), oxidized?, with very fine to coarse grained sand and fine to medium gravel, moderately calcareous.	263-266	Shale, gray (2.5Y N6/), with clay, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4).
52-81	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, approximately 25% to 30% gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to angular fragments.		

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-7

Depth (ft)	Description
0-16	soft yellow clay
16-23	dark gray clay
23-26	hard smooth gray clay
26-29	dark green clay
29-33	yellow clay
33-53	rocky yellow clay with small gravel streaks
53-79	rock and gravel
79-100	#10 sand with few rocks (yellow)
100-121	#10 sand lot of black (gray)
121-135	#12-#18 sand gray
135-150	1" gravel—lost circulation 150'
150-160	#30-#40 sand and 20% 1/8" gravel
160-170	up to 0.5" gravel
170-175	#10 sand
175-193	#15-#30sand
193-200	1" gravel
200-223	#10-#12 sand
223-232	#15-#20 sand with 10% #60 gravel
232-245	1/4" gravel and rocks
245-251	1 "-4" gravel and lost circulation
251-258	sky blue shale
258-266	siltstone

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-7

Set 30 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe below the screen, 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen, and 227.5 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe above the screen; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 45 feet and sealed annulus with bentonite chips. Filled annulus with cuttings to depth of 20 feet and with bentonite chips to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of the screen is 230 feet below land surface.

MTH-8**Location:** Tazewell County, T23NR03W30.3a**Elevation:** 637 feet**Total Depth:** 256 feet**Date drilled:** 9/15/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 0.0 to 240.8 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-2	Sandy silty clay, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), leached.		Banner Formation—Sankoty Sand Member
2-7	Clayey silt to silt, very dark grayish brown to dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/2 to 10YR 3/6), leached.	115-169	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, primarily fine sand with approximately 15% to 25% gravel, moderately to well sorted rounded to subrounded.
	Wedron Group		
7-15	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, dark grayish brown to yellowish brown (10YR 4/2 to 10YR 5/6), slightly to moderately calcareous.	169-172	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly to moderately sorted.
15-36	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, gray to very dark grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 2.5Y 3/2), calcareous.	172-183	Sand, very fine to medium grained sand with little coarse sand and fine gravel, primarily medium sand, moderately to well sorted.
36-37	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.	183-198	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, primarily medium sand with approximately 25% gravel, moderately to well sorted rounded to subrounded.
37-40	Diamicton, pebbly clayey silty sand, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2), slightly oxidized, leached.		Sub-Sankoty sand
40-63	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), calcareous.	198-204	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, reddish gray to dark grayish brown (5YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.
63-65	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.	204-214	Sand, very fine to fine grained, well sorted, possibly silty toward base of unit.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member	214-231	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly fine to medium sand, poorly to moderately sorted.
65-80	Clayey silt to silt, very dark brown to olive brown (10YR 2/2 to 2.5Y 4/4), highly organic with wood fibers present, leached to slightly calcareous.	231-239	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel with cobbles, approximately 50% sand, poorly sorted, thin clayey silt at 232 feet.
	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member		Pennsylvanian bedrock
80-95	Diamicton, gray to olive gray (5Y 5/1 to 5Y 4/2), with very fine to fine sand, leached to slightly calcareous, gravel layer at 90 feet.	239-245	Coal, black (10YR 2/1), hard, brittle.
95-97	Clayey silty sand, with very fine to coarse grained sand, poorly sorted, some organic fragments.	245-256	Shale, gray (7.5YR N6/), with dark organic fragments?
97-115	Sand, very fine to medium grained sand with little coarse sand and fine gravel, primarily medium sand, moderately to well sorted.		

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-8

Depth (ft)	Description
0-14	yellow clay
14-31	soft gray clay
31-40	hard gray clay
40-67	soft sandy clay
67-68	peat
68-75	light green clay
75-85	dark gray-greenish clay
85-98	tan-gray clay
98-117	fine sand
117-135	#8-#10 Sankoty
135-168	#12-#15 sand with few rocks
168-172	gravel
172-183	#12 sand
183-199	#15 sand with gravel
199-201	gray clay
201-203	hard sandy clay
203-214	very soft gray clay
214-230	#12-#15 sand with some fine gravel
230-241	gravel and boulders
241-245	coal
245-256	shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-8

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 215 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 197 feet and sealed annulus with 35 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel and several annular seals of bentonite chip to depth of 20 feet. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from depth of 20 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 217 feet below land surface.

MTH-9**Location:** Tazewell County, T24NR02W35.4a**Elevation:** 671 feet**Total Depth:** 296 feet**Date drilled:** 11/1/93-11/2/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 0.0 to 289.3 feet.

* Indicates intervals used for grain-size distribution analysis.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Peoria Silt		Banner Formation—Tilton Member?
0-5	Silty clay, dark brown (10YR 3/3 to 10YR 4/3), leached.	147-153*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark gray (5Y 4/1), calcareous.
5-9	Silty clay, yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), calcareous, oxidized.	153-161.5*	Sand and gravel, fine sand to medium gravel, 25% gravel, poorly sorted.
	Wedron Group		Banner Formation—Hillery Member
9-41 *	Diamicton, silty pebbly sandy clay, dark yellowish brown to grayish brown (10YR 4/4 to 10YR 5/2), calcareous.	161.5-183*	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) to brown (10YR 4/3) with a pinkish tinge, calcareous—rapidly reactive to HCl.
	Wedron Group—Formation 2(?)	183-187*	Diamicton (lacustrine?), clayey sandy gravelly silt, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.
41-46*	Silty clay, very dark grayish brown (1 OYR 3/2), leached, organic debris.	187-210*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, 25% to 50% gravel in layers, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular gravel.
46-49	Diamicton, silty pebbly sandy clay, gray (10YR 5/1), calcareous.		
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member	210-220*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, 25% gravel, poorly sorted, with thin clay layers, becoming more fine to coarse sand at 213 feet.
49-57*	Silt to clayey silt, dark gray to black (1 OYR 4/1 to 10YR 2/1) becoming olive (5Y 4/3), leached.	220-260*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, layered, well to moderately sorted, wood and organic fragments possibly from 253 to 256 feet and 258 to 260 feet.
	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member		
57-65.5	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, olive to dark olive gray (5Y 4/3 to 5Y 3/2), calcareous.		
65.5-73*	Diamicton, as above, sandier texture, olive (5Y 5/4).		
73-78	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) to olive (5Y 5/3), fine to medium gravel size pebbles, calcareous.	260-279*	Sub-Sankoty sand Sand and gravel, very fine grained sand to fine gravel, mostly fine to medium sand, moderate to well sorted, with thin gravel layers.
78-84*	Diamicton (Lacustrine?), sandy silt, light olive gray (5Y 6/2), calcareous.	279-280	Diamicton, sandy pebbly clay, numerous organic fragments, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) with black (10YR 2/1) organics, calcareous—rapidly reactive to HCl.
84-86	Sand and gravel, very silty fine sand to fine gravel.		
86-98*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, 20% gravel, poorly sorted.		
98-118*	Sand and gravel, same as above, with thin beds of silty clay, calcareous.		
	Glasford Formation—Vandalia Member	280-286	Pennsylvanian bedrock Sandy shale with clay, olive (5Y 5/3) to black (10YR 2/1), leached.
118-132*	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), pebbles up to medium gravel size, occasional gravelly layers, calcareous (reacts rapidly to HCl).	286-288	Coal, black (1 OYR 2/1).
132-147*	Sand and gravel, fine sand to medium gravel, 30% gravel, poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded, sedimentary and igneous rock grains.	288-296	Sandy shale with clay, as above.

SPLIT SPOON SAMPLES—MTH-9

Depth (ft)	Recovery (in.)
48	25.5
80	14
140	11.5
200	8
240	9
280	8

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-9

Depth (ft)	Description
0-3	black
3-14	yellow clay
14-49	sandy gray clay
49-53	peat or brown clay
53-87	shades of green clay
87-113	gravel seemed to have clay
113-117	streaks (sand and gravel) and clay
117-133	gray clay
133-147.5	sand and gravel
147.5-157	clay with rocks
157-162	gravel
162-184	hard pinkish tan clay
184-200	gravel
200-220	fine sand
220-260	sand and gravel with streaks of fine sand
260-270	#12 Sankoty sand
270-281	#12-#15 Sankoty sand
281-284	yellow to gray shale, some limestone
284-288	black coal and shale
288-296	hard gray shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-9

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 220 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 170 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 20 feet with annular seals of bentonite chips at depths of 120 feet, 80 feet, and 40 feet. Sealed annulus from 20 feet to land surface with bentonite chips; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 222 feet below land surface.

MTH-10**Location:** Tazewell County, T23NR03W12.1d**Elevation:** 583 feet**Total Depth:** 232 feet**Date drilled:** 8/30/93-8/31/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 4.5 to 211.6 feet.

* Indicates intervals used for grain-size distribution analysis.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Cahokia Formation	128-130	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty, predominantly coarse sand and fine gravel, few organic fragments, poorly sorted.
0-6	Sandy silty clay, very dark grayish brown to dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/2 to 10YR 4/4), with very fine to very coarse sand, highly organic, leached.		
6-9	Sandy silty clay, very dark grayish brown to very dark brown (10YR 3/2 to 10YR 2/2), very slightly calcareous.	130-157*	Sankoty-Mahomet Sand Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel, predominantly gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
	Henry Formation	157-163*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, moderately to poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
9-12	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty, poorly to moderately sorted, overall brownish yellow color (10YR 6/6), oxidized, little organic matter.	163-179*	Sand, very fine to coarse grained, moderately to well sorted, "salt and pepper" appearance, rounded to subrounded.
12-14*	Sandy clayey silt, reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6), slightly calcareous.	179-187*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
	Glasford Formation	187-206*	Sand and gravel, fine sand to coarse gravel, predominantly medium gravel with coarse sand, moderately to poorly sorted.
14-20*	Diamicton, clayey sandy silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), slightly calcareous.	206-217*	Sand and gravel, fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly coarse sand, moderately to poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded.
20-30*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, primarily fine sand, poorly to moderately sorted, subrounded to subangular.		
	Banner Formation—Lierle Clay	217-225	Pennsylvanian bedrock Limestone, light gray (1 OYR 7/2), calcareous.
30-45*	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, gray (10YR 5/1), few organic fragments, calcareous, lacustrine(?).	225-232	Shale, gray (1 OYR 6/1).
	Banner Formation—Hillery Member		
45-68*	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray (5YR 5/1), with very sandy layers at 45 and 49 feet, becoming sandier toward base, calcareous to strongly reactive to HCl.		
68-75*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine grained sand, poorly sorted, rounded to subangular.		
75-99*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, somewhat layered, poorly to moderately sorted, rounded to subrounded.		
99-128*	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray to very dark grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 2.5Y 3/2), with very fine to coarse sand and fine gravel becoming more pebbly toward the base, highly reactive to Hcl.		

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-10

Depth (ft)	Description
0-9	brown till
9-12	gravel (lots of water loss)
12-15	yellow day
15-21	dark gray day
21-32	sand and gravel
32-46	shaley light gray clay
46-65?	rocky pinkish gray day
65?-75	sand
75-100	sand and gravel
100-121	gray day
121 -128	soft gravelly day
128-130	day
130-150	gravel
150-155	fine gravel
155-156	boulder
156-217	sand and gravel < 3/8", very dean
217-222	limestone
222-224	shale
224-225	limestone
225-232	shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-10d (west)

Set 20 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe below screen, 10 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen, and 185 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe above screen. Backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 127 feet and sealed annulus with 40 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel and several annular seals of bentonite chips to depth of 20 feet; filled annulus with bentonite chips from 20 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 192 feet below land surface.

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-10S (east)

Drilled to depth of 99 feet; set 5 feet of #10 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 92.5 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 57 feet and sealed annulus with 40 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 23 feet and bentonite chips from 23 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 94.5 feet below land surface.

MTH-11**Location:** Tazewell County, T23NR02W19.2e**Elevation:** 640 feet**Total Depth:** 278 feet**Date drilled:** 9/21/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 1.5 to 274.3 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-4	Debris, cinders and ash.		
4-6	Sandy clayey silt, brownish yellow to light olive brown (10YR 6/6 to 2.5Y 5/4), leached.	79-81	Banner Formation—Hillery Member Sandy silty clay, brown (1 OYR 5/3) with reddish cast, calcareous.
6-12	Sandy silty clay, as above, calcareous.	81-87	Sand and gravel with silty clay layers, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded, with light olive gray (5Y 6/2) clay, leached to slightly calcareous.
	Wedron Group—Formation 1		
12-25	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, pale brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 6/3 to 10YR 4/2), with very fine to coarse sand, calcareous.	87-133	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly fine to medium grained sand, poorly to moderately sorted, subrounded to subangular.
25-34	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 4/2), with light gray (2.5Y N7) shale fragments, calcareous.	133-144	Diamicton?, clayey sandy silt to clayey silty sand, gray to grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 2.5Y 5/2), with very fine to fine sand, leached to slightly calcareous.
34-36	Clayey silt to silt, gray (2.5Y 5/1) with a slight pinkish tinge, calcareous.		
	Wedron Group—Formation 2		
36-40	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray to light brownish gray (2.5Y N5/ to 2.5Y 6/2), with gravel up to medium grained, calcareous.	144-156	Sankoty lacustrine Diamicton, as above, with little fine gravel and some organic fragments.
40-41	Sand, very fine to medium sand, poorly sorted.	156-161	Silt, pale brown (10YR 6/3), very calcareous.
41-51	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 4/2), with very fine sand to medium gravel, calcareous.	161 -170	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, grayish brown to olive brown (2.5Y 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/4), with very fine to fine sand, leached to slightly calcareous.
51-58	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, yellowish brown to olive brown (10YR 5/4 to 2.5Y 4/4), calcareous.	170-222	Sankoty-Mahomet Sand Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark reddish to gray dark brown (5YR 4/2 to 7.5YR 4/2), pinkish tinge, with fine sand to medium gravel, common wood fragments, calcareous, very reactive to HCl.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member		
58-62	Sandy silt, gray (10YR 6/1), many woody fragments, calcareous.	222-262	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly fine grained sand, moderately to poorly sorted, silty, approximately 50% gravel, fines are rounded, other subrounded to subangular, common red and black grains.
	Glasford Formation—diamicton		
62-67	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, gray to yellowish brown.(10YR 6/1 to 10YR 5/4), calcareous.		
67-79	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine to medium sand, silty, poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded.	262-266	Pennsylvanian bedrock Shale, gray (1 OYR 5/1), with thin limestone partings, calcareous.
		266-274.	Limestone, light gray (10YR 7/1), with shale partings, calcareous.
		274-278	Shale, gray (10YR 5/1), as above.

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-11

Depth (ft)	Description
0-6	black soil
6-14	soft yellow clay
14-40	gray clay
40-50	hard gray clay
50-67	soft sandy clay
67-75	gravel with boulders
75-100	gravel with possible clay seams
100-116	fine gravel (more gray)
116-134	fine sand or sandy clay
134-150	finer sand or sandy clay
150-161	light tan clay
161-170	streaks soft clay and sand
170-180	pinkish gray clay
180-185	harder pinkish gray clay
185-218	very hard, very pink (gray) clay
218-222	soft gray clay
222-234	#15-#20 sand 1/4" gray gravel
234-240	#15-#20 sand, mix Sankoty and ?
240-245	#12-#15 Sankoty sand
245-250	#15-#25 and 10% #40 sand
250-254	#10-#12 sand
254-258	#12-#15 sand
258-262	#20-#40 sand
262-264	boulders
264-277	hard gray shale
277-278	soft nearly white shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-11d (south)

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 235 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 200 feet and sealed annulus with bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 20 feet with annular seals bentonite chips at depths of 140 feet and 60 feet. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from depth of 20 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 237 feet below land surface.

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-11s (north)

Drilled to a depth of 115 feet; set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 110 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to above top of aquifer and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 20 feet with annular seal of bentonite chips at about 40 feet. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from a depth of 20 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 112 feet below land surface.

MTH-12**Location:** Tazewell County, T23NR02W27.2a**Elevation:** 630 feet**Total Depth:** 305 feet**Date drilled:** 8/25/93-8/26/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 1.75 to 305.80 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-4	Silty clay, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4), leached.		brown(10YR 5/2 to 10YR 4/2), with very fine sand to fine gravel, calcareous.
4-7	Clayey silt to silt, dark brown to strong brown (1 OYR 3/3 to 7.5YR 4/6), some organic matter, leached.	150-152	Sand, very fine to coarse sand, predominantly very fine to fine grained sand, silty and clayey, poorly sorted.
7-14	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded.		
14-30	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, gray to brown (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 5/3), with very fine sand and fine gravel and a gravelly between 22 and 24 feet, slightly calcareous.	152-202	Banner Formation—lacustrine Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, gray to dark gray (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 4/1), with very fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, calcareous, with coal? fragments below 190 feet.
30-31	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.	202-204	Sand, very fine to medium sand, well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
	Wedron Group	204-211	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, gray to dark gray (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 4/1), with very fine to medium sand and fine gravel, calcareous, with silty clay layers.
31 -46	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark brown (7.5YR 4/2 to 10YR 4/3) with pinkish cast, with very fine to very coarse sand and fine gravel, slightly calcareous.	211 -220	Sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (1 OYR 5/2), moderately to strongly calcareous, very silty from 217 to 220 feet.
	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member	220-235	Sandy silty clay, grayish brown (1 OYR 5/2), strongly calcareous, with silt layers.
46-72	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, dark gray to dark grayish brown (1 OYR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.	235-236	Sub-Sankofy-Mahomet sand Clayey silt, grayish brown (1 OYR 5/2), strongly calcareous, with organic fragments and coal? flakes.
72-79	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine and medium gravel, moderately to poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded.	236-241	Sandy clayey silt, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), slightly to moderately calcareous, with organic fragments and coal? flakes.
	Glasford Formation—Vandalia Member	241-245	Clayey silt, dark grayish brown to very dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 3/2), moderately to strongly calcareous, with organic fragments and coal? flakes.
79-92	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, gray (10YR 5/1), calcareous, with 6 inch sand and gravel layers below 87 feet.	245-268	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (1 OYR 5/2 to 10YR 4/2), with very fine sand to fine gravel, moderately to strongly calcareous.
92-96	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine and medium gravel, poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded.	268-280	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty and clayey-possibly in thin layers, approximately 50% gravel, poorly sorted.
	Banner Formation	280-288	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), strongly calcareous.
96-109	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 10YR 4/2), slightly to moderately calcareous.	288-289	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, moderately to poorly sorted.
109-110	Sand, very fine to coarse sand, predominantly fine grained, moderately to well sorted.		
	Banner Formation—Hillery Member		
110-150	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown to dark grayish		

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description (<i>continued</i>)
	Pennsylvanian bedrock
289-290	Shale, not described; sample return lost in coal return from below.
290-293	Coal, black (10YR 2/1), fissile.
293-296	Limestone, white (2.5Y 8/2), bedded, slightly calcareous.
295-305	Shale, gray (2.5Y N6/), very slightly calcareous, some organic fragments.

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-12

Depth (ft)	Description
0-3	topsoil
3-8	yellow clay
8-14	gravel
14-31	gray clay
31-32	gravel
32-59	sandy clay
59-73	soft gravelly clay
73-76	gravel
76-98	gravelly clay with possible gravel steaks
98-110	clay
110-111	sand
111-128	clay
128-150	soft clay
150-155	soft sandy clay
155-211	dark gray clay
211-212	possible sand
212-232	clay mixed hard and soft
232-235	sand?
235-236	hard clay
236-240	yellow to brown clay
240-268	gray clay
268-280	sand and gravel?
280-288	gray clay
288-289	gravel
289-290	shale
290-293	coal
293-296	limestone
296-305	shale

No observation well was constructed at this location. Test hole MTH-12 was backfilled with pea gravel and several seals of bentonite chips to a depth of 20 feet below land surface, and with bentonite chips alone from 20 feet to land surface.

MTH-13**Location:** Tazewell County, T23NR02W32.6a**Elevation:** 650 feet**Total Depth:** 318 feet**Date drilled:** 9/27/93-9/28/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 0.00 to 311.75 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-3	Silty clay, dark brown (10YR 4/3), leached.	119-125	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, brown to grayish brown (7.5YR 5/2 to 10YR 5/2), with very fine to coarse grained sand and fine to medium gravel, calcareous.
3-6	Clayey silt, yellowish brown to olive brown (10YR 5/6 to 2.5Y 4/4), oxidized, slightly calcareous.	125-132	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine sand, silty, poorly sorted, oxidized, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6), calcareous.
6-13	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine sand, silty, poorly sorted, oxidized, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6), calcareous.	132-136	Clayey silt to sandy silty clay, brown (7.5YR 5/2), strongly reactive to HCl.
	Wedron Group	136-148	Sand, very fine to coarse, primarily fine and medium grained sand, silty, moderately sorted, rounded to subrounded.
13-19	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/3 to 2.5Y 4/2), slowly calcareous.	148-166	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium sand, with silty and clayey layers between 147 and 156 feet, poorly sorted.
19-31	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, primarily fine and medium grained sand with 10% gravel, moderately sorted, rounded to subrounded, with thin clay layers at 23 and 26 feet.		
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member	166-175	Banner Formation—lacustrine Clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), pebbly from 169 to 172 feet, abundant organic fragments, strongly calcareous.
31-37	Clayey silt, very dark brown to black (10YR 2/2 to 10YR 2/1), highly organic with numerous wood fragments, leached.		
	Glasford Formation—diamicton	175-189	Mahomet Sand Sand, very fine to fine grained, silty, well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
37-69	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to coarse grained sand and fine to medium gravel, slowly calcareous.	189-194	Sand, very fine to coarse grained, predominantly fine grained, moderately sorted, rounded to subrounded.
69-71	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine(?) gravel, silty, clayey, poorly sorted, with organic fragments.	194-222	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, primarily fine to medium sand, approximately 20% gravel, moderately to well sorted.
71-93	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.	222-232	Sand, very fine to fine grained, well sorted, rounded.
93-101	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel with some medium gravel, approximately 30% gravel, primarily fine sand, poorly sorted.	232-244	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, primarily fine to medium sand, approximately 30% gravel, moderately to well sorted.
	Banner Formation	244-255	Sand, very fine to coarse grained, mostly fine grained, with a predominance of reddish grains, well sorted, round to subrounded.
101 -109	Sand and gravel, as above, with dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay interlayered, poorly sorted, leached.	255-270	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, with olive yellow to dark grayish brown (2.5Y 6/6 to 2.5Y 4/2) silty layers, primarily fine to coarse grained sand, about 30% to 40% gravel, poorly to moderately sorted, subrounded to subangular.
109-114	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted.		
114-119	Clayey silt, very dark grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), abundant organic fragments, leached.		

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>
70-285	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine sand, moderately to poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded grains.
285-289	Silty sand, very fine to fine grained sand, poorly sorted.
289-291	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine sand, moderately to poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded grains.
291 -293	Silty sand, as above.
293-296	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine sand, moderately to poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded grains.
296-301	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel and cobbles, silty, primarily gravel, poorly sorted.
	Pennsylvanian bedrock
301-308	Shale, very dark gray (10YR 3/1), with dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) clay and organic fragments, clay is strongly calcareous.
308-310	Coal, black (2.5Y N2/), brittle and fissile.
310-318	Shale, gray (10YR 5/1), with dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) clay, appears oxidized.

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-13

Depth (ft)	Description
0-6	yellow clay
6-12	sand and gravel
12-20	clay
20-23	sand
23-27	streaks of sand and clay
27-37	gray clay—brown streak
37-93	gray clay
93-101	gravel
101-117	hard gray clay
117-122	brown clay
122-129	gray clay
129-140	sand and gravel
140-142	gray clay
142-168	sand and gravel with streaks of clay
168-175?	very hard gray clay
1757-190	.006 sand
190-210	#10-#12 sand
210-225	#15-#20 sand with 20% #40-#60 sand
225-232	fine sand
232-240	#15-#60 Sankoty
240-252	#10 sand
252-252	boulders
252-260	#12-#15 sand
260-268	gravel with boulders
268-272	#20-#40 sand with boulders
272-280	#10-#12 sand
280-285	#12-#15 sand
285-288	#12 sand
288-296	gravel
296-301	boulders
301-302	clay?
302-303	rocks
303-306	shale
306-311	coal
311-318	shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-13

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 270 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with gravel to depth of about 170 feet and sealed annulus with bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel and several annular seals of bentonite chips to a depth of 20 feet. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from 20 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 272 feet below land surface.

MTH-14**Location:** McLean County, T23NR01W15.1a**Elevation:** 684 feet**Total Depth:** 334 feet**Date drilled:** 10/13/93-10/14/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 0.0 to 321.4 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-7	Clayey silt, very dark brown to dark brown (10YR 2/2 to 10YR 3/3), leached, becomes siltier and light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6) below 5 feet.	136-142	Banner Formation—Hillery Member Sandy clayey silt, grayish brown to olive gray (10YR 5/2 to 5Y 4/2), becoming olive (5Y 5/3), calcareous, extremely reactive to HCl.
7-9	Silty sand and gravel, calcareous.	142-143	Sandy silt to silty sand, well sorted.
9-16	Wedron Group Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, coarse fraction is predominantly coarse sand to fine gravel, yellowish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/6 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.	143-169	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), coarse fraction is fine sand and fine gravel, calcareous, strongly reactive to HCl.
16-21	Diamicton, same as above, slightly more pebbles, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), more medium gravel in matrix.	169-179	Banner Formation—lacustrine Sandy clayey silt, very dark brown to yellowish brown (10YR 2/2 to 10YR 5/4), leached to slightly calcareous, some organic fragments.
21-23	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.	179-184	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.
23-42	Diamicton, same as above.	184-186	Sand, silty very fine to fine sand.
42-43	Silty diamicton (inferred from gamma ray-neutron log).	186-190	Clayey sandy silt.
43-65	Diamicton, same as above, gravelly at 58 to 60 feet, and at 61 and 65 feet.	190-193	Sand and gravel, fine sand to medium gravel, moderately to poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded, overall light gray color.
65-66.5	Roxana Silt—Robein Member (or Berry Clay?) Silt, slightly clayey, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached.	193-199	Sandy silty clay, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), leached.
66.5-68	Clayey silt, olive gray (5Y 4/2), leached.	199-200	Sand, clayey silty fine sand.
68-70.5	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, very dark gray (10YR 3/1), leached.	200-206	Clayey silt, dark brown (10YR 3/3), leached.
70.5-72.5	Sand and gravel, clayey silty very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.	206-208	Clayey silt, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), common wood fragments, leached.
72.5-96	Glasford Formation—diamicton Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown, (10YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), pebbles are fine to medium gravel, calcareous.	208-209	Silty clay, black (5Y 2.5/2), leached.
96-97.5	Sand and gravel, silty very fine sand with little fine gravel, poorly sorted.	209-214	Clay to silty clay, very dark gray (5Y 3/1), leached.
		214-221	Sand, very silty very fine to fine sand, rounded, calcareous.
		221 -227	Wood and clay, very dark gray (5Y 3/1), leached.
		227-235	Sankoty-Mahomet Sand Sand, very fine to coarse sand, predominantly fine grained, moderately to well sorted.
97.5-136	Glasford Formation—Vandalia Member Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), with fine to coarse sand and fine gravel in coarse fraction, calcareous, very reactive to HCl.	235-260	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, well sorted, 10% gravel, with some thin silt layers below 250 feet.

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>	DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-14	
	Sub-Sankoty-Mahomet sand	Depth (ft)	Description
260-263	Silt, dark brown (10YR 3/3), wood fragments, calcareous, highly reactive to HCl.	0-5	black
263-269	Sand, very fine to coarse sand, poorly sorted.	5-10	yellow clay
269-275	Clayey sandy silt, light gray (10YR 6/1), calcareous, strongly reactive to HCl.	10-11	gravel
275-278	Sandy silty clay, same as above.	11-16	yellow clay
278-315	Sand, very fine to very coarse sand, predominantly, fine grained.	16-23	gray clay
315-318	Sand and gravel, fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted.	23-24.5	gravel
		24.5-65	gray hard rocky clay
		65-67	peat
		67-69	hard greenish gray clay
		69-150	soft sandy light gray clay
		150-167	hard sandy gray clay
		167-170	peat
		170-185	hard smooth greenish gray clay
		185-195	gravel with streaks of clay
		195-198	brown clay
		198-200	gravel
		200-204	gray clay
		204-211	hard peat
		211-215	brownish gray clay
		215-223	#8-#10 sand
		223-225	wood
		225-229	tan-gray clay
		229-236	#8-#10 sand
		236-245	#15-#20 sand and 1/4" gravel
		245-250	#15-#20 sand and 10% #30 sand
		250-261	#10 sand, possible clay streaks
		261-265	sandy light gray clay
		265-273	streaks of sand and clay
		273-276	light blue-gray clay
		276-278	sand?
		278-279	rocky clay
		279-285	#10-#12 sand
		285-308	#12-#15 sand
		308-315	#12-#20 sand
		315-318.5	#20-#30 sand plus gravel
		318.5-334	shale, plus siltstone
318-334	Pennsylvanian bedrock Shale, gray (5Y 6/1), with brown silty organic material (10YR 5/3), becoming olive gray (5Y 5/2), limestone at base.		

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-14

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 305 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 270 feet, sealed annulus with 30 pounds of bentonite chips; continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 127 feet, sealed annulus with 30 pounds of bentonite chips; continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 20 feet with bentonite chip seals every 60 to 80 feet. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from 20 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 307 feet below land surface.

MTH-15**Location:** McLean County, T23NR01W29.4h**Elevation:** 662 feet **Total Depth:** 315 feet **Date drilled:** 10/27/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 1.0 to 305.3 feet.

* Indicates intervals used for grain-size distribution analysis.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-3	Silty clay, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached.	110-113	Diamicton, clayey silt, dark grayish brown to olive gray (2.5Y 4/2 to 5Y 4/2), slightly calcareous.
3-8	Clayey silt, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4 to 10YR 5/8), oxidized, leached.	113-114	Sand and gravel, very fine grained sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.
	Wedron Group	114-118	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, very silty towards base, grayish brown to brown (10YR 5/2 to 10YR 5/3), pebbles are predominantly fine gravel, slightly calcareous.
8-12	Diamicton, clayey silty sand, few pebbles, yellowish brown (10YR 5/8), calcareous.		
12-19*	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, brown to gray (10YR 5/3 to 10YR), calcareous.		
19-37*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown to gray (10YR 4/2 to 10YR 5/1), calcareous.		
	Henry Formation—Ashmore tongue		Banner Formation
37-40	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine and medium sand, about 15% gravel, moderately sorted.	118-127*	Diamicton, silty clay, very silty at base, olive gray (5Y 4/2), calcareous.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member (or Berry Clay?)	127-141 *	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown to brown (1 OYR 5/2 to 10YR 5/3), pebbles are fine to medium gravel, calcareous, thin layers of sand at 132, 134, and 138 feet.
40-42	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown to gray (10YR 4/2 to 10YR 5/1), calcareous.	141-174*	Banner Formation—lacustrine
42-45*	Sand and gravel, silty very fine to medium sand, poorly sorted.	174-197*	Diamicton (lacustrine?), sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), highly reactive to HCl.
	Glasford Formation—diamicton		Mahomet Sand
45-48*	Diamicton (lacustrine), slightly pebbly silty sandy clay, brown (10YR 5/3), calcareous.	197-244*	Sand and gravel, Very fine sand to medium gravel, in layers, moderately to well sorted, subrounded to subangular, predominantly fine sand below 215 feet, becoming about 50% gravel below 230 feet.
48-52	Sand and gravel, fine to medium sand with some fine gravel, poorly sorted.		
52-66*	Diamicton (lacustrine), same as above, siltier, olive gray (5Y 4/2) with grayish brown (10YR 5/2) varves.		Sub-Mahomet sand
66-68*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted.	244-280*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown to olive gray (10YR 5/2 to 5Y 4/2), calcareous to highly reactive to HCl, with thin pebbly sand layers at 262 and 275 feet.
68-75*	Diamicton, same as above.		
75-78	Sand and gravel, same as above, silty.		
78-82	Diamicton, gray (10YR 5/1), same as above, probably lacustrine.	280-298*	Sand and gravel, very fine to medium gravel, poorly sorted, with thin clay or silt layers, cobbles at 287 feet.
82-88	Sand and gravel, as above.		
88-97*	Diamicton, sandy silty clay to sandy clayey silt, gray to dark brown (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 3/3), faint pink tinge, calcareous.		Pennsylvanian bedrock
97-100	Sand and gravel, clayey silty fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.	298-315	Shale, gray (5Y 6/1), slightly calcareous, becoming darker (5Y 5/1) and having more clay below 310 feet.
100-110*	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, dark brown (10YR 3/3), calcareous.		

SPLIT SPOON SAMPLES—MTH-15

Depth (ft)	Recovery (in.)
54	19.5
100	0
120	11
210*	12
260*	9.5

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-15

Depth (ft)	Description
0-4	black
4-15	yellow clay, sandy at 9 feet
15-37	sandy gray clay
37-50.5	.50% sand and clay, streaks
50.5-53	gray clay
53-53.5	brown clay or peat
53.5-64	brownish gray clay
64-66	gravel
66-86	gray clay with streaks of sand
86-115	light gray clay
115-122	very light greenish gray clay
122-133	hard sandy tan clay
133-134	gravel
134-197	hard gray clay
197-230	fine sand
230-244	up to 1/4" Mahomet gravel
244-280	clay with streaks of sand
280-299	lot of streaks, some #40 Sankoty
299-315	light gray shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-15

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 235 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 230 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 23 feet and with annular seals of bentonite chip at depths of 195, 140, 90, and 35 feet. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from 23 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 237 feet below land surface.

MTH-16**Location:** Tazewell County, T22NR03W22.4d**Elevation:** 727 feet**Total Depth:** 391 feet**Date drilled:** 10/18/93-10/20/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 0.0 to 383.5 feet.

* Indicates intervals used for grain-size distribution analysis.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Peoria Silt/colluvium		Roxana Silt—Robein Member
0-3	Clayey silt, brown to dark brown (10YR 5/3 to 10YR 3/3), leached.	133-139	Clayey silt, dark grayish brown to very dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 10YR 3/2), with organic fragments, leached.
3-5	Gravelly sandy silty clay, yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), with very fine to coarse sand and fine to medium gravel, leached.	139-144*	Silt, dark gray to olive (5Y 4/1 to 5Y 4/4), abundant organic fragments, leached.
5-12	Sandy clayey silt, yellowish brown to dark yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 to 10YR 4/4), oxidized, leached to slightly calcareous.	144-148*	Clayey silt, olive (5Y 5/3), leached.
12-17*	Clayey silt, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), slightly calcareous.	148-165	Glasford Formation—diamicton Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray to olive (5Y 5/1 to 5Y 5/3), with very fine to very coarse sand and little fine gravel, calcareous.
17-21	Wedron Group Sandy silty clay, gray (10YR 6/1 to 5Y 5/1), slightly calcareous.	165-173*	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt to sandy silt, gray to olive (5Y 5/1 to 5Y 5/3), minor organic fragments, slightly calcareous.
21-57*	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to fine sand and little fine to medium gravel, calcareous.	173-177	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty, primarily medium sand, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
57-63	Sandy silty clay, very dark gray (5Y 3/1), with very fine to fine grained sand, leached.	177-189*	Clayey sandy silt, dark gray to dark grayish brown (2.5Y N4/ to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to coarse grained sand, calcareous.
63-85*	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to fine grained sand and little fine gravel, calcareous.	189-192	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty, primarily medium sand, moderately to poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
85-87	Clayey silty sand, very fine to fine sand, poorly to moderately sorted.	192-203*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), with very fine to coarse sand and fine to medium gravel, calcareous.
87-91	Diamicton, lightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), moderately calcareous.		
91-93	Clayey silty sand, very fine to fine sand, poorly sorted.	203-211	Banner Formation—Lierle Clay Clayey sandy silt, dark brown to very dark brown (10YR 3/3 to 10YR 2/2), with very fine and fine sand, highly organic, poorly sorted.
93-99*	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to coarse grained sand, some organic fragments present, slightly calcareous.		
99-104	Sandy clayey silt, dark gray (5Y 4/1), with organic fragments, slightly calcareous.	211-217*	Banner Formation—diamicton Diamicton, clayey sandy silt, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to coarse sand, moderately calcareous.
104-105	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.		
105-133*	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, calcareous, organics noted in upper portion of unit.	217-223	Diamicton, clayey sandy silt, reddish gray (5YR 5/2), with very fine to fine sand, common organic fragments, calcareous to highly reactive to HCl.

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>
	Banner Formation—diamicton <i>(continued)</i>
223-231 *	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, gray to olive brown (5Y 5/1 to 2.5Y 4/4), with very fine grained sand, common organic fragments, calcareous.
231 -238*	Sandy clayey silt, dark gray to olive (5Y 4/1 to 5Y 5/4), with very fine sand, common to abundant organic fragments, leached.
238-243	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, dark gray to olive (5Y 4/1 to 5Y 5/4) grading to gray (5Y 5/1), with very fine sand, leached.
243-250*	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), leached.
250-261 *	Silty clay, light brownish gray to light olive brown (10YR 6/2 to 2.5Y 5/4), moderately calcareous.
	Sankoty Sand
261 -269*	Sand, very fine to fine sand, with pinkish tinge, few organic fragments, silty, moderately to poorly sorted, rounded grains.
269-279*	Sand, very fine to medium grained, with pinkish tinge, predominantly fine sand, well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
279-358*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, primarily fine to medium sand, pinkish "Sankoty"-like sands, moderately to well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
358-371 *	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted with some moderately sorted layers, oxidized appearance.
371-377*	Sand and gravel, fine sand to coarse gravel and boulders, numerous chert fragments, subangular to angular, appears oxidized, poorly sorted.
	Pennsylvanian bedrock
377-391	Shale, gray to pale green (5G N6/ to 5G 6/2), very slightly calcareous.

SPLIT SPOON SAMPLES—MTH-16

Depth (ft)	Recovery (in.)
42	15
130*	17
206*	8
234*	18
274	6
284	8
296	6
305	4
315	8
325	8
335	9
347	8.5

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-16

Depth (ft)	Description
0-8	soft yellow clay
8-14	rocky yellow clay
14-21	very dark gray clay
21-86	light gray clay
86-95	very soft gray clay—sandy
95-105	hard dark gray clay
105-106.5	gravel
106.5-130	sandy gray clay
130-139	trace of brown/green clay
139-147	very green hard clay
147-163	light green hard clay
163-174	soft gray clay
174-182	gravel
182-187	hard dark gray clay
187-201	gravel
201-209	peat
209-211	silty gray clay
211 -216	gravelly light gray clay
216-218	gray clay
218-230	soft gray clay
230-240	greenish gray clay
240-244	pinkish gray clay
244-250	very soft dark gray clay
250-260.5	very pink clay
260.5-275	#8-#10 sand very pink
275-280	#12-#15 sand very pink
280-295	#10-#12 sand very pink
295-310	#15-#25 sand
310-325	#20-#40 sand with rocks
325-335	#20-#40 sand and 20% 1/4" sand (gravel)
335-370	gray sand and gravel
370-377	gray sand and gravel and boulders
377-391	light blue shale

No observation well was constructed at this location. Test hole MTH-16 was backfilled with pea gravel and several seals of bentonite chips to a depth of 20 feet below land surface, and with bentonite chips alone from 20 feet to land surface.

MTH-17**Location:** Tazewell County, T22NR03W29.8a**Elevation:** 586 feet**Total Depth:** 239 feet**Date drilled:** 8/19/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 2.2 to 232.5 feet.

* Indicates intervals used for grain-size distribution analysis.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-5	Sandy clayey silt, dark yellowish brown to dark brown (10YR 4/4 to 10YR 3/3), leached.	82-85*	Banner Formation—lacustrine Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.
5-8	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, primarily very fine and fine grained sand, moderately sorted.	85-97	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 10YR 4/2), with very fine to medium grained sand, strongly calcareous.
	Wedron Group		
8-14*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine to medium sand, silty and clayey, poorly to moderately sorted, few shell fragments.	97-125*	Sankoty Sand Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty and clayey, primarily very fine to medium sand, poorly sorted.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member		
14-25*	Sandy clayey silt, brown to dark brown (10YR 5/3 to 10YR 3/3), leached.	125-169*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, with silty and clayey layers, primarily coarse sand and fine gravel, poorly sorted.
	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member		
25-31 *	Clayey sandy silt, yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/4 to 2.5Y 5/6), oxidized, with yellow (10YR 7/8) mottles, with very fine to medium sand, leached.	169-176	Sub-Sankoty sand Diamicton, clayey pebbly silty sand, pinkish gray (5YR 6/2).
31 -50*	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, light yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 6/4 to 2.5Y 5/6), oxidized?, calcareous (limestone? boulder at 48 feet).	176-198*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, primarily fine to coarse sand, with thin silt and clay layers, poorly sorted.
50-54*	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2), with very fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, abundant wood fragments, calcareous.	198-201	Clayey silt, dark gray (10YR 4/1), calcareous.
54-61 *	Sand, very fine to very coarse grained, primarily fine and medium sand, moderately to well sorted.	201 -222*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, primarily medium sand, silty and clayey, poorly sorted.
61-65*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly sand, moderately sorted.	222-224	Pennsylvanian bedrock Limestone, gray to white (2.5Y N7/ to 2.5Y 8/2), with shale partings, calcareous.
	Banner Formation	224-239	Shale, gray to light gray (5Y 6/1), noncalcareous.
65-67*	Sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (1 OYR 5/2) with a reddish cast, vigorously calcareous.		
67-82*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty, poorly sorted, subrounded.		

DRILLERS LOG—MTH-17

Depth (ft)	Description
0-5	clay yellow
5-12	yellow sand
12-42	yellow clay
42-48	gray clay
48-48.5	rock limestone
48.5-55	gray clay
55-65.5	sand gravel to 1/8"
65.5-68	pinkish clay
68-80	gravel
80-104	rocky clay
104-155	gravel and clay mix
155-175	cleaner gravel
175-203	pink gravelly clay
203-205	dark gray clay
205-222	gravel some clay
222-224	limestone boulder
224-225	gravel
225-239	light gray shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-17d (north)

Set 5 feet of #10 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 150 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, gravel packed screen but gravel bridged at 96 feet; filled annulus with gravel and two annular seals of bentonite chips to depth of 23. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from 23 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 152 feet below land surface.

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-17S (south)

Drilled to depth of 79 feet; set 5 feet of #10 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 70 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared. Gravel packed screen with pea gravel, but gravel bridged at a depth of 3 feet. Partially opened annulus to a depth of 10 to 15 feet and filled with bentonite chips to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 72 feet below land surface.

MTH-18**Location:** Tazewell County, T22NR02W18.4d**Elevation:** 647 feet**Total Depth:** 317 feet**Date drilled:** 8/20/93-8/23/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 1.85 to 314.50 feet.

* Indicates intervals used for grain-size distribution analysis.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-3	Slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, very dark brown to very dark grayish brown (10YR 2/2 to 10YR 3/2), leached.	83-85	very fine to medium sand and fine gravel, calcareous.
3-7	Sandy clayey silt, dark brown to dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/3 to 10YR 4/4), leached.	85-94*	Sandy clayey silt, brown to yellowish brown (10YR 5/3 to 10YR 5/4), abundant organic fragments, calcareous.
7-14*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine to medium sand, moderately sorted, oxidized yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/6 to 2.5Y 5/6), with few thin silty layers.	94-95	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, light gray to gray (10YR 6/1), with very fine to medium sand and fine gravel, calcareous.
14-19	Sandy clayey silt, yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/6 to 2.5Y 5/6), leached.	95-106*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.
19-22	Sandy clayey silt, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6), some organic fragments, leached.	106-107	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2), with very fine to coarse sand and fine to medium gravel, calcareous.
	Wedron Group	107-116*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty, poorly sorted.
22-42*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray to grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 5/2), with very fine to fine sand and fine to medium gravel, calcareous.	107-116*	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), with sandy and gravelly layers at 108 and 112 feet, calcareous.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member	116-125*	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt to silty sand, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), calcareous.
42-55*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, olive brown (2.5Y 4/4), oxidized, with very fine to fine sand and fine to medium gravel, calcareous.	125-127	Banner Formation—Lierlie Clay
55-59*	Silt and clayey silt, dark brown (1 OYR 3/3), with wood fragments and organic material, leached?.	127-131	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty, poorly sorted.
	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member	131-132	Diamicton, as above.
59-65*	Diamicton, silty sandy clay, dark grayish brown to olive brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/4), with very fine sand, slightly calcareous.	132-141*	Sand and gravel, as above.
65-70*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine to medium sand, moderately to well sorted.		Banner Formation—Hillery Member
70-77*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, primarily fine to coarse sand, moderately to poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.		Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 10YR 4/2), with very fine to medium sand and fine gravel, abundant organics, very calcareous.
	Glasford Formation—Vandalia Member	141-161*	Mahomet Sand
77-83	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, light gray to gray (10YR 6/1), with	161-168*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine to coarse sand, well sorted.
		168-173	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, silty and clayey, approximately 25% gravel, poorly sorted.
			Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty, primarily fine to medium sand, moderately sorted.

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>
	Banner Formation—lacustrine
173-184*	Sandy silty clay, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), moderately to strongly calcareous.
	Mahomet Sand
184-198*	Sand, very fine to fine, silty with thin light gray (10YR 7/2) silty clay layers at 189 and 193 feet, well sorted.
198-232*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, approximately 25% gravel, silty and clayey, poorly sorted; 210 to 230 foot interval is less silty and clayey, rocks at 230 feet.
232-246*	Sand, very fine to coarse grained, predominantly very fine and fine sand, little fine gravel, moderately to well sorted, noticeable reddish grains.
246-258*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, primarily fine to medium sand with 10% gravel, rounded to subrounded.
258-271 *	Sand, very fine to coarse grained, predominantly very fine sand, well sorted.
271 -293*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, primarily very fine to medium sand with 20% gravel, moderately sorted.
293-301 *	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly medium to coarse sand with 50% gravel, with silty and clayey layers at 293 and 295 feet, noticeable chert, poorly sorted.

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Pennsylvanian bedrock
301-304	Shale, black (7.5YR N2/) to dark brownish gray (10YR 4/2), slightly silty.
304-308	Coal, black (2.5YR N2.5/0), friable, highly organic zone, oily.
308-312	Shale, very dark gray (7.5YR N3/), noncalcareous.
312-317	Shale, gray (1 OYR 5/1) to light gray (10YR 6/1), noncalcareous.

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-18

Depth (ft)	Description
0-7	yellow clay
7-12	dirty yellow sand
12-31	gray clay
31-54	hard gray clay
54-60	soft green clay
60-65	hard green clay
65-70	Sankoty type fine sand
70-77	sand with yellow gravel
77-95	gray clay—sand
95-143	mixed clay—sand
143-155	fine sand
155-185	hard shaley clay
185-205	clay sand streaks
205-302	#30+ sand
302-307	coal—shale black
307-317	gray shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-18d (north)

Set 5 feet of #10 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 220 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 163 feet and set annular seal of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 23 feet with several annular seals of bentonite chips. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from 23 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 222 feet below land surface.

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-18s (south)

Drilled to depth of 159 feet; set 5 feet of #10 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 155 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. No other details on well construction and completion are noted on the test hole log. Depth to bottom of screen is 157 feet below land surface.

MTH-19**Location:** McLean County, T22NR01W08.8e**Elevation:** 651 feet**Total Depth:** 313 feet**Date drilled:** 9/30/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 1.6 to 306.7 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-5	Clayey silt, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached.		10YR 5/1), calcareous, sandy layer at 98 feet.
5-9	Clayey silt, yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), slightly calcareous.	115-118	Sand, very fine to fine sand, with abundant black shale or coal grains, well sorted.
	Wedron Group	118-120	Silty sand, same as above, poorly to moderately sorted.
9-17	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), pebbly with fine gravel, slightly calcareous.	120-124	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted, with numerous black grains.
17-23	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, brown to olive brown (10YR 5/3 to 2.5Y 4/4), calcareous.		Banner Formation
23-25	Silt, dark brown (10YR 3/3) to very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached, organic fragments.	124-162	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, gray to dark gray (10YR 5/1 to 10YR 4/1), with thin silty layers at 141, 150, and 156 feet, calcareous
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member		Banner Formation—lacustrine
25-28	Clayey silt, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), leached,	162-189	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, dark gray to dark grayish brown (5Y 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.
28-31	Silt, same as above, with peat.		Sankoty-Mahomet Sand
31-42	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, dark grayish brown to gray (2.5Y 4/2 to 10YR 6/1), sandy with very fine to very coarse grained sand, pebbly with occasional fine gravel, calcareous.	189-204	Sand, very fine to coarse sand, predominantly fine grained, moderately to well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
42-48	Silty clay, olive to light olive brown (5Y 5/3 to 2.5Y 5/4), slightly calcareous.	204-236	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, with about 10% gravel, predominately fine to medium sand, moderately to well sorted.
	Glasford Formation—Vandalla Member	236-240	Sand, very fine to coarse sand, predominantly fine grained, moderately to well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
48-51	Diamicton, same as above. dark yellowish brown (1 OYR 4/4) to yellowish brown (10YR 5/4).	240-253	Sand and gravel, with about 10% gravel, predominately fine to medium sand, moderately to well sorted, becoming silty and clayey below 248 feet.
51-54	Clayey silt.		Sub-Sankoty-Mahomet sand
54-57	Diamicton, slightly pebbly silty sandy clay, dark gray (10YR 4/1), calcareous.	253-258	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2), calcareous, highly reactive to HCl.
57-62	Silty clay, olive gray (5Y 4/2), calcareous.	258-262	Sand (lacustrine?), very fine sand, with silt and clay, well sorted.
62-67	Diamicton, same as above, gray (10YR 5/1), sandy with very fine to very coarse grained sand (mostly very fine to fine sand), pebbly with fine gravel, calcareous.	262-270	Diamicton, same as above, not as calcareous.
67-71	Sand and gravel, fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium sand, poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded.	270-277	Clayey silty sand, very fine to fine sand, well sorted, some organics, calcareous.
71-79	Diamicton, same as above, grayish brown to olive gray (10YR 5/2 to 5Y 5/2).		
79-81	Sand and gravel, same as above.		
81-115	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, grayish brown to gray (10YR 5/2 to		

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>	DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-19
	Sub-Sankoty-Mahomet sand	Depth (ft) Description
	<i>(continued)</i>	0-3 black
277-285	Diamicton?, sandy clayey silt, light brownish gray to dark grayish brown (2.5Y 6/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), possibly layered, calcareous, highly reactive to HCl.	3-11 yellow clay
		11-18 yellow rocky clay
		18-22 gray sand clay
		22-23 some peat
285-298	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty and clayey, possibly diamicton as above below 293 feet, leached, few organic fragments.	23-38 hard gray clay
		38-42 greenish clay
		42-50 yellow clay
		50-68 mostly gray clay
		68-73 yellow gravel
		73-78 gray clay
		78-82 gravel
		82-112 gray clay pinkish
		112-115 dirty black sand
		115-120 #15-#20 sand 20% black
		120-124 gravel lot of black
		124-160 hard pinkish gray clay
		160-165 very hard shale clay
		165-189 very soft shaley clay
		189-195 #12 Sankoty sand
		195-205 #12 sand
		205-210 #20 sand and 15% 1/8" gravel
		210-224 #12-#15 sand with 5% 1/8" gravel
		224-235 gravel
		235-240 #10-#12 sand
		240-243 #8-#10 sand
		243-252 #40-#60 sand and gravel
		252-258 nearly white clay
		258-262 .008 sand
		262-271 very soft clay
		271-298 soft clay?
		298-299 black shale
		299-302 dark gray shale
		302-305 coal
		305-313 shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-19

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 230 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 170 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 23 feet with two seals of bentonite chips in this interval. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from depth of 23 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 232 feet below land surface.

MTH-20**Location:** McLean County, T22NR01W29.1h**Elevation:** 646 feet**Total Depth:** 311 feet**Date drilled:** 9/29/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 0.5 to 289.7 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-7	Clayey silt, black (10YR 2/1), leached.		
7-10	Silt, brown (7.5YR 5/4), leached.	107-113	Banner Formation—Lierle Clay Clayey silt, very dark brown to very dark grayish brown (10YR 2/2 to 2.5Y 3/2), leached, peaty organics.
10-23	Wedron Group Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, brown to gray (7.5YR 5/4 to 10YR 5/1), calcareous.	113-120	Banner Formation—Hillery Member Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, about 40% gravel, poorly sorted, clayey layer at 115 feet.
23-28	Henry Formation—Ashmore tongue Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.	120-140	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, gray (10YR 5/1), pebbly with fine to medium gravel, calcareous, very reactive to HCl.
28-33	Diamicton, same as above, gray (10YR 5/1).	140-155	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, light brownish gray (1 OYR 6/2), calcareous as above, some organic fragments.
33-41	Roxana Silt—Robein Member Silt, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached, common wood fragments.	155-161	Banner Formation—Iacustrine Sandy clayey silt, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2), calcareous, very reactive to HCl.
41-52	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, gray to grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 2.5Y 5/2), sandy with very fine to very coarse grained sand, pebbly with fine to medium gravel, calcareous.	161-163	Silty clay, dark gray (10YR 4/1), calcareous.
52-56	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly coarse sand, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular grains.	163-167	Sandy clayey silt, same as above.
56-59	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, gray (10YR 5/1), with fine to coarse sand and fine to medium gravel, calcareous, highly reactive to HCl.	167-181	Silty clay, same as above, with thin pebbly layers.
59-61	Silt, gray (10YR 5/1).	181-191	Mahomet Sand Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly coarse sand with approximately 40% gravel, poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded, with thin clayey silt layers.
61-66	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly coarse sand, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular grains.	191-194	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine sand, well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
66-80	Glasford Formation—Vandalia Member Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, gray to grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 2.5Y 5/2), calcareous, very reactive to HCl.	194-198	Silty sandy clay, same as above?
80-90	Diamicton, pebbly silty sand, gray to olive (10YR 5/1 to 5Y 5/3), calcareous, very reactive to HCl.	198-228	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, about 40% gravel, poorly sorted; layer of pebbles to cobbles at 228 feet.
90-101	Sandy silt (Iacustrine), dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.	228-242	Sub-Mahomet sand Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, gray (10YR 5/1), with fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, calcareous.
101-107	Silty sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, moderately to well sorted, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.	242-253	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, with about 40% gravel, poorly sorted, rounded to subangular.

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>
253-278	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, dark gray (10YR 4/1), with fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, calcareous.
278-297	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, with about 20% gravel, poorly to moderately sorted.
	Pennsylvanian bedrock
297-303	Shale, very dark gray (10YR 3/1).
303-305	Coal, black (10YR 2/1), friable.
305-311	Shale, same as above.

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-20

Depth (ft)	Description
0-8	black
8-16	yellow clay
16-23	gray clay
23-27	gravel
27-40	peat
40-45	light gray clay
45-53	hard dark gray clay
53-56	gravel
56-62	gray clay
62-65	gravel
65-105	sandy gray clay
105-111	peat
111-113	gray clay
113-116	possible gravel streaks
116-117	gravel
117-140	hard gray clay
140-150	nearly white clay
150-160	sandy gray clay
160-183	clay and sand seemed mixed
183-185	gravel
185-203	fine dirty silty sand
203-210	#12 Sankoty
210-215	#12-#15 sand
215-220	#15-#20 sand
220-228	#20 sand plus 20% 1/8" gravel
228-228	rocks
228-242	hard clay
242-253	sand and gravel, seemed silty
253-265	clay
265-270	sand or very smooth clay?
270-280	soft clay
280-288	#30-#40 sand—very nice
288-292	#20-#30 sand plus 10% 1/8" gravel—very nice
292-297	#1 gravel—very nice
297-303	shale
303-305	coal
305-311	shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-20

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 220 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel—bridged at depth of 142 feet. Sealed annulus with bentonite chips at depth of 142 feet. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 23 feet with several seals of bentonite chips. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from depth of 23 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 222 feet below land surface.

MTH-21**Location:** McLean County, T22NR01W23.1h**Elevation:** 672 feet**Total Depth:** 325 feet**Date drilled:** 10/12/93

Depths corrected to gamma ray-neutron log. Logged interval 0.0 to 316.5 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
	Peoria Silt	92-100	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.
0-4	Clayey silt, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached.	100-101	Sand and gravel, silty fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted.
	Wedron Group		Glasford Formation
4-11	Sandy clayey silt, yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/6 to 2.5Y 5/4), leached.	101-106	Sandy silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.
11-17	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4 to 10YR 5/6), coarse fraction very fine to fine sand, little fine gravel, leached.	106-107	Clay (lacustrine), olive gray (5Y 4/2), vague laminations, slightly calcareous.
17-18	Clay, brown (10YR 5/3), leached.	107-119	Silt and clay, dark gray (5Y 4/1), in layers, leached to slightly calcareous.
18-30	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, gray to grayish brown (10YR 5/1 to 5/2), slightly to moderately calcareous.	119-144	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), coarse fraction consists of fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, calcareous.
30-30.5	Sand, very fine to fine sand, well sorted.		Banner Formation
30.5-44	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark gray to dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.	144-147	Silt, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), calcareous, peatlike.
44-50	Clayey silt, dark gray to very dark grayish brown (10YR 4/1 to 2.5Y 3/2), with thin sand at 38 feet, numerous fine organic fragments, leached.	147-148	Diamicton, clayey sandy silt, brown (10YR 5/3), calcareous.
50-53	Sandy clayey silt, gray to olive (5Y 6/1 to 5Y 4/3), leached.	148-150	Silt, very dark brown (1 OYR 2/2) to very pale brown (10YR 7/3), common wood fragments.
53-56	Silty sand, with some pebbles and cobbles, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2), slightly calcareous.	150-151	Diamicton, clayey sandy silt, brown (10YR 5/3), calcareous.
56-57	Boulder, dark granitic rock, hard.	151-155	Silty clay, very dark gray (5Y 3/1), leached.
57-60	Sandy clayey silt, gray to olive gray (5Y 6/1 to 5Y 5/2), numerous fine wood fragments, slightly calcareous.	155-160	Silty clay and silt, interbedded, olive gray to very dark gray (5Y 4/2 to 5Y 3/1), slightly calcareous.
60-76	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 5/2), pinkish tinge, coarse fraction is very fine to very coarse sand, calcareous. Thin gravel at 60.5 feet.	160-162	Silty clay, olive gray (5Y 4/2), calcareous.
76-77	Sand, very fine to medium sand, predominantly fine grained, moderately to well sorted.	162-164	Silt, olive (5Y 5/3), calcareous, with organic fragments.
77-85	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, same as above.	164-168	Diamicton, silty sandy clay, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), leached.
85-86	Sand and gravel, medium sand to coarse gravel, poorly sorted.	168-184	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), calcareous.
86-89.5	Diamicton, same as above.	184-206	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), calcareous, very reactive to HCl.
89.5-90	Sand and gravel, medium sand to coarse gravel, poorly sorted.	206-209	Sandy clay, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), calcareous, very reactive to HCl.
90-92	Diamicton, clayey pebbly sandy silt to clayey silty sand and gravel, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), with fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, calcareous.		

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-21 Depth (ft)	Description
	Banner Formation <i>(continued)</i>		
209-213	Silty sand, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), calcareous, very reactive to HCl.	0-4	topsoil
213-216	Diamicton?, same as above, (gamma ray-neutron log indicates sandy material)	4-18	yellow clay
		18-30	gray clay
		30-48	dark gray clay
		48-56	greenish gray clay
		56-57	granite boulder
	Sankoty Sand	57-105	pinkish gray clay
216-223	Sandy silt and silty sand, interbedded, well sorted in layers, dark grayish brown to olive brown (2.5Y 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/4), calcareous.	105-147	very hard gray clay
223-237	Sand, very fine to fine sand, well sorted.	147-149	peat
237-240	Silty sand, poorly sorted.	149-151	sand and gravel
240-276	Sand, very fine to medium sand, predominantly fine, moderately to well sorted.	151 -180	gray sandy clay
276-290	Sand and gravel, Very fine sand to fine gravel, moderately to well sorted, predominantly fine sand.	180-205	very hard gray clay
290-315	Sand, very fine to medium sand, with fine gravel in layers.	205-240	#6-#8 sand
		240-270	#8-#10 sand
		270-285	#10-#12 sand
		285-290	#12-#15 sand
		290-315	#15-#20 sand and gravel
		315-325	shale
	Pennsylvanian bedrock		
315-325	Shale, dark gray (10YR 4/1), noncalcareous.		

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-21

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 295 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 200 feet and sealed annulus with bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 30 feet with several annular seals of bentonite chips. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from 30 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 297 feet below land surface.

MTH-22**Location:** Logan County, T22NR02W31.4d**Elevation:** 659 feet**Total Depth:** 311 feet**Date drilled:** 8/23/93-8/24/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 2.0 to 304.5 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-3	Silty clay, olive brown (2.5Y 4/4), oxidized, leached.	108-127	Banner Formation—Hillery Member? Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, olive brown to dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/4 to 2.5Y 4/2),
3-7	Sandy silt, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6), slightly calcareous.	127-147	Diamicton, clayey sandy silt to silty sand, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), lacustrine?, calcareous.
7-13	Sandy clayey silt, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6), calcareous.		
	Wedron Group		Banner Formation outwash
13-49	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.	147-152	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly fine to medium sand, silty, poorly sorted, rounded to., subrounded.
49-56	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty predominantly very fine to fine grained sand, with thin silty clay layers, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.	152-167	Sand, very fine to fine grained, well sorted, rounded.
56-67	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.		Banner Formation—lacustrine
67-74	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, with thin silty clay layers, poorly sorted.	167-176	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, grayish brown to olive brown (2.5Y 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/4), slightly calcareous.
74-78	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.	176-177	Silty clay, light gray (2.5Y N6/), slightly calcareous.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member (or Berry Clay?)	177-193	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to coarse sand and little fine gravel, calcareous.
78-85	Silt to clayey silt, very dark brown to black (10YR 2/2 to 10YR 2/1), leached, highly organic.	193-195	Clayey silt to silty clay, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4), very reactive to HCl.
	Glasford Formation—Radnor Member	195-210	Diamicton, clayey sandy silt, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) with pinkish cast, very reactive to HCl.
85-88	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, dark gray to very dark grayish brown (2.5Y N4/ to 2.5Y 3/2), leached.		Sankoty-Mahomet Sand
88-89	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty and clayey, poorly sorted.	210-220	Sand, very fine to medium sand, primarily very fine to fine sand, well sorted, rounded, pinkish gray cast.
89-95	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2), calcareous.	220-225	Sand, very fine to coarse grained, primarily coarse sand, moderately sorted, rounded to subrounded.
95-96	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, moderately sorted.	225-250	Sand, very fine to medium sand, primarily very fine to fine sand, well sorted, rounded, pinkish gray cast.
	Glasford Formation—Vandalia Member?	250-255	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium and coarse sand, moderately sorted, subrounded to subangular.
96-106	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, light brownish gray to olive gray (10YR 6/2 to 5Y 5/2), calcareous.	255-265	Sand, very fine to coarse sand, primarily very fine to fine sand, well sorted, rounded, pinkish gray cast.
106-108	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, moderately sorted.		

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description <i>(continued)</i>	DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-22	
	Sub-Sankoty-Mahomet sand	Depth (ft)	Description
265-280	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, slightly silty, predominantly coarse sand, moderately to poorly sorted, thin clay layer at 271 feet.	0-14	yellow clay
		14-40	gray clay
	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly medium sand, poorly to moderately sorted, occasional boulders and cobbles, subrounded to subangular.	40-53	soft gray clay
280-297		53-70	hard gray clay
		70-73	brown clay peat
		73-78	hard brown (clay)
		78-80	soft dark gray clay
		80-85	hard mix clay
	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, grayish brown to olive brown (2.5Y 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/4), strongly reactive to HCl, with white clay? at base of unit.	85-104	soft clay (water loss)
297-298		104-106	gravel?
		106-118	soft brown clay, wood
		118-120	clay
		120-125	sand and gravel
		125-150	hard sandy clay
		150-168	fine sand
		168-174	darker gray clay
		174-180?	light gray soft clay
		180?-211	some pink clay
	Pennsylvanian bedrock	211-225	fine sand
298-315		225-258	sand with fine gravel, reddish
		258-280	sand and gravel (Mahomet)
		280-284	#15 sand
		284-296	shale, limestone, possibly eroded
		296-298	boulders
		298-311	light gray shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-22d (west)

Set 5 feet of #10 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 235 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to depth of 231 feet, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 20 feet, sealed annulus with bentonite chips at several intervals between the aquifer and 20 feet. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from 20 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of the screen is 237 feet below land surface.

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-22S (east)

Drilled to depth of 160 feet; set 5 feet of #10 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 155 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backflushed with water until discharge cleared and sand packed screen. Sealed annulus with bentonite chips on top of sand pack. Filled annulus with pea gravel and bentonite chips. Bentonite chips bridged at depth of 4 feet. Sealed annulus from 4 feet to land surface with bentonite chips; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of the screen is 157 feet below land surface.

MTH-23**Location:** Tazewell County, T22NR03W03.8h**Elevation:** 660 feet**Total Depth:** 168 feet**Date drilled:** 11/08/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 1.40 to 164.15 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-3	Silty clay, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached.		fragments, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
3-7	Sandy clayey silt, dark brown to yellowish brown (10YR 3/3 to 10YR 5/8), few organic fragments, leached.	83-89	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4), with very fine to very coarse sand and fine to medium gravel, slightly calcareous.
7-9	Sandy silty clay, yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), oxidized, leached.	89-104	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, calcareous.
	Wedron Group		
9-14	Sandy clayey silt, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4), leached.	104-106	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty and clayey, predominantly medium grained sand, moderately to poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded.
14-18	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, yellowish brown to light olive brown (10YR 5/8 to 2.5Y 5/6), calcareous.		
18-33	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silty clay, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to very coarse sand and little fine gravel, calcareous.	106-126	Banner Formation Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (1 OYR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to coarse sand and fine gravel, few organic fragments, calcareous.
33-43	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, gray (10YR 5/1), with fine sand to medium gravel, calcareous.	126-128	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty and clayey, predominantly medium grained sand, moderately to poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded.
43-49	Diamicton, clayey sandy silt, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2), moderately calcareous.		
49-60	Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, gray (10YR 5/1), with fine sand to medium gravel, thin sand layers at 52 and 54 feet, moderately calcareous.	128-153	Banner Formation—Hillery Member? Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown to olive brown (2.5Y 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/4), highly calcareous, organic material throughout, dark yellowish brown (1 OYR 4/4) horizon at 136 feet.
60-61	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium sand, silty, moderately to well sorted.		
	Glasford Formation		
61-66	Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), with fine organic fragments, slightly calcareous.	153-168	Pennsylvanian bedrock Shale, gray to grayish brown (2.5Y N5/ to 2.5Y 5/2), very slightly calcareous.
66-69	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, predominantly medium sand with little fine gravel, moderately to well sorted, subrounded to subangular.		
69-78	Diamicton, pebbly sandy silty clay, gray (10YR 5/1), with very fine to very coarse sand and fine to medium gravel, slightly calcareous; thin sand layer at 75 feet.		
78-82	Clayey silt to sandy clayey silt, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4), oxidized, some organic fragments, slightly calcareous.		
82-83	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty and clayey, predominantly medium grained sand, minor organic		

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-23

Depth (ft)	Description
0-4	sandy black
4-14	yellow clay
14-18	yellow sandy clay
18-63	sandy gray clay
63-78	dirty gravel?
78-127	very sandy gray clay
127-135	possibly gravel
135-153	pinkish gray clay
153-168	light blue shale

No observation well was constructed at this location. Test hole MTH-23 was backfilled with pea gravel and several seals of bentonite chips to a depth of 20 feet below land surface, and with bentonite chips alone from 20 feet to land surface.

MTH-24**Location:** Tazewell County, T23NR02W12.1a**Elevation:** 654 feet**Total Depth:** 335 feet**Date drilled:** 11/3/93-11/4/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log; logged through casing. Logged interval 1.5 to 305.4 feet.

* Indicates intervals used for grain-size distribution analysis.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-4	Sandy clayey silt, dark brown (10YR 3/3), leached	167-174*	Sankoty Sand Sand, some organic fragments, very fine to very coarse sand, moderately sorted, mostly fine grained.
4-6	Same as above, yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) to olive brown (2.5Y 4/4), leached.	174-177	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular.
6-12	Wedron Group Sand and gravel, fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular, oxidized.	177-210*	Sand and gravel, fine sand to medium gravel, some coarse gravel, coarser below 205 feet, moderately to well sorted.
12-16.5*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), leached.	210-235*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, 25% to 50% gravel, poorly sorted, coarsest between 215 and 230 feet.
16.5-21	Clayey silty gravelly sand, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), calcareous.	235-260*	Sand and gravel, very fine to coarse sand with layers of fine to medium gravel, poorly sorted, rounded to subrounded, pinkish cast, better sorted and coarser 245 to 260 feet.
21-29*	Clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), calcareous.	260-303*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, predominantly sand with coarser layers, poorly sorted, subrounded, moderately to well sorted below 280 feet.
29-55*	Wedron Group Formation 2 Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), with coarse sand and fine to medium pebbles, calcareous.	303-317*	Sand and gravel, fine sand to boulders, predominantly gravel, poorly sorted, subrounded to subangular, some limestone and shale.
55-61 *	Glasford Formation Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy silt, with very fine sand to fine gravel, calcareous.	317-323	Pennsylvanian bedrock Coal, limestone, and shale, friable, olive gray (5Y 5/2 to 5Y 4/2).
61 -75*	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), occasional wood fragments possibly from silty clay interval at 69 to 71 feet, calcareous.	323-335	Shale, gray to very dark gray (10YR 6/1 to 10YR 3/1), slightly calcareous.
75-112*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, subrounded to subangular, poorly sorted.		
112-117	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clay, possibly oxidized, (inferred from natural gamma log and geologist logs).		
117-125*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted as above.		
125-128*	Banner Formation—Hillery Member Diamicton, pebbly silty sandy clay, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), pinkish tinge, calcareous..		
128-134*	Sand and gravel, silty clayey very fine to medium sand with some fine to medium gravel, poorly sorted.		
134-139	Diamicton, as above, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2).		
139-142	Clayey silty sand and gravel.		
142-167*	Diamicton, as above, calcareous and rapidly reactive to HCl.		

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-24

Depth (ft)	Description
0-6	yellow clay
6-14	yellow gravel
14-54	gray clay, harder below 40'
54-57	gravel
57-74	hard pinkish sandy gray clay
74-77	clay with a lot of gravel
77-127	gravel with a lot of boulders
127-167	hard pinkish gray clay
167-175	#10 sand
175-177	1/8" gravel
177-210	#10 sand
210-215	#12 sand
215-230	1/8" gravel
230-235	#12 Sankoty
235-260	streaks #12 sand and gravel
260-275	#20-#50 Sankoty
275-303	#12-#15 sand
303-317	boulders and gravel (lost circulation)
317-320	black shale
320-323	coal
323-333	shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-24d (north)

The attempt to construct an observation well in the initial test hole was unsuccessful; could not get the screen past 185 feet due to unstable sand and gravel. Moved south about 12 feet for second attempt.

Drilled to a depth of 310 feet; set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 305 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backflushed with water until discharge cleared and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of about 165 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 23 feet with several annular seals of bentonite chips in the clay units. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from depth of 23 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 307 feet below land surface.

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-24S (south)

Drilled to 124 feet; set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 120 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backflushed with water until discharge cleared and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of about 70 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 23 feet with seals of bentonite chips at depths of 50 and 30 feet. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from 23 to 3 feet and with pea gravel to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 122 feet below land surface.

MTH-25**Location:** Tazewell County, T24NR02W17.1d**Elevation:** 681 feet**Total Depth:** 344 feet**Date drilled:** 11/9/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log. Logged interval 2.1 to 343.3 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description	Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-1	Silty clay, dark brown (10YR 3/3), leached.	174-182	Banner Formation—Hillery Member? Diamicton, pebbly clayey sandy silt, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), sand is fine to very coarse grained with fine gravel, calcareous.
1-9	Sandy clayey silt, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), oxidized, slightly calcareous.	182-196	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, dark grayish brown to brown (10YR 4/2 to 10YR 4/3), more coarse grained materials than above, strongly reactive to HCl.
9-17	Clayey sandy silt, yellowish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/4 to 2.5Y 4/2), calcareous.		
	Wedron Group		
17-37	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, gray to dark grayish brown (1 OYR 5/1 to 2.5Y 4/2), with very fine to coarse sand and fine to medium gravel, calcareous.	196-202	Sankoty-Mahomet Sand Sand, very fine to coarse, predominantly fine grained, moderately sorted, silty toward base of unit.
37-41	Sand and gravel, very fine to medium sand with some fine gravel, poorly sorted, some fine organics.	202-215*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted, noticeable content of reddish rock grains.
41-46*	Sand and gravel, same as above with medium gravel.	215-220*	Sand, same as above, no silt.
	Glasford Formation	220-242*	Sand and gravel, same as above.
46-69	Diamicton, slightly pebbly silty sandy clay, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), some organic fragments, calcareous.	242-250*	Sand, as above.
69-72	Clayey sand, same as above.	250-270*	Sand and gravel, as above, with coal fragments toward base of unit.
72-127	Diamicton, same as above.	270-282*	Sand, fine to medium grained, moderately to well sorted, pinkish cast.
127-159*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, poorly to moderately sorted, possibly with coarse and fine layers.	282-293*	Sand and gravel, fine sand to medium gravel, poorly sorted.
	Banner Formation	293-296*	Sand, as above.
159-163	Sandy clayey silt, very dark brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 2/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), many woody organics, leached.	296-305*	Sand and gravel, as above.
163-166	Sandy silty clay, very dark gray (10YR 3/1), some organics present.	305-314*	Sand, as above, possibly more fine grained than above.
166-174*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel, predominantly medium sand with fine gravel, poorly sorted.	314-328*	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to coarse gravel and possibly cobbles, poorly sorted.
			Pennsylvanian bedrock
		328-344	Shale, dark grayish brown to dark gray (2.5Y 4/2 to 2.5 N4/), abundant organic fragments in sample, noncalcareous.

DRILLER'S LOG—MTH-25

Depth (ft)	Description
0-8	yellow clay
8-17	yellow sandy clay
17-39	gray sandy clay
39-46	gravel
46-89	very soft sandy pinkish gray clay
89-91	very hard gray clay
91-93	soft sandy gray clay
93-105	hard pinkish gray clay
105-128	greenish gray clay
128-160	fine sandy gravel
160-166	brown peaty clay
166-174	gravel, few streaks clay, boulders
174-198	very hard pink clay
198-204	#6 sand
204-213	#30 sand with gravel
213-218	#6 sand
218-272	very streaked sand and gravel
272-290	#10-#15 Sankoty
290-310	#15-#30 Sankoty
310-329	1/8" gravel greenish
329-344	dark gray shale

OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: MTH-25

Set 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen and 305 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, screen sand packed before backflushing, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, caught sand pack in 5-gallon buckets, repacked screen with sand. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 100 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to depth of 23 feet with annular seals of bentonite chips in clay units. Filled annulus with bentonite chips from depth of 23 feet to land surface; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 307 feet below land surface.

SWS-9**Location:** Tazewell County, T23NR03W26.7g**Elevation:** 630 feet**Total Depth:** 257 feet**Date drilled:** 10/21/93

Depths corrected to natural gamma log; logged through casing. Logged interval 0.0 to 254.0 feet.

COMPOSITE LOG

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
0-5	Sandy clayey silt, very dark brown to black (10YR 2/2 to 10YR 2/1), leached.
	Wedron Group
5-11	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, very dark brown to olive brown (10YR 2/2 to 2.5Y 4/4), slightly calcareous.
11-16	Diamicton, pebbly sandy clayey silt, yellowish brown to olive brown (10YR 5/4 to 2.5Y 4/4), with very fine to very coarse sand and fine gravel, moderately calcareous.
16-28	Diamicton, sandy clayey silt, dark brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 3/3 to 2.5Y 4/2), slightly calcareous.
	Roxana Silt—Robein Member
28-30	Silt, very dark brown (10YR 2/2), leached, with wood fibers.
30-34	Clayey silt, very dark gray (5Y 3/1), leached.
34-39	Silty clay, dark gray (10YR 4/1), possibly laminated, leached.
	Glasford Formation—diamicton
39-44	Sandy clayey silt, gray to dark greenish gray (10YR 5/1 to 5G 4/1), appears gleyed, slightly calcareous.
44-84	Diamicton, slightly pebbly sandy clayey silt, grayish brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 5/2 to 2.5Y 4/2), slightly calcareous, limestone boulder at 44 feet.
	Banner Formation
84-87	Sand, very fine to medium grained, silty and clayey, primarily fine sand, moderately well sorted, olive gray (5Y 5/2) cast, abundant organics, oxidized.
87-96	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), slightly calcareous.
96-99	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to fine gravel, silty and clayey, moderately to poorly sorted.
99-115	Diamicton, slightly pebbly clayey sandy silt, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), highly calcareous, silt layer at 108 feet.
115-125	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, primarily medium sand, silty, poorly sorted.
125-127	Diamicton, sandy silty clay, grayish brown (10YR 5/2), calcareous.

Depth (ft)	Unit/Description
127-170	Sankoty Sand Sand, very fine to medium sand, predominantly fine sand, with fine gravel layers, moderately to well sorted, rounded to subrounded.
170-191	Sand and gravel, very fine sand to medium gravel, primarily fine to coarse sand with 30% to 50% gravel, moderately to poorly sorted, with some thin layers of dark brown to dark grayish brown (10YR 3/3 to 10YR 4/2) particularly from 179 to 182 feet.
	Sub-Sankoty sand
191 -197	Sand and gravel, as above, with organic fragments.
197-242	Sand and gravel, as above, no clay, approximately 50% gravel.
	Pennsylvanian bedrock
242-257	Shale, light gray to greenish gray (10YR 6/1 to 5G 6/1), with limestone partings, noncalcareous.

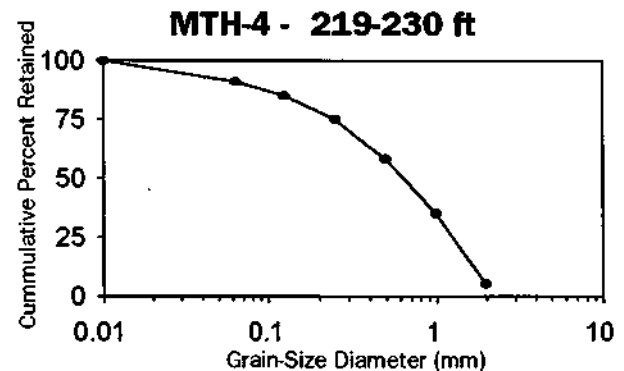
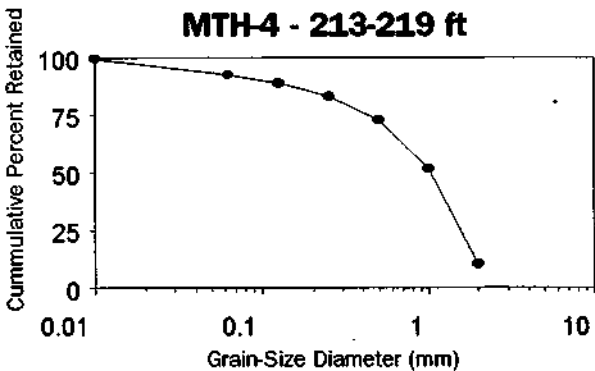
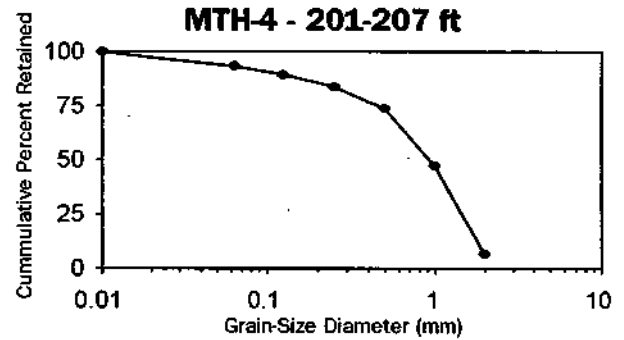
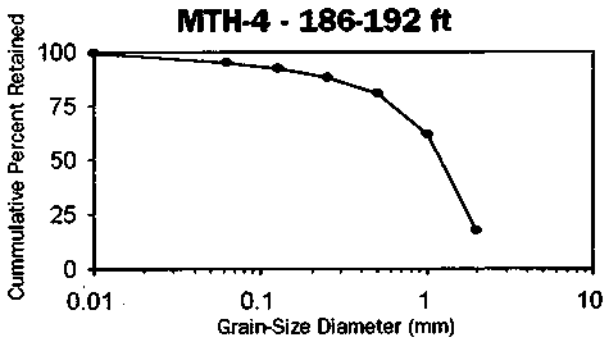
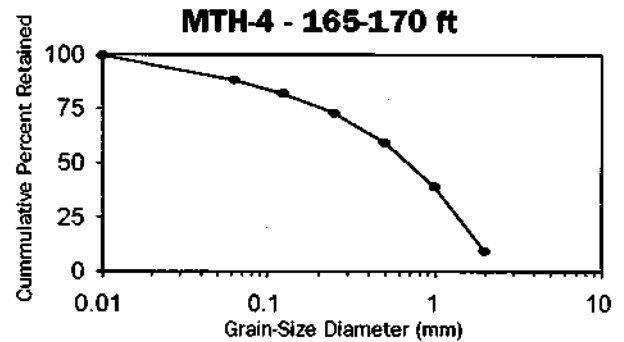
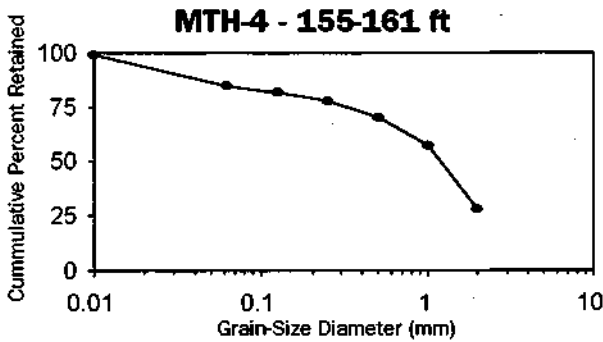
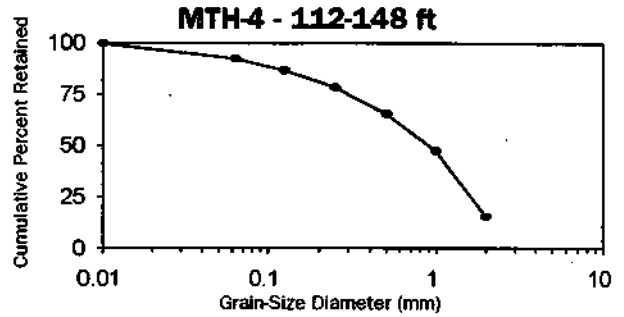
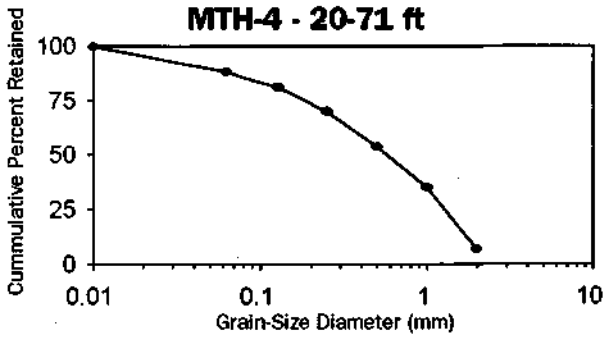
DRILLER'S LOG—SWS-9

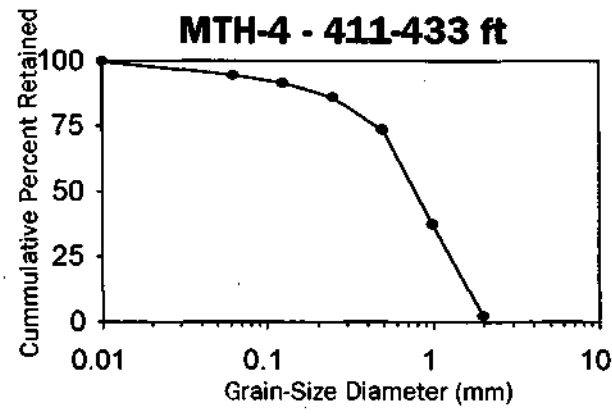
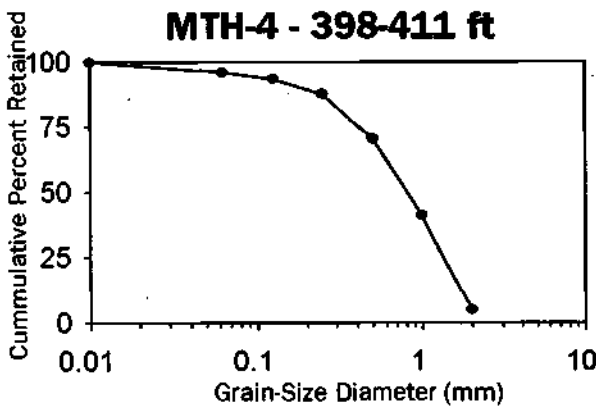
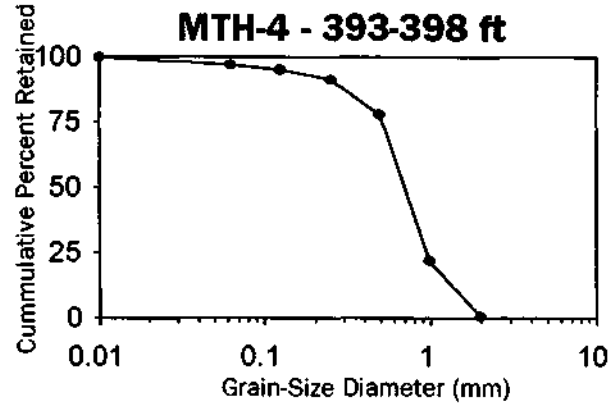
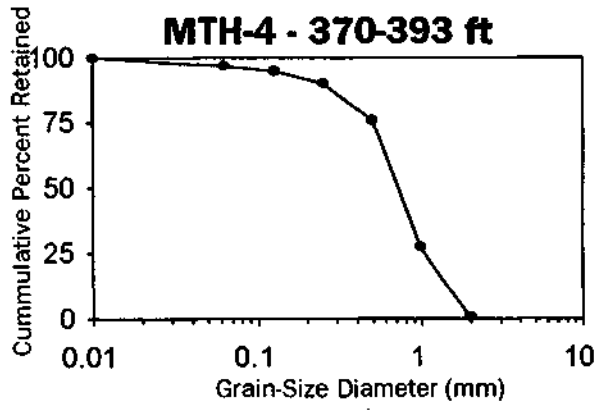
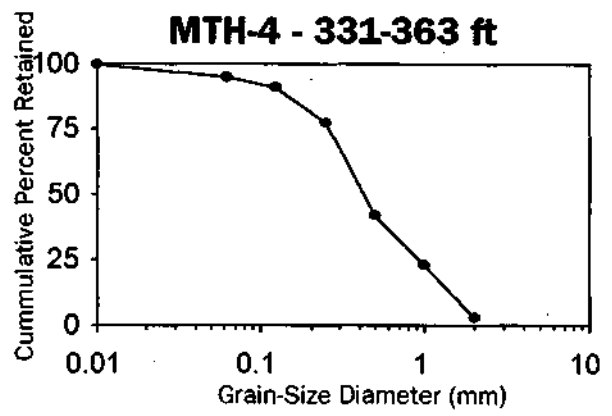
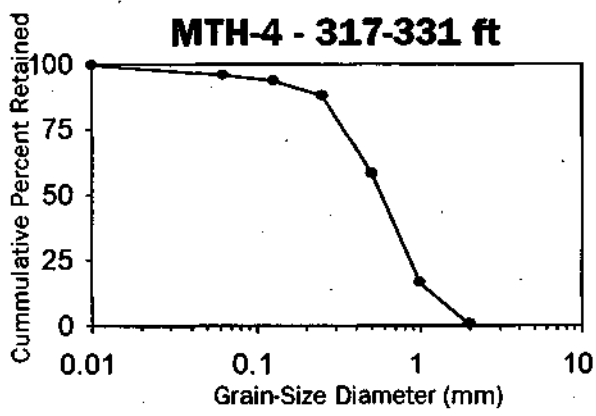
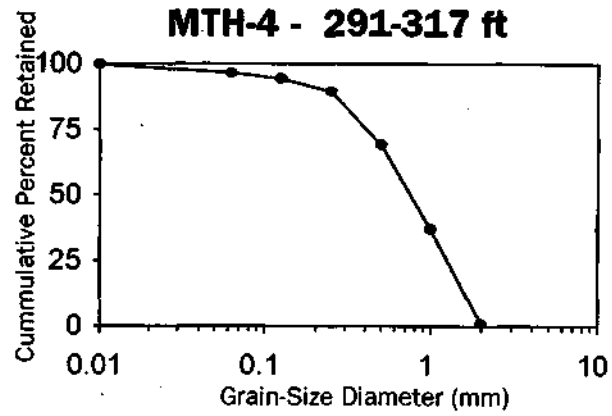
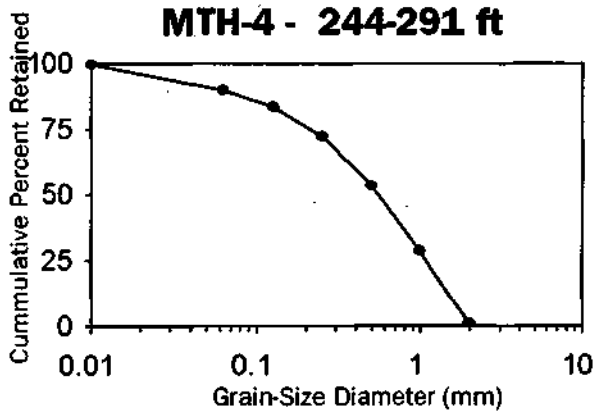
Depth (ft)	Description
0-6	junk-fill
6-27	hard dark gray clay
27-29	peat
29-44	soft sandy gray clay
44-45	limestone boulder
45-70	soft sandy light gray clay
70-84	gray hard clay
84-88	fine sand
88-117	sandy light gray clay
117-130	very streaked gravel and clay
130-160	#6-#8 fine sand
160-170	#12-#15 sand with some gravel
170-180	#30-#40 sand and gravel
180-188	gravel
188-196	clay streaks?
196-200	gravel
200-220	very brown gravel (looked like Merrimac)
220-230	#10-#15 Sankoty
230-242	dark and greenish gravel (find this in Bureau County above rock)
242-257	light blue shale

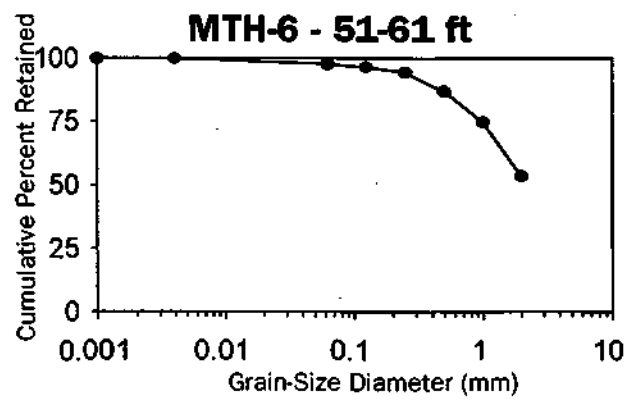
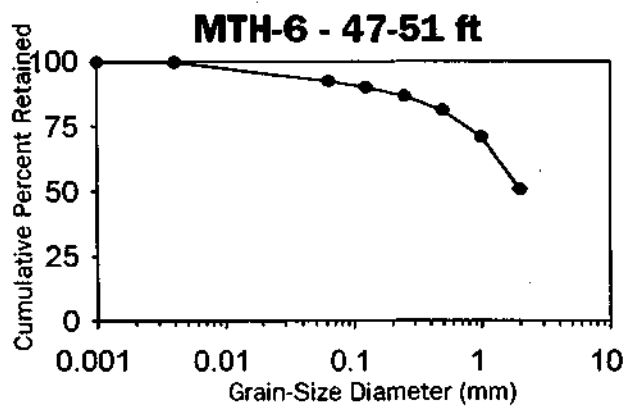
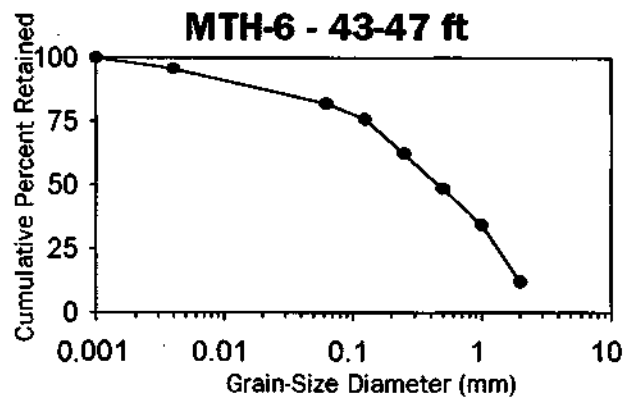
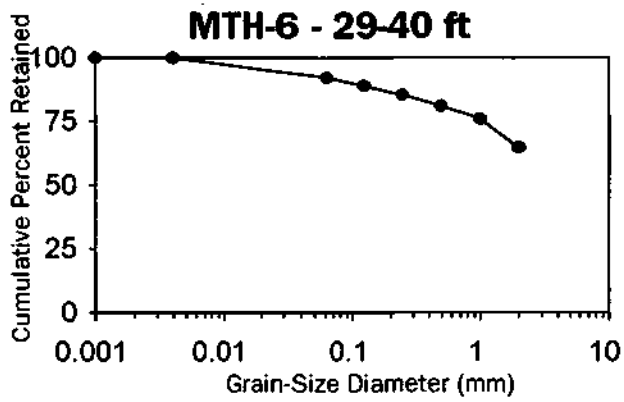
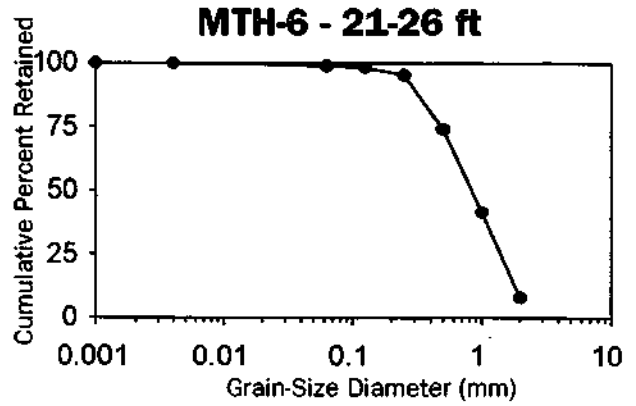
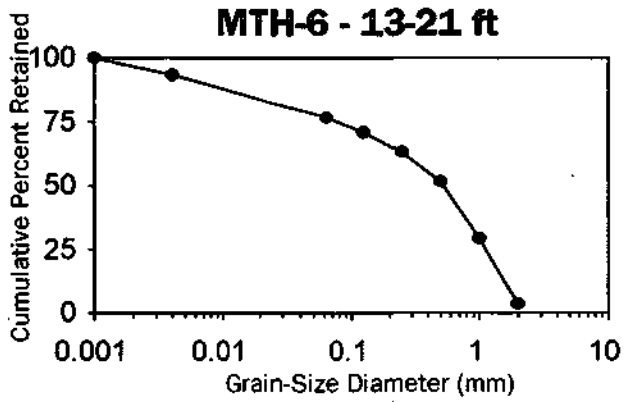
OBSERVATION WELL CONSTRUCTION: SWS-9

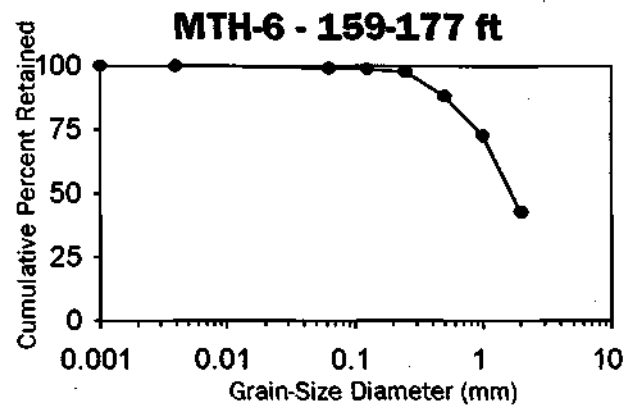
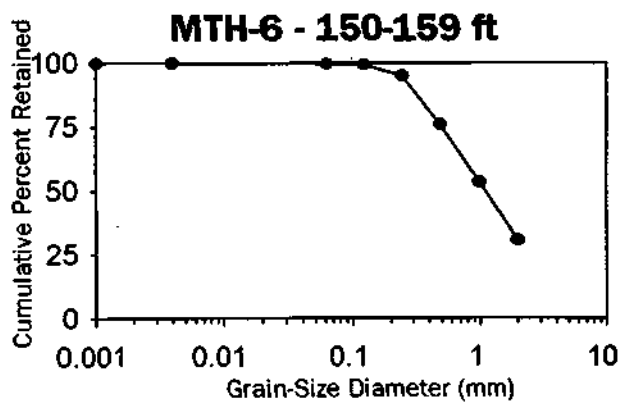
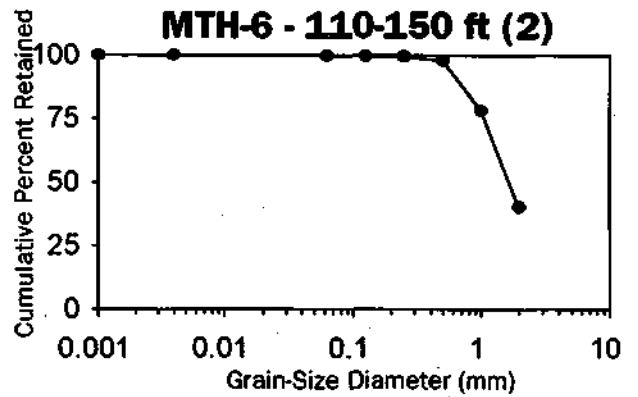
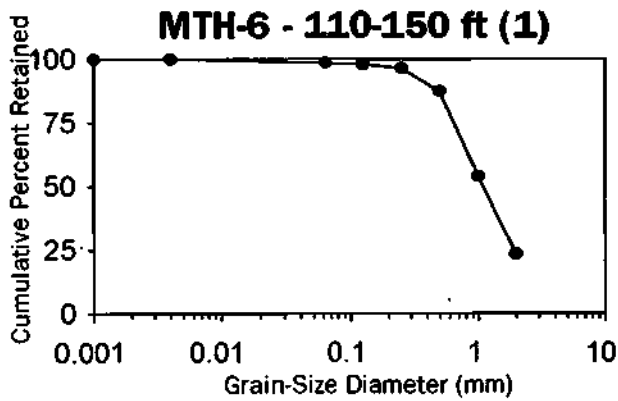
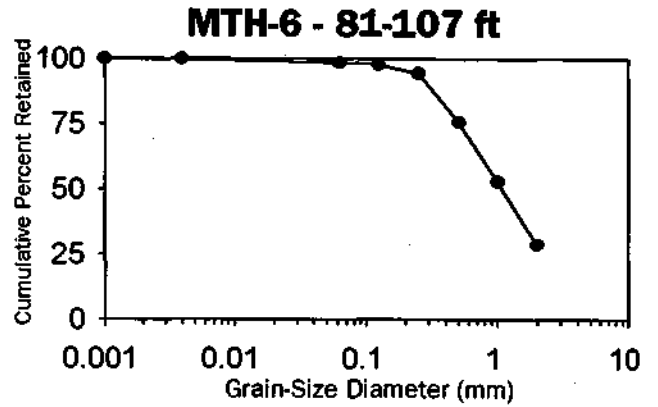
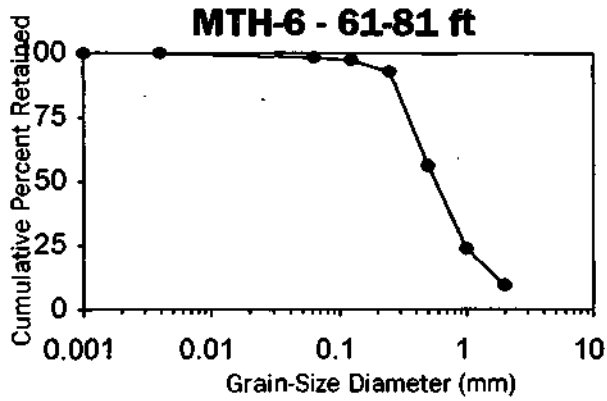
Set 20 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe below the screen, 5 feet of #20 slot 2-inch PVC screen, and 232.5 feet of 2-inch PVC schedule 40 pipe above the screen; backfilled test hole with pea gravel to bottom of screen, backflushed with water until discharge cleared, and sand packed screen. Filled annulus with pea gravel to depth of 120 feet and sealed annulus with 20 pounds of bentonite chips. Continued filling annulus with pea gravel to land surface with annular seals of bentonite chips at depths of 80, 42, 17-20, and 7 feet; set protective casing. Depth to bottom of screen is 234.5 feet below land surface.

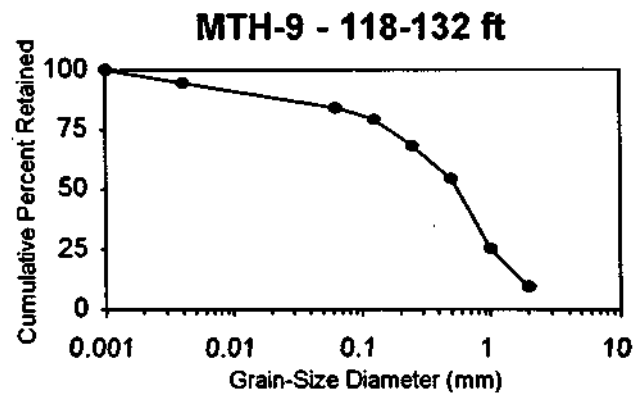
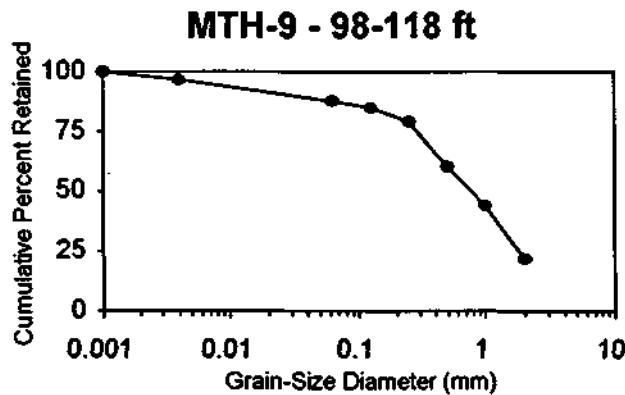
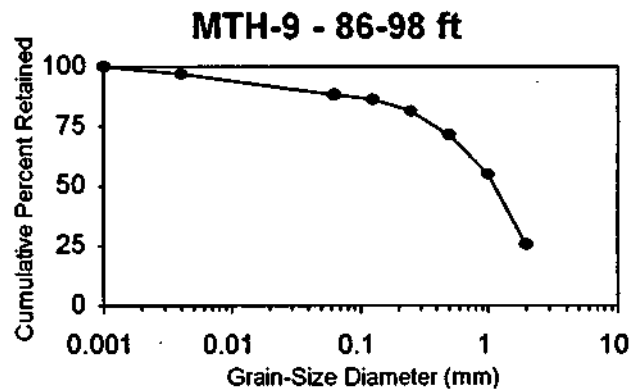
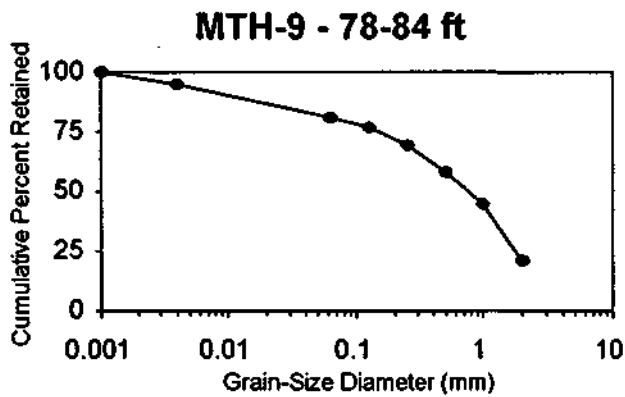
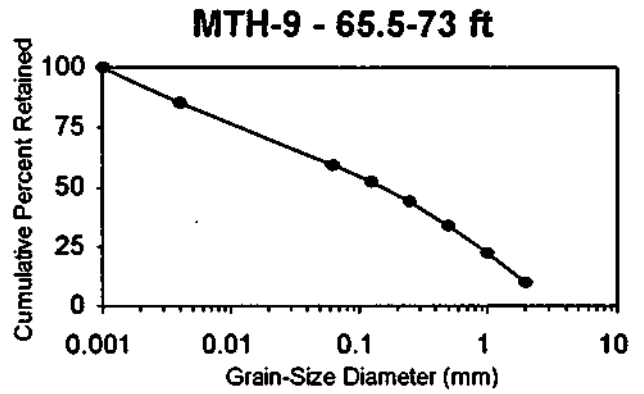
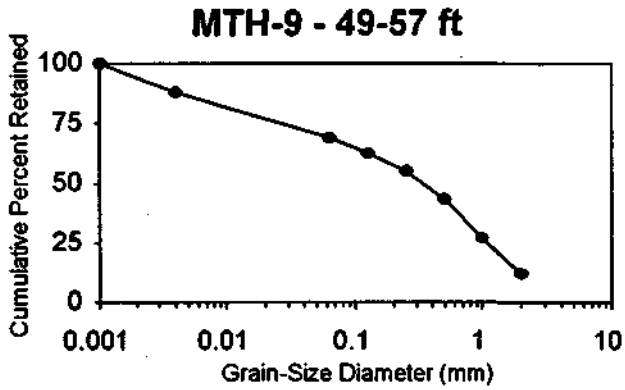
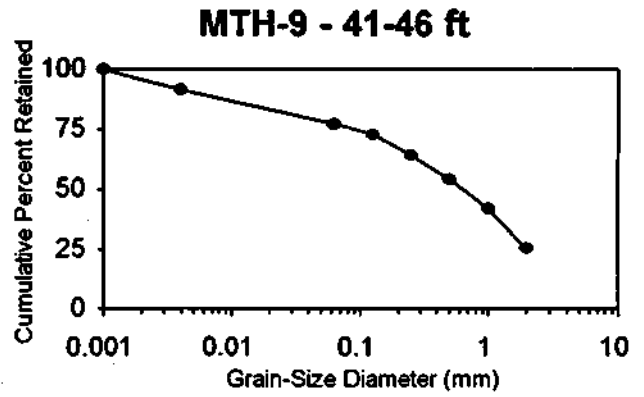
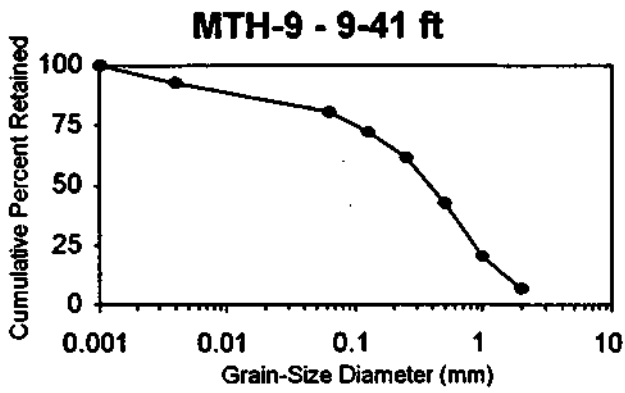
APPENDIX C GRAIN-SIZE DISTRIBUTION CURVES FOR 10 TEST HOLES

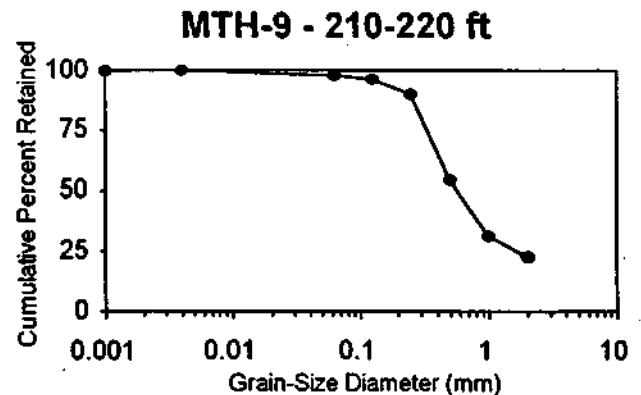
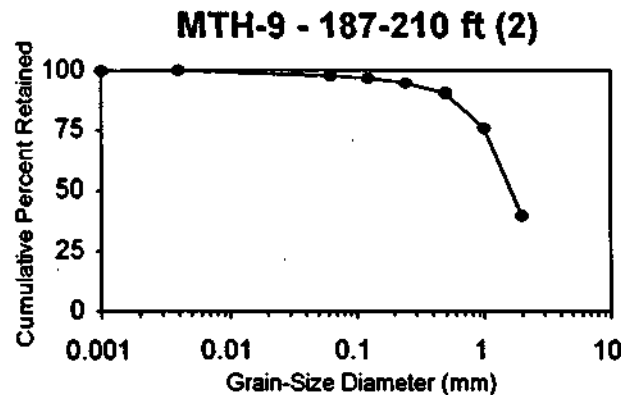
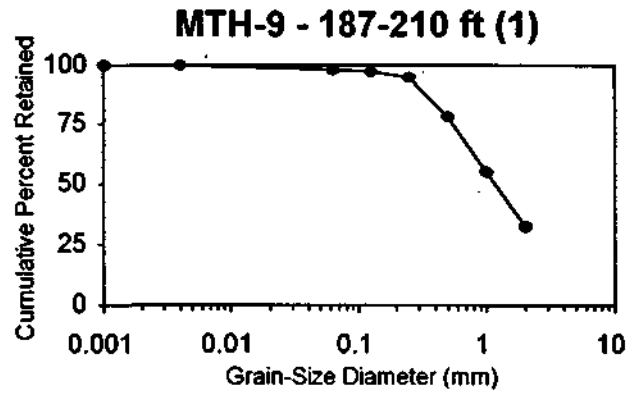
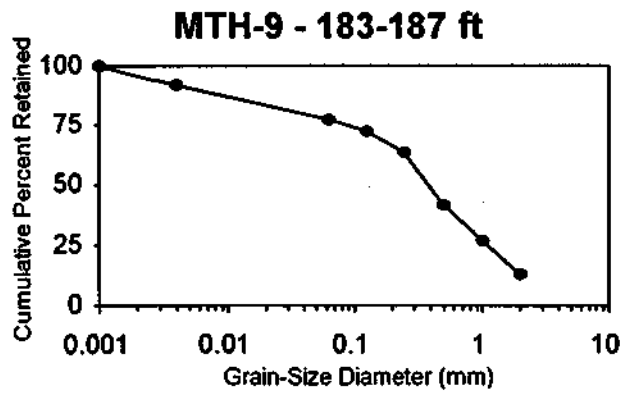
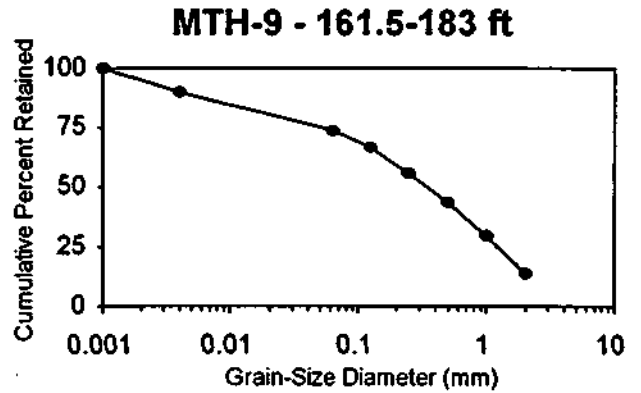
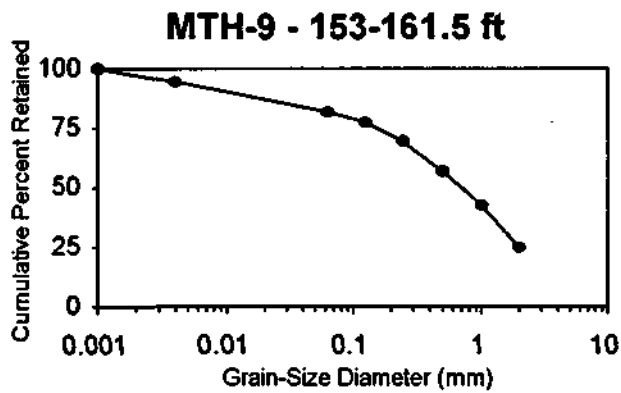
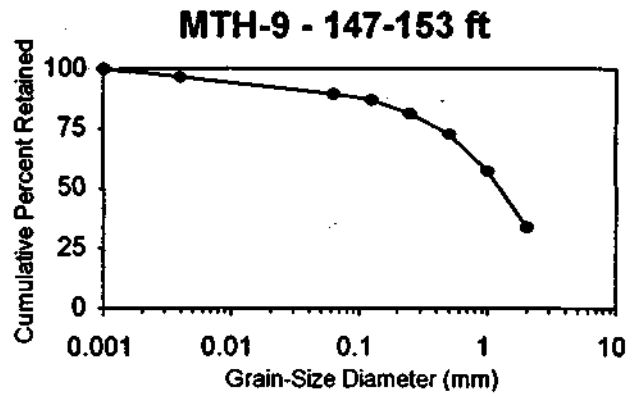
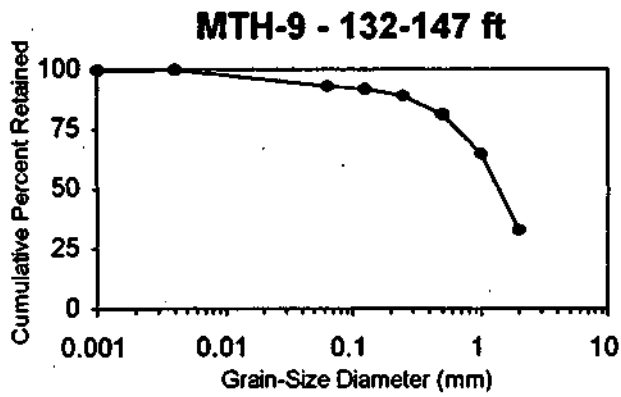


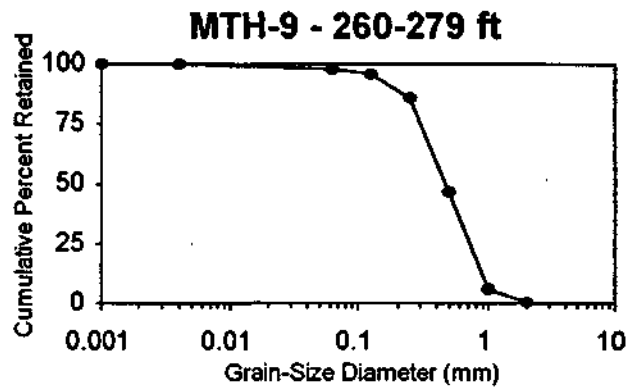
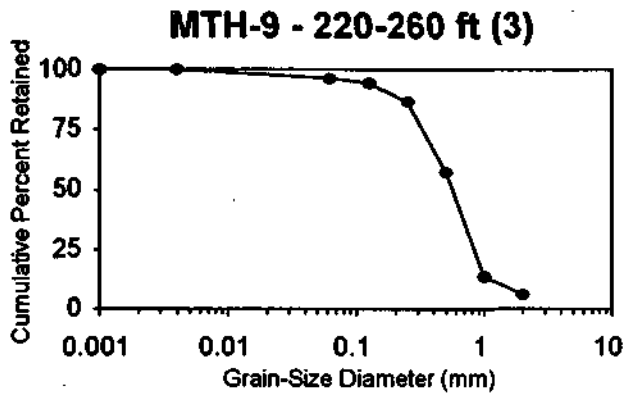
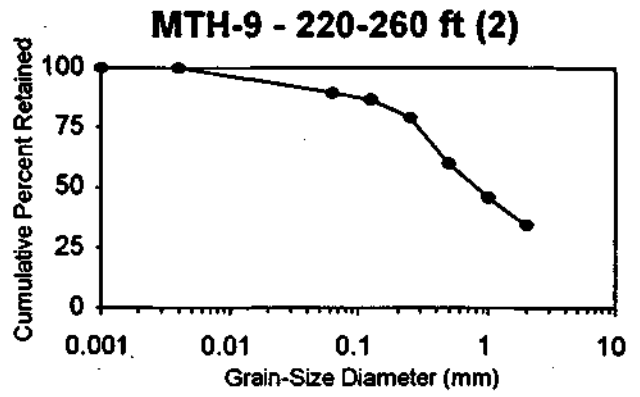
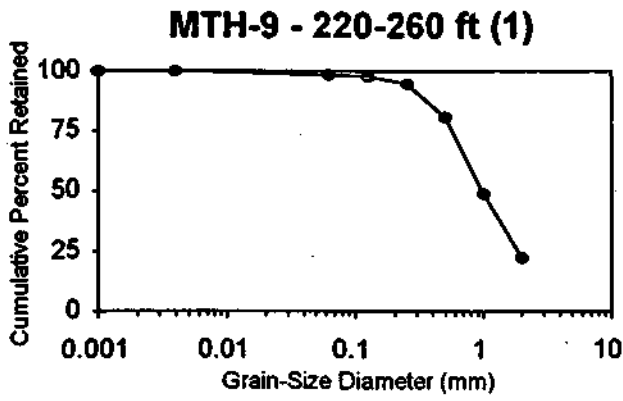


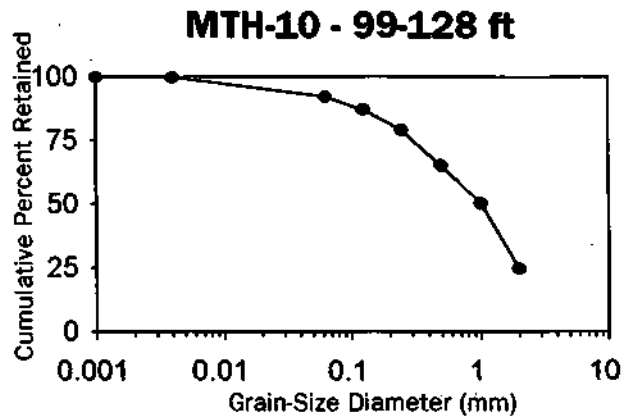
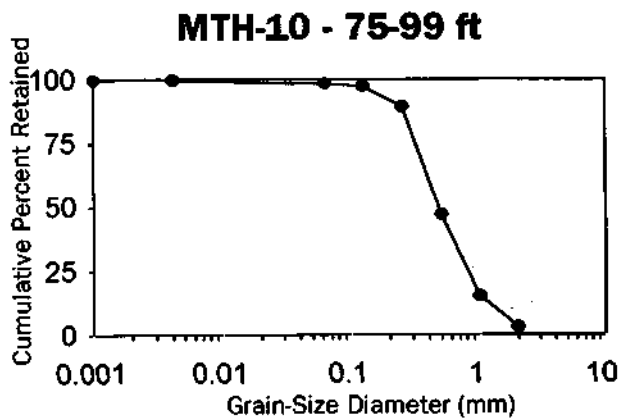
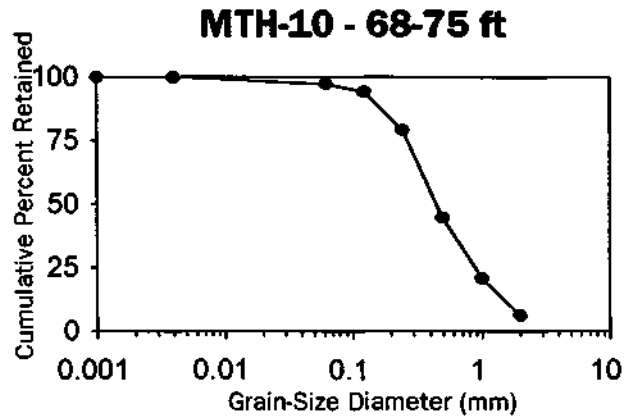
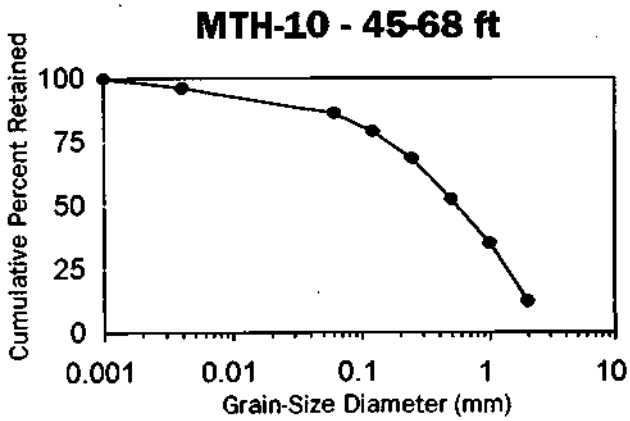
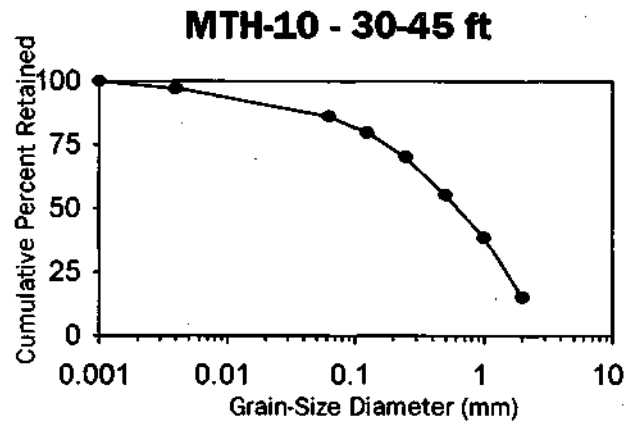
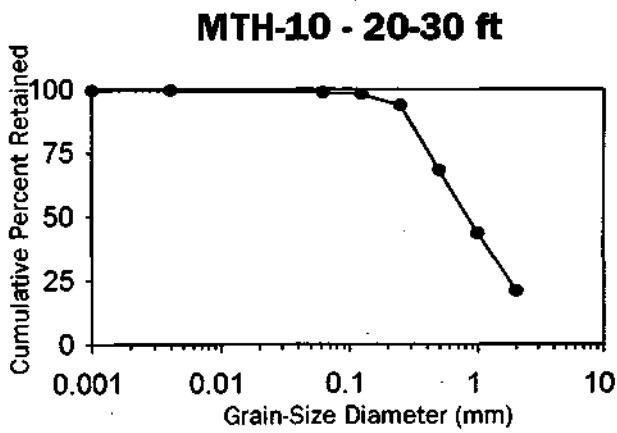
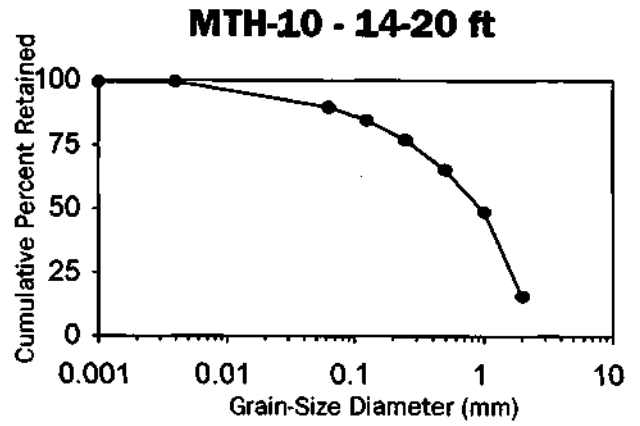
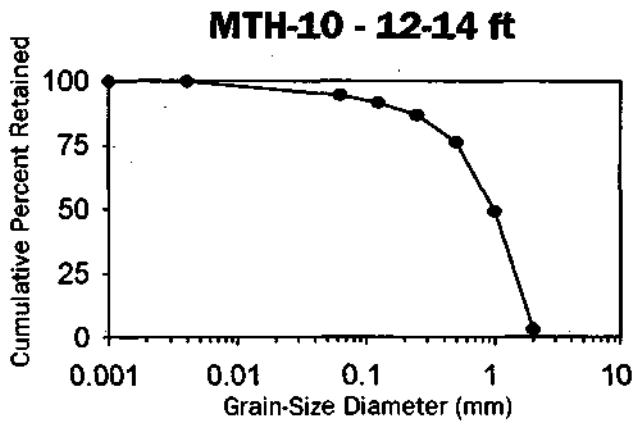


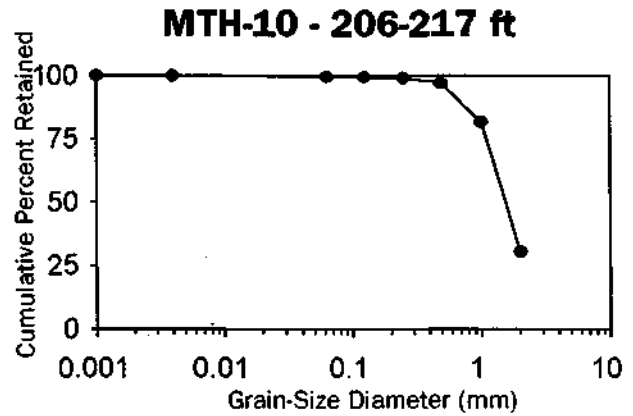
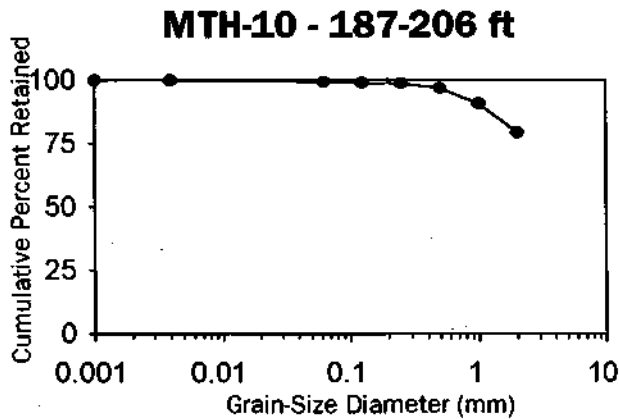
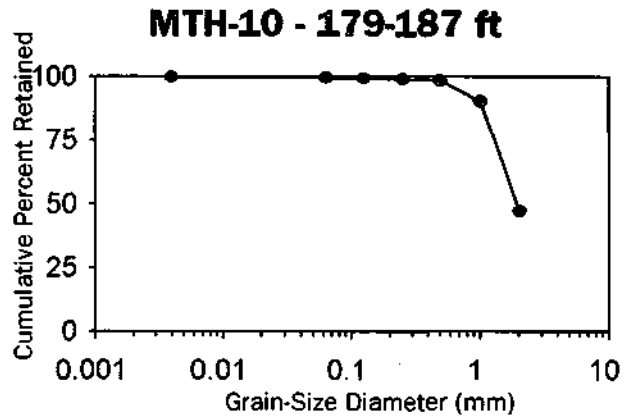
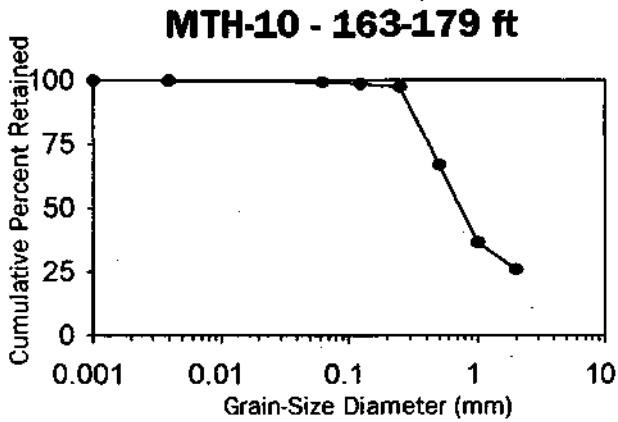
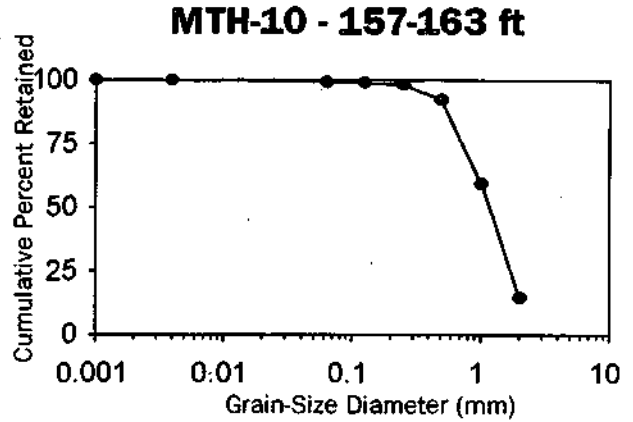
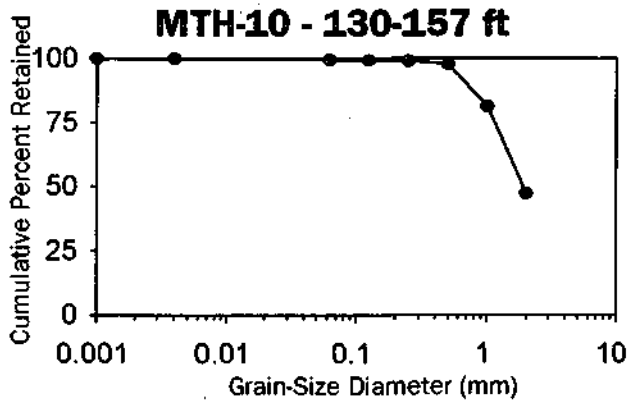


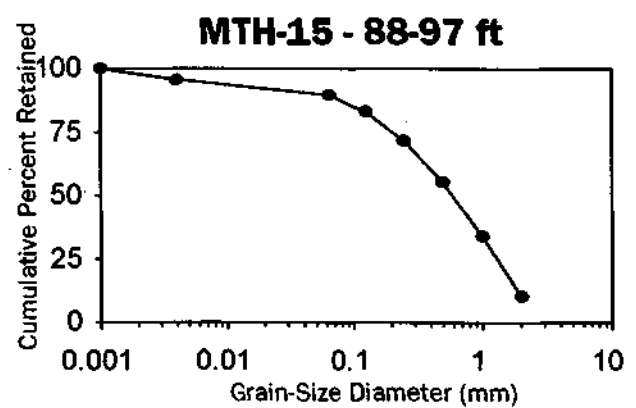
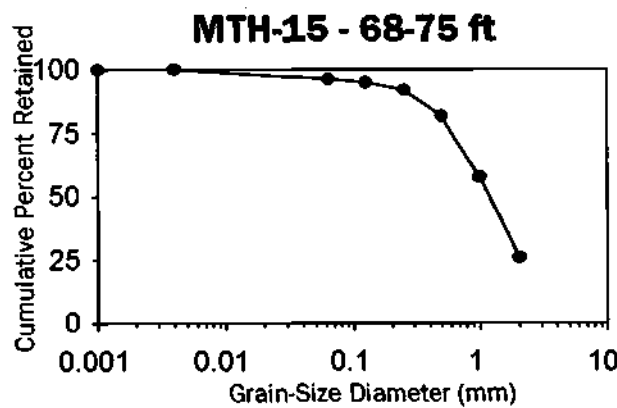
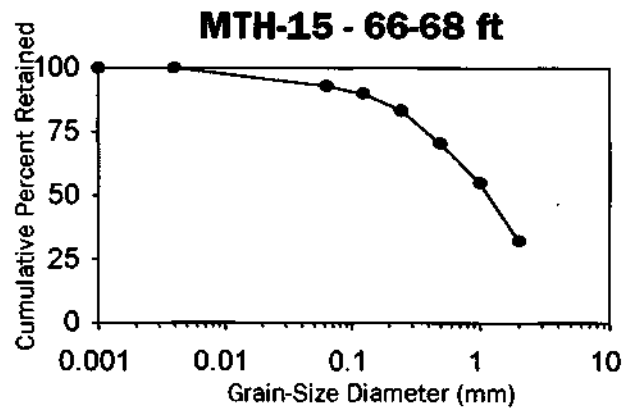
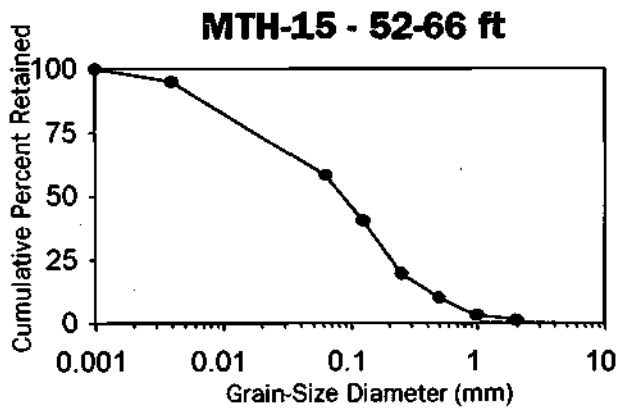
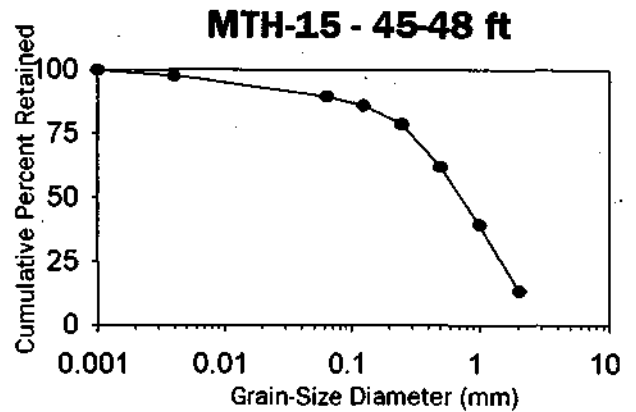
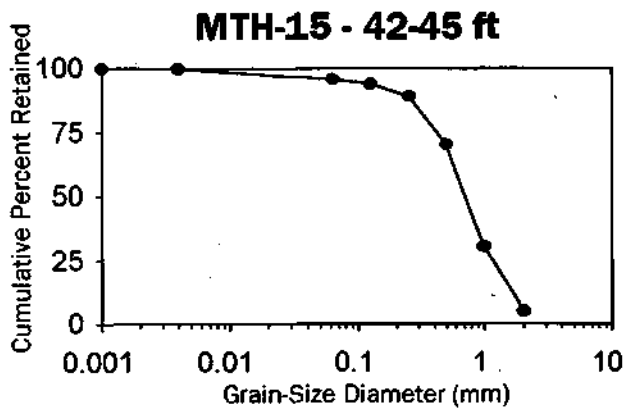
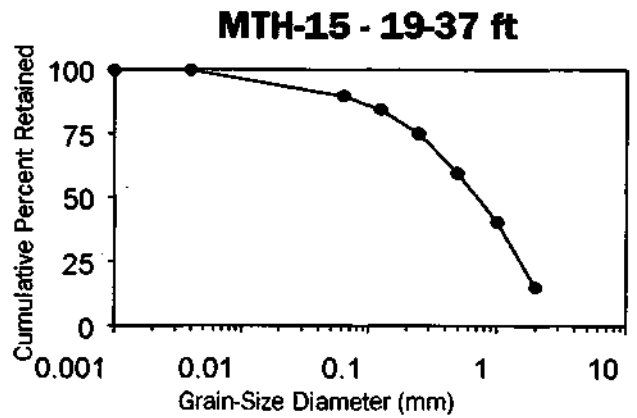
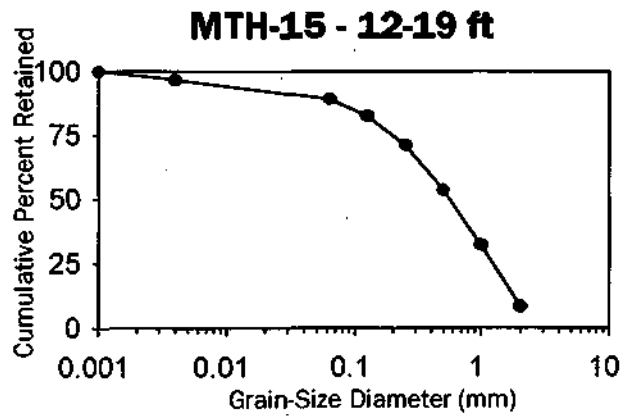


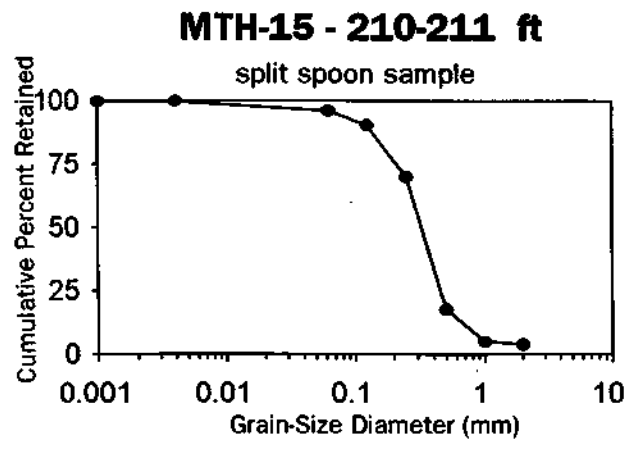
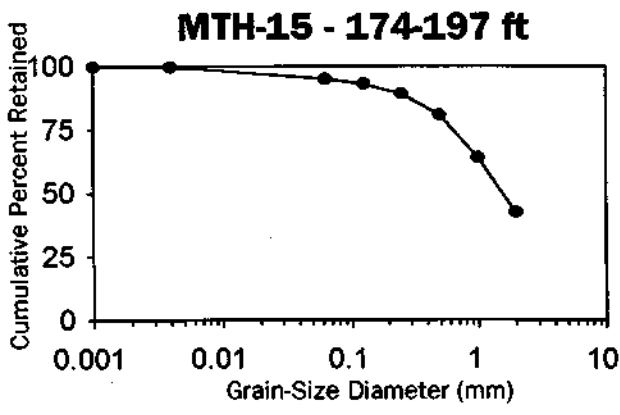
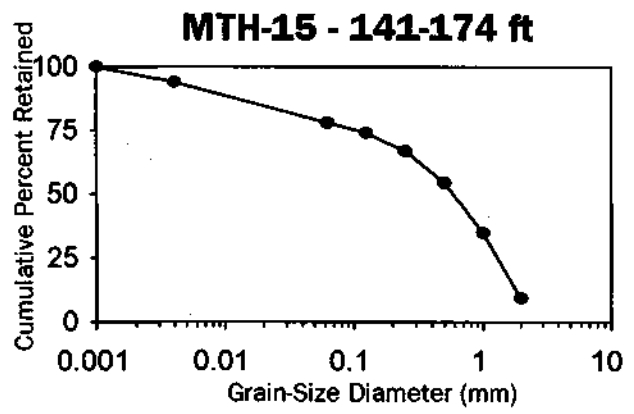
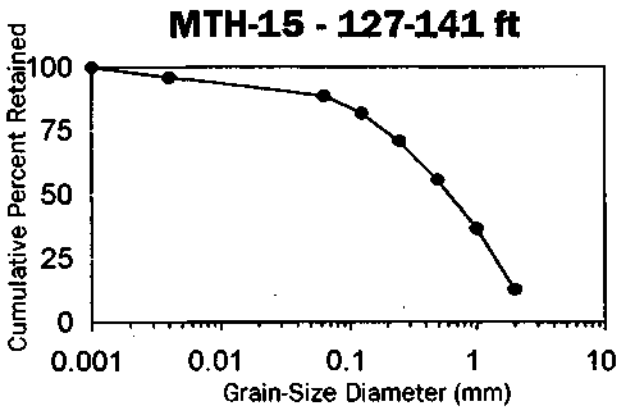
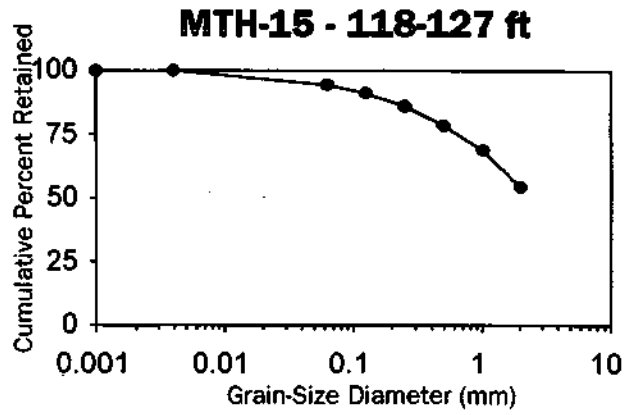
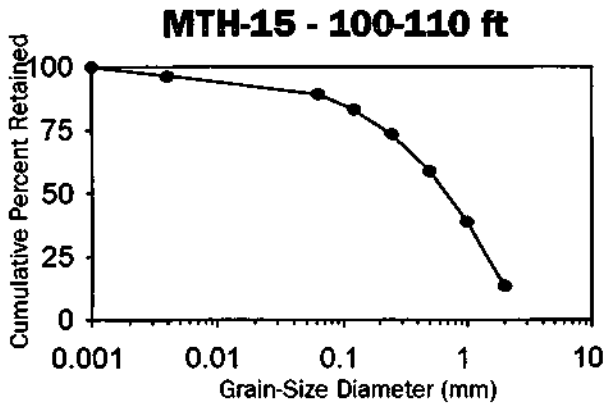


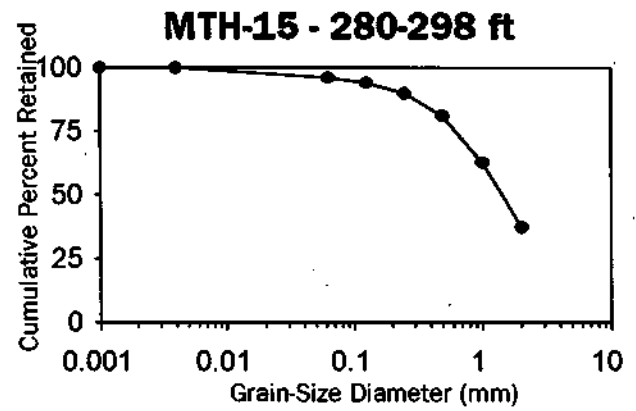
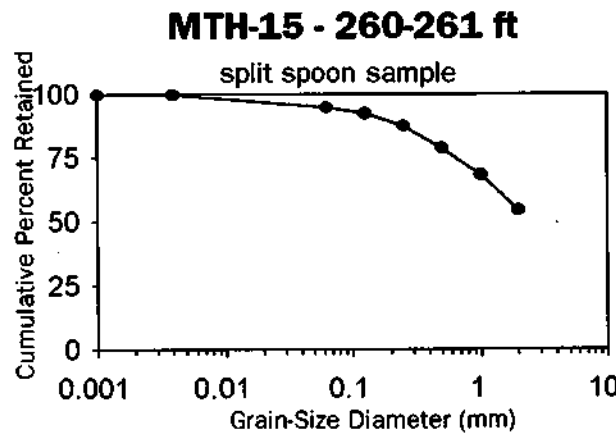
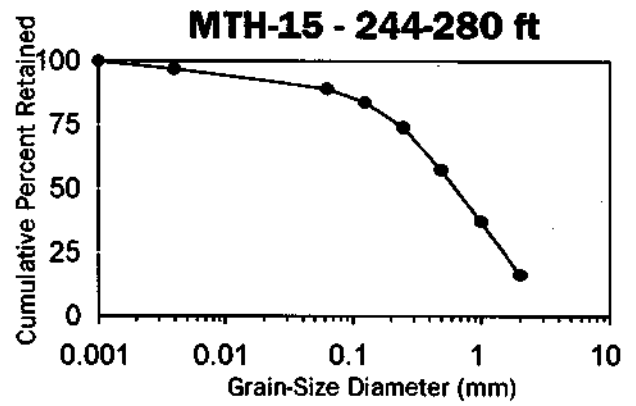
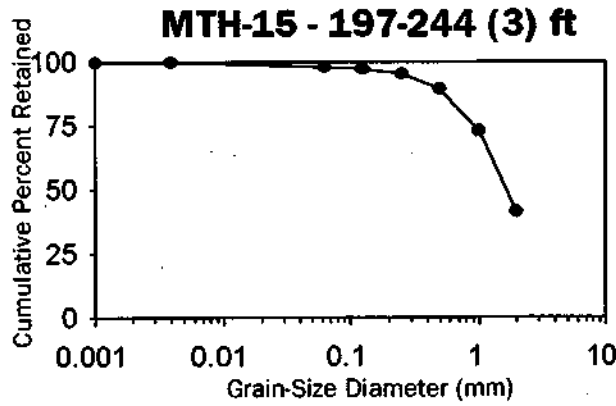
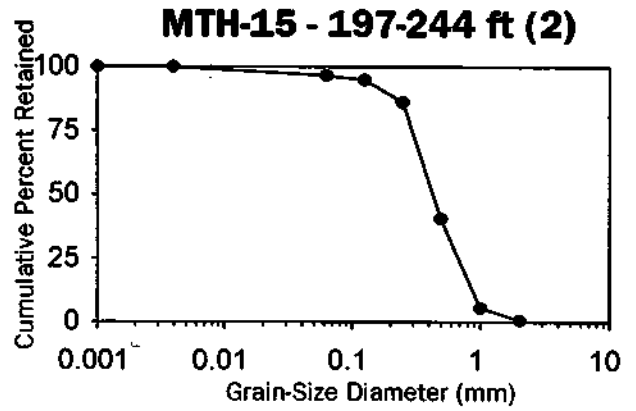
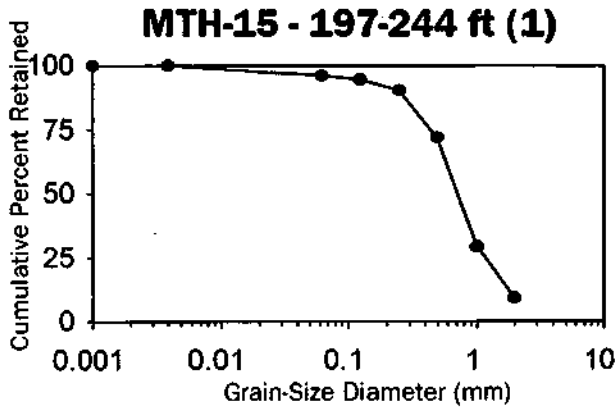


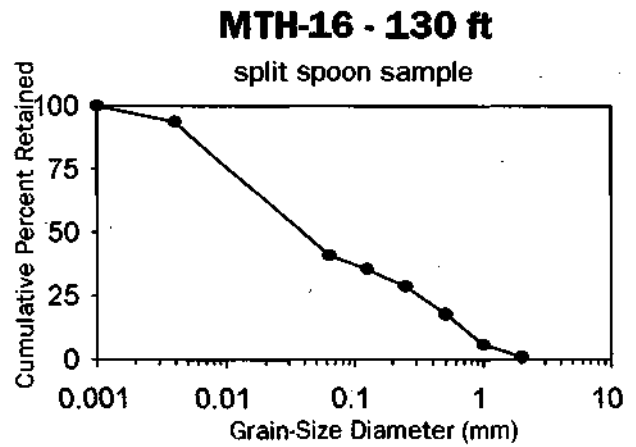
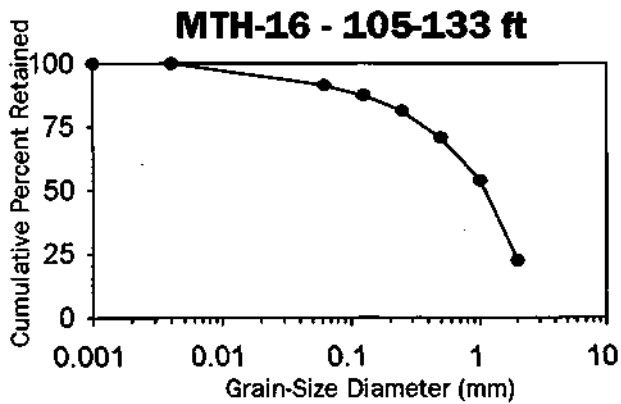
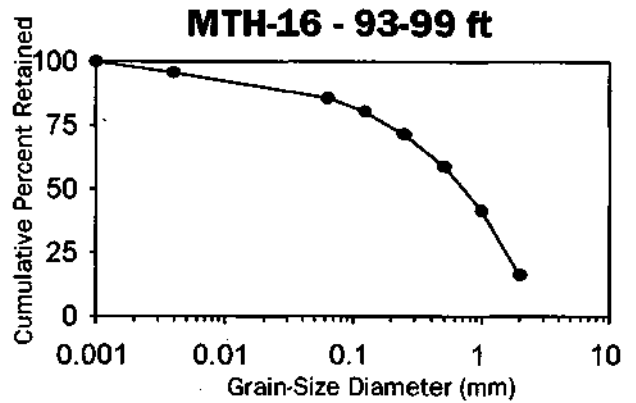
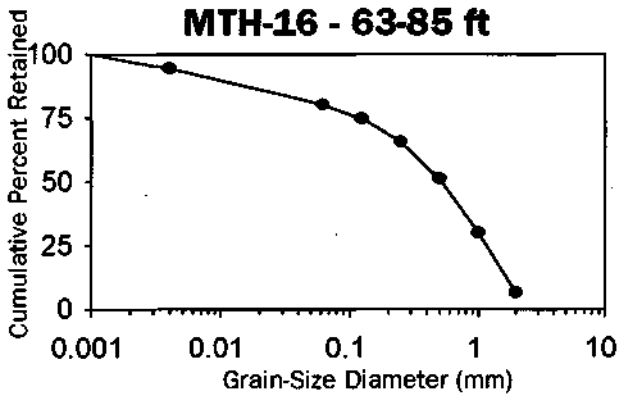
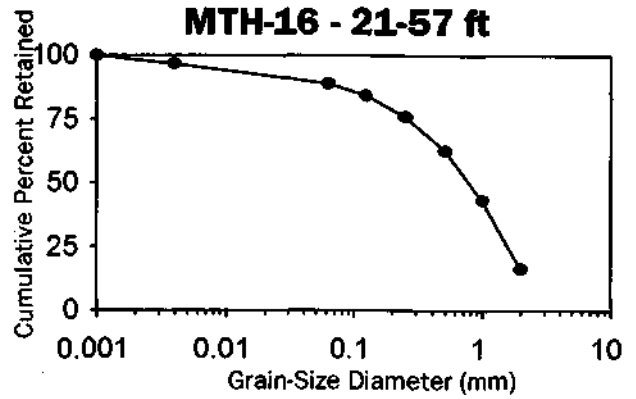
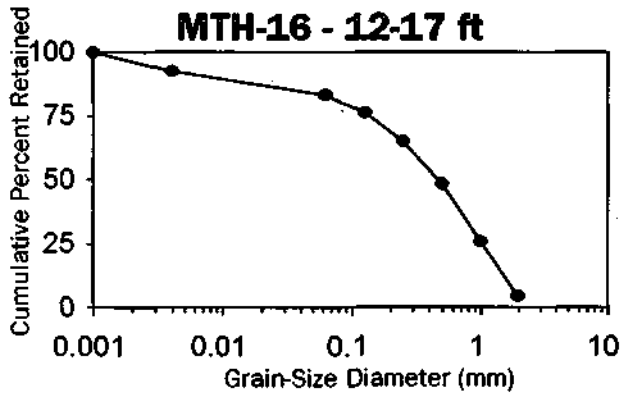


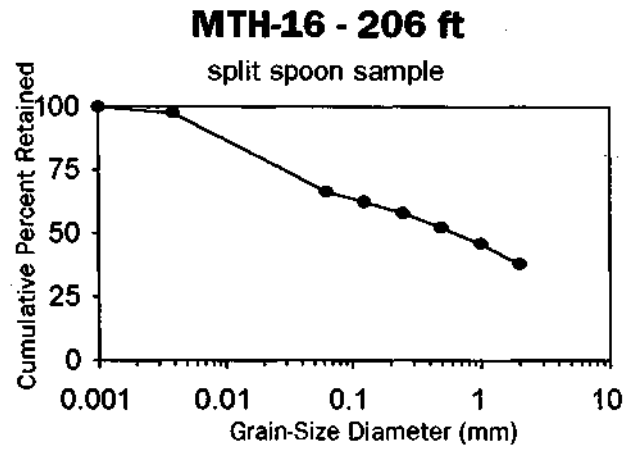
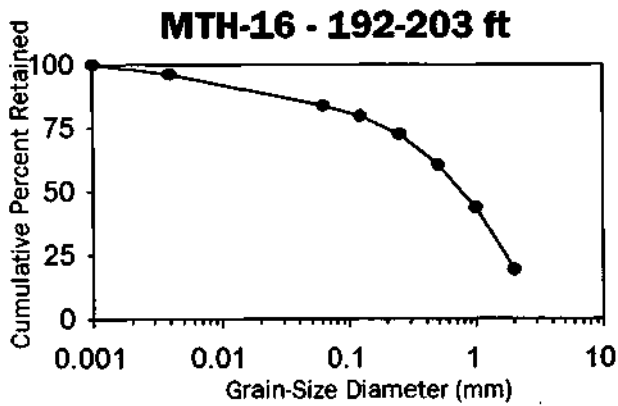
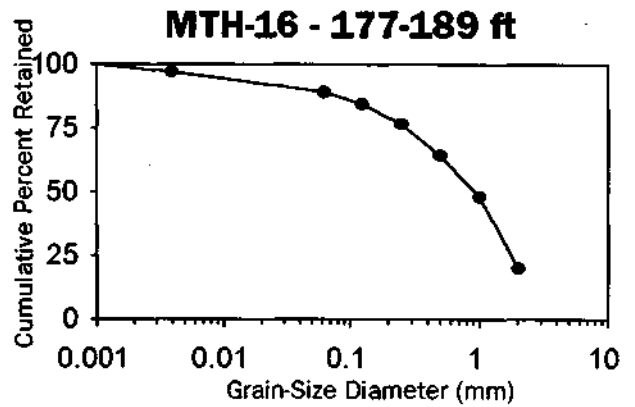
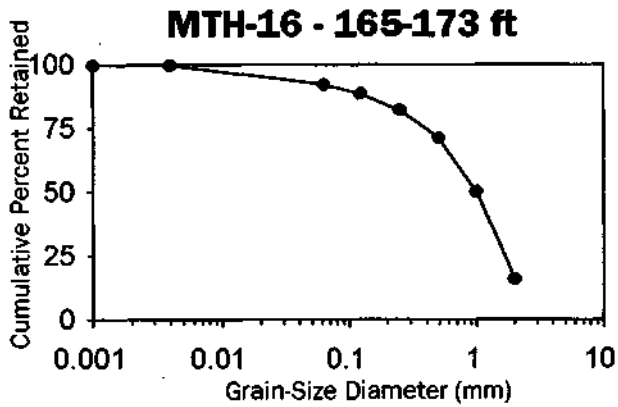
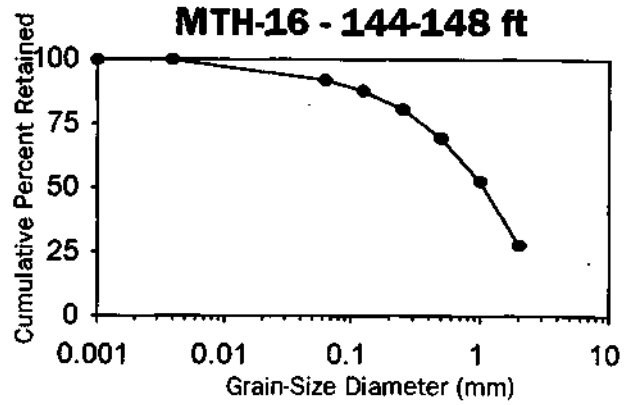
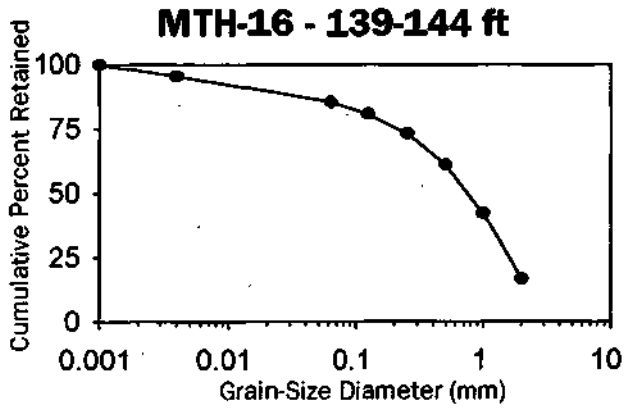


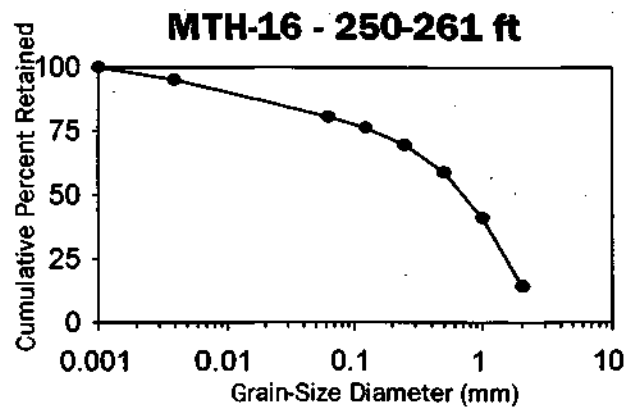
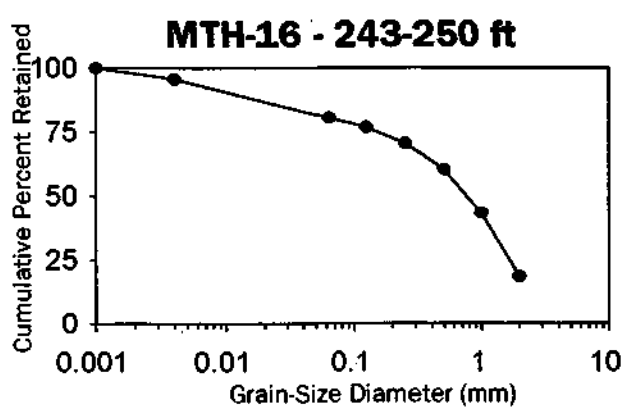
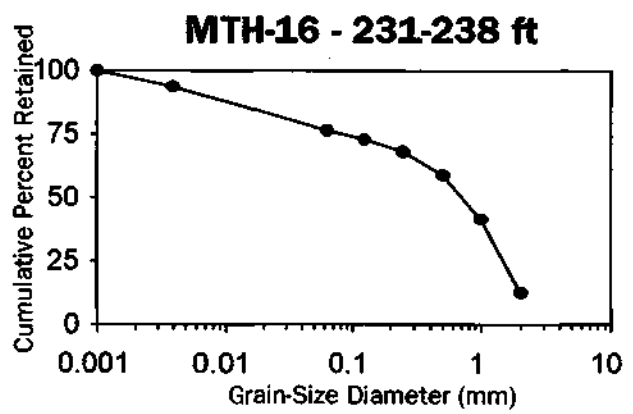
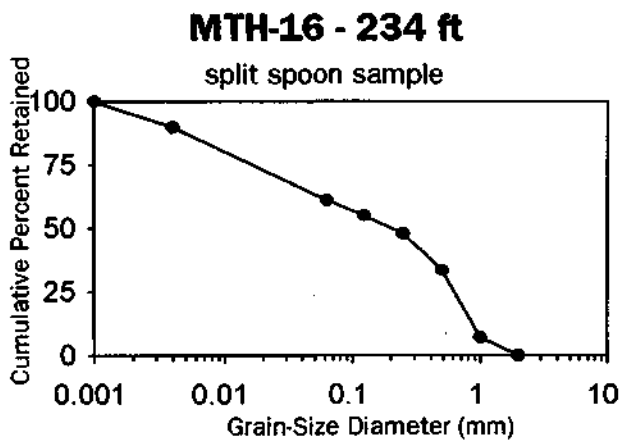
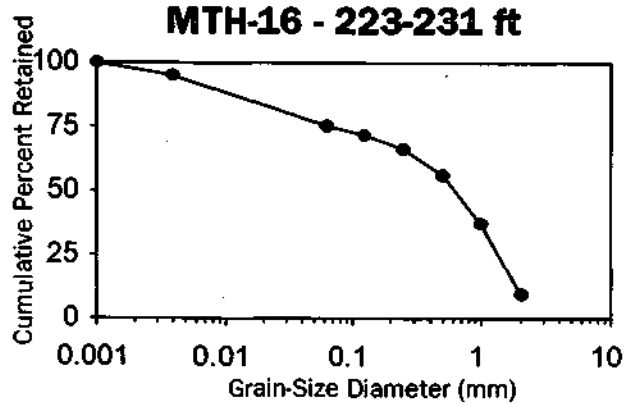
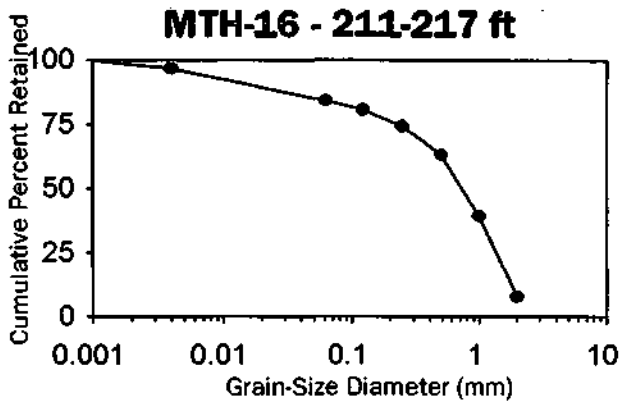


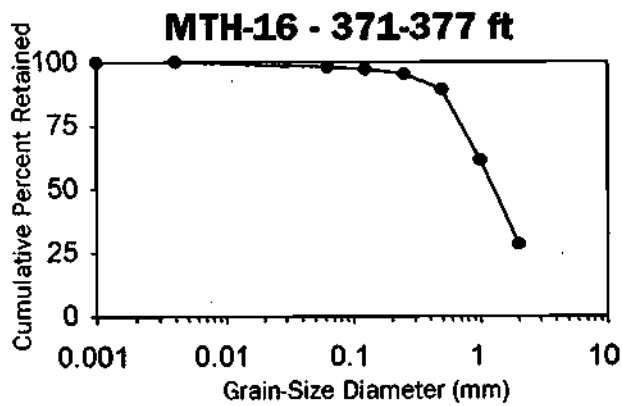
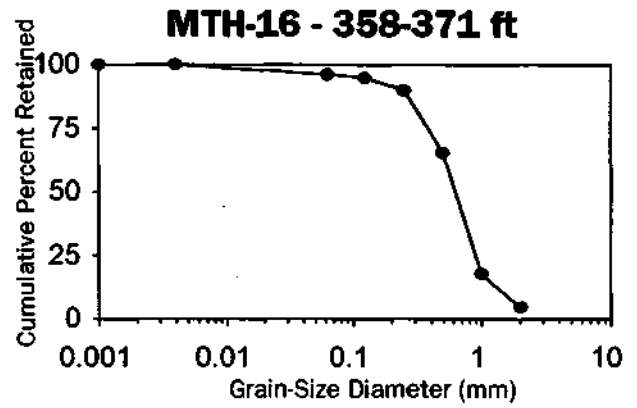
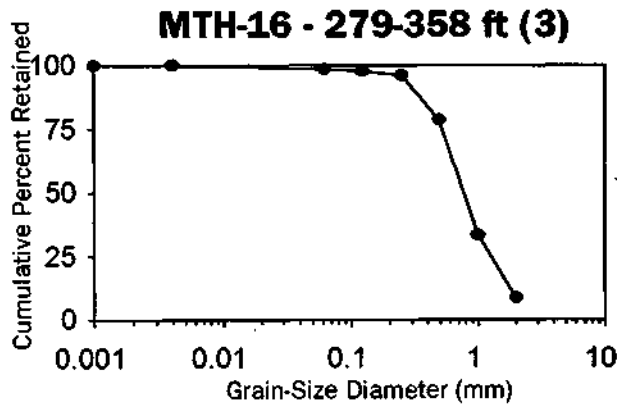
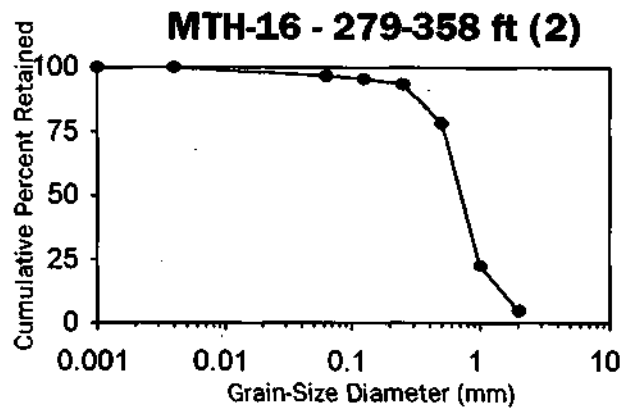
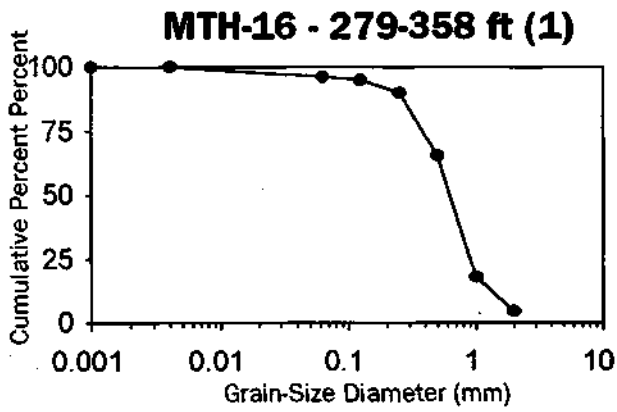
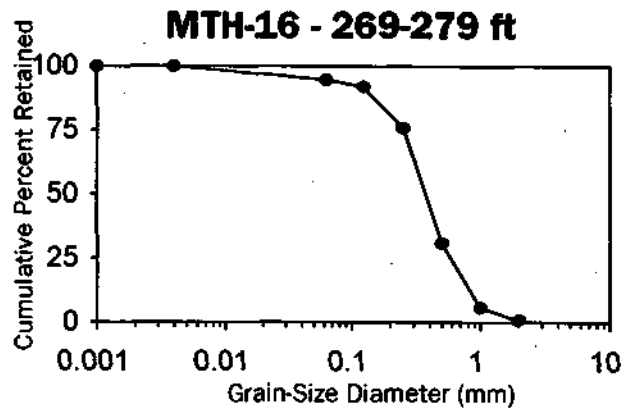
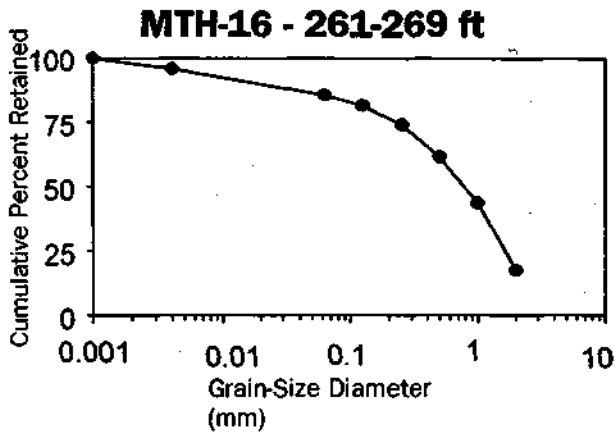


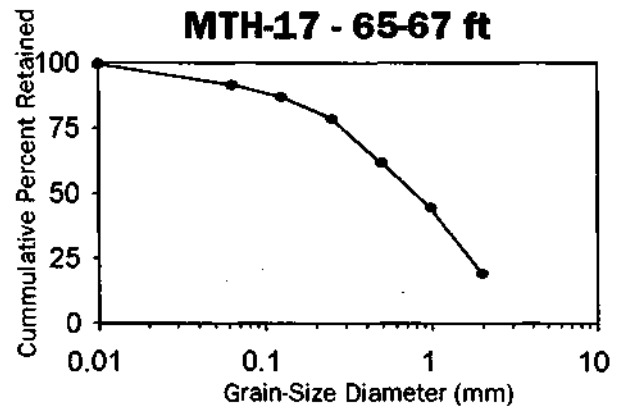
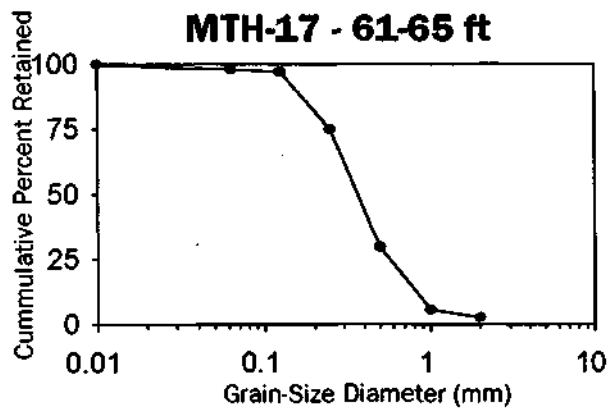
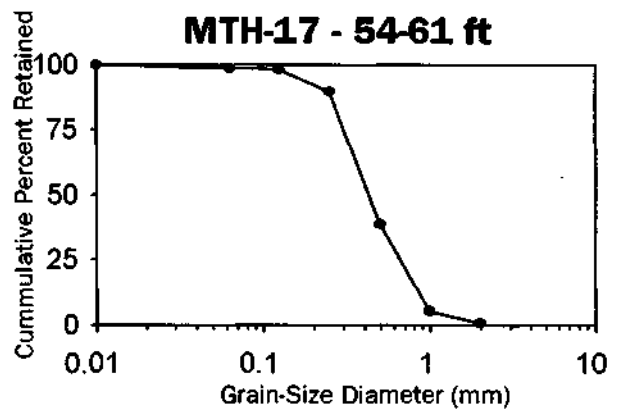
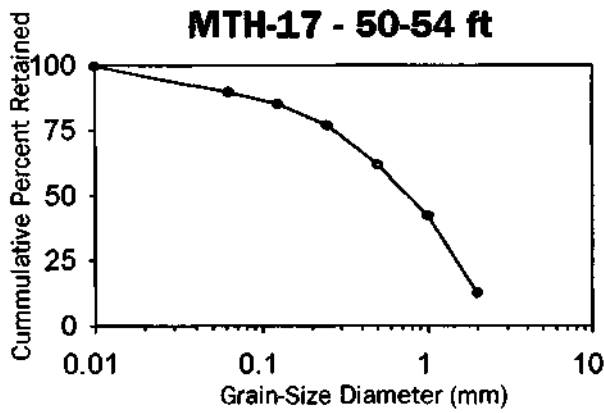
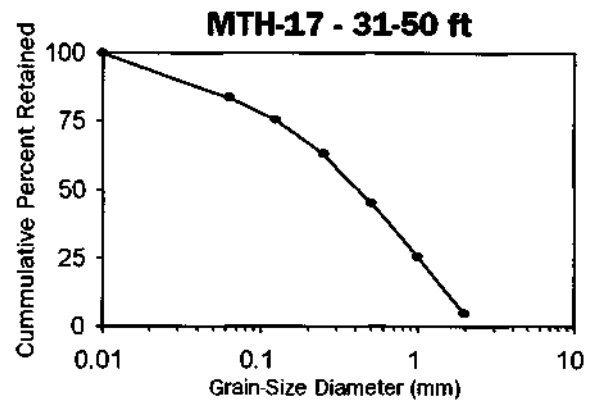
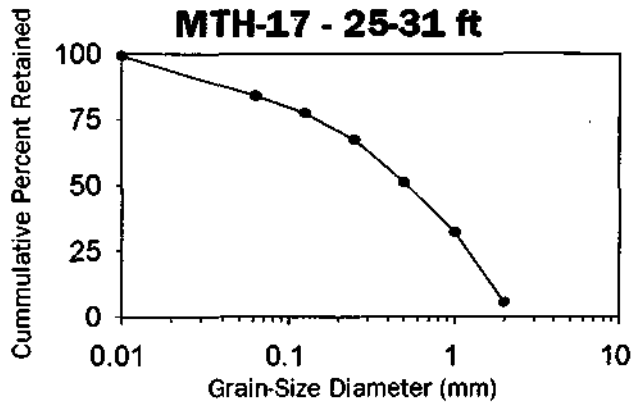
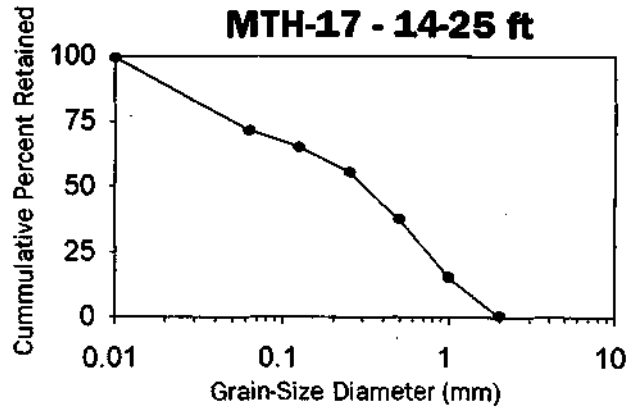
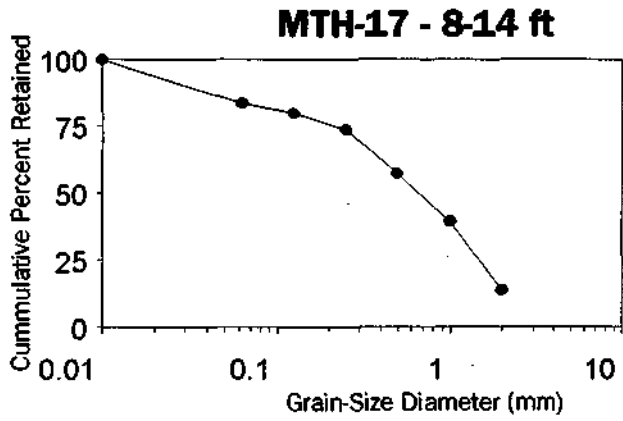


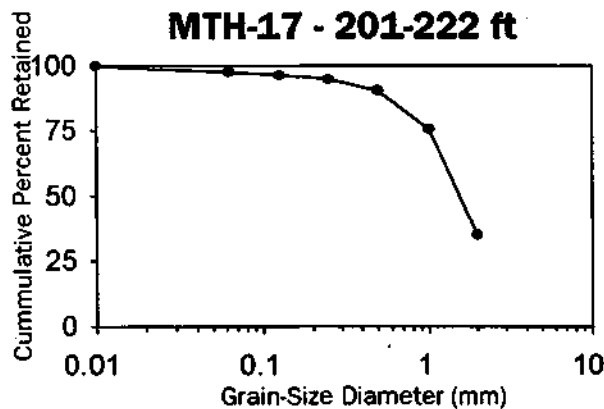
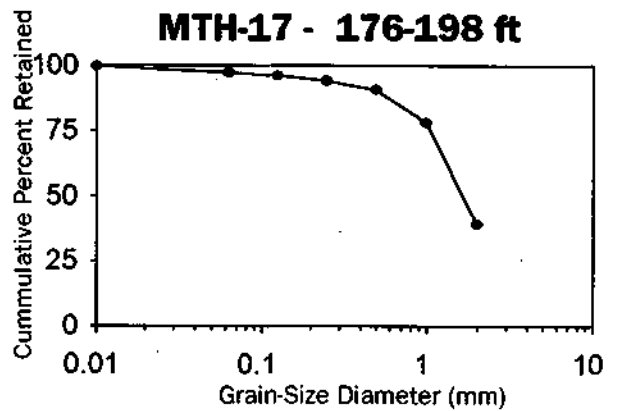
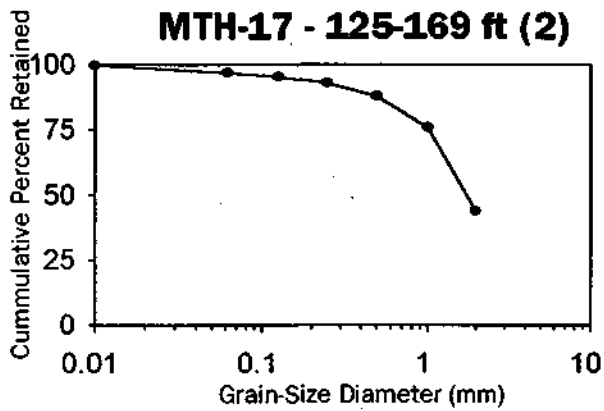
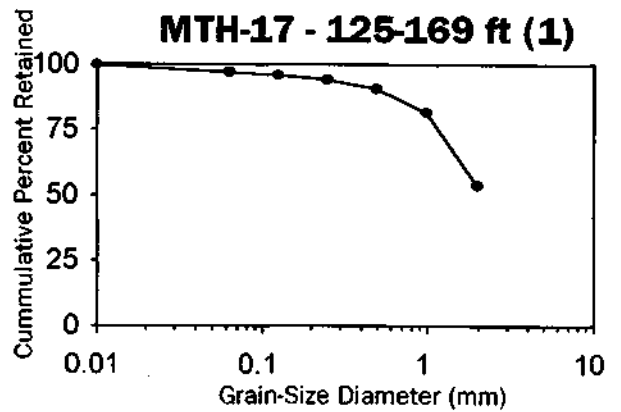
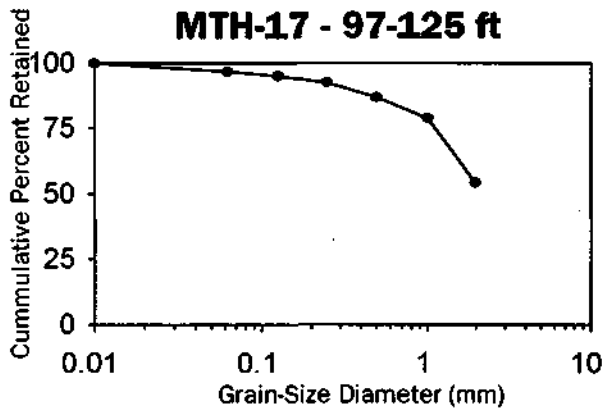
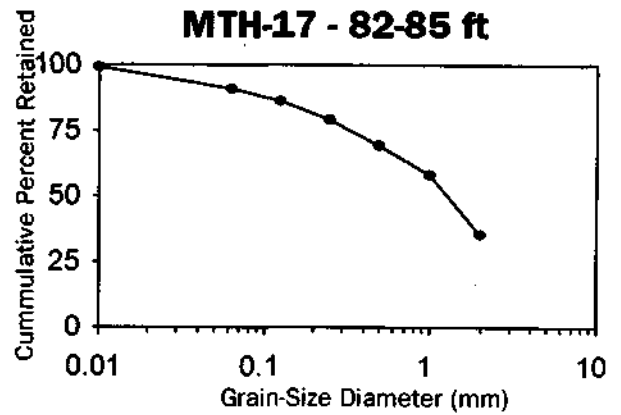
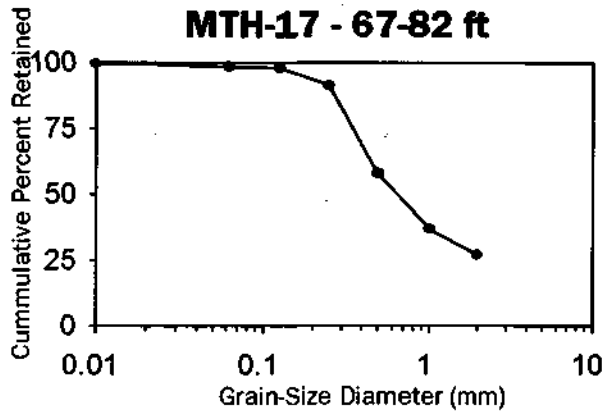


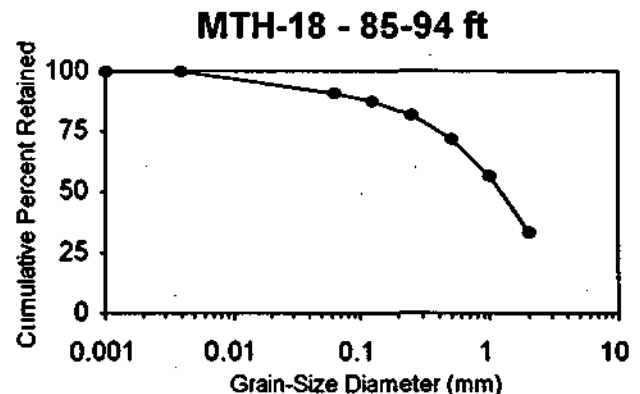
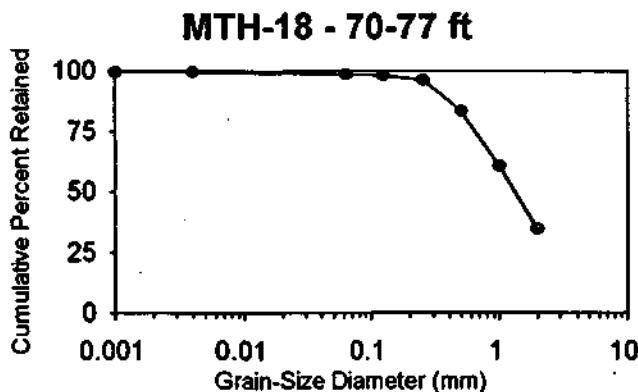
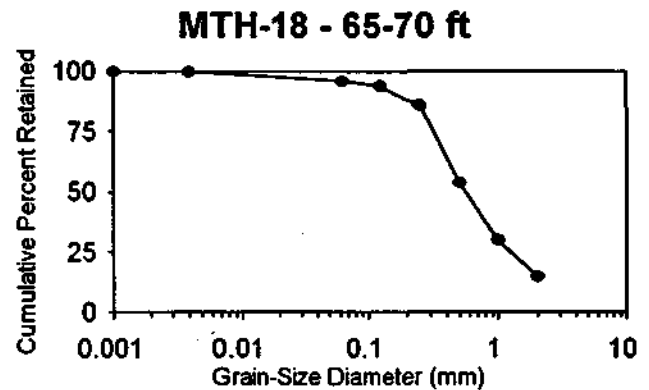
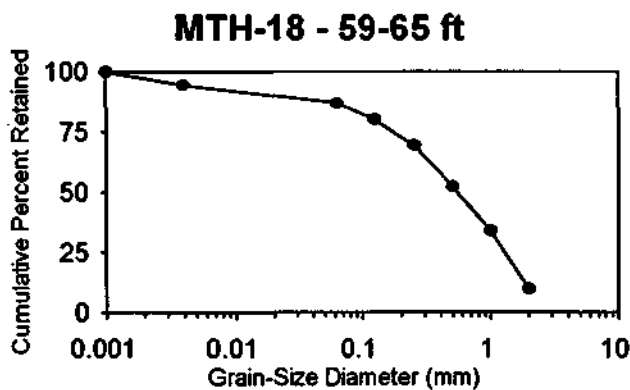
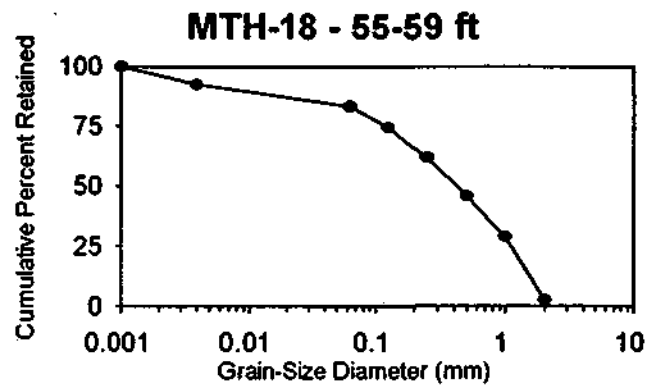
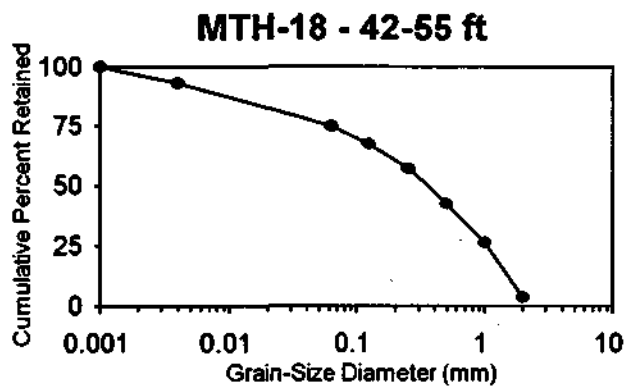
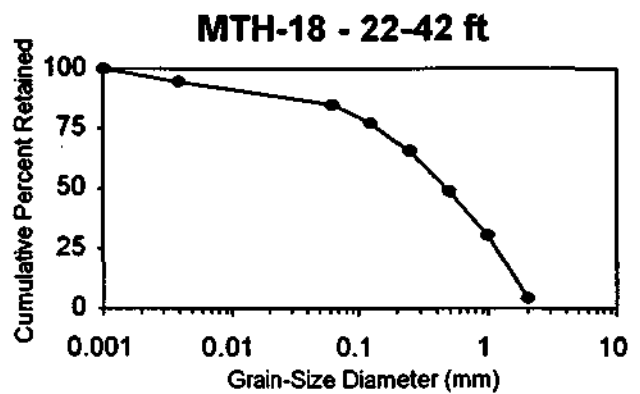
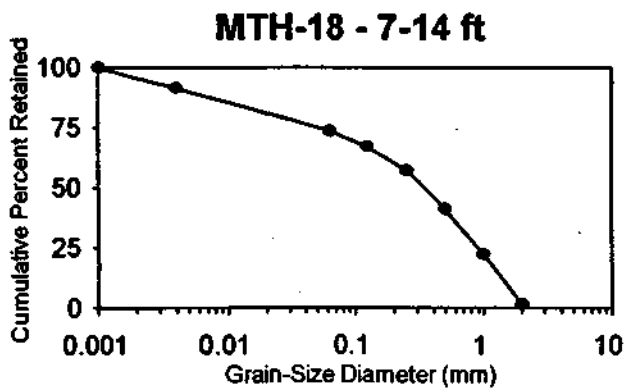


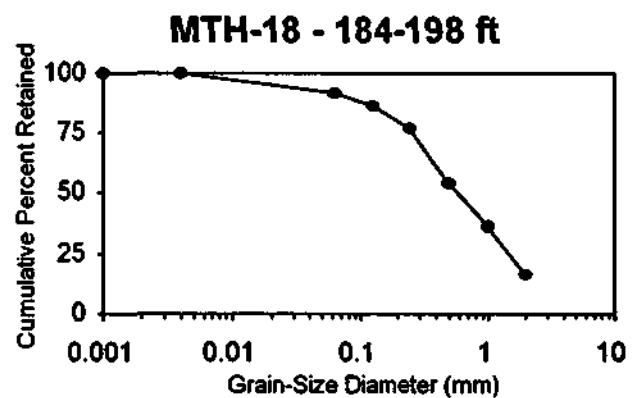
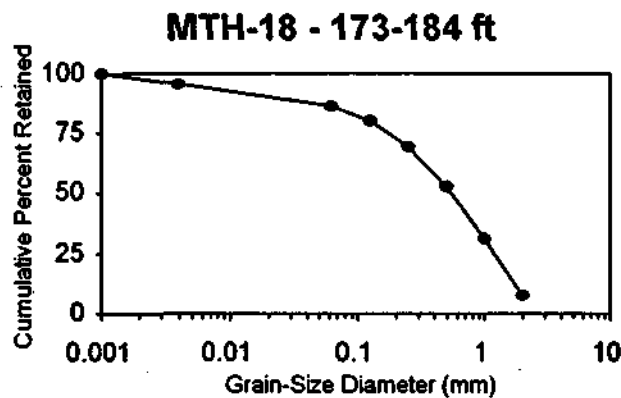
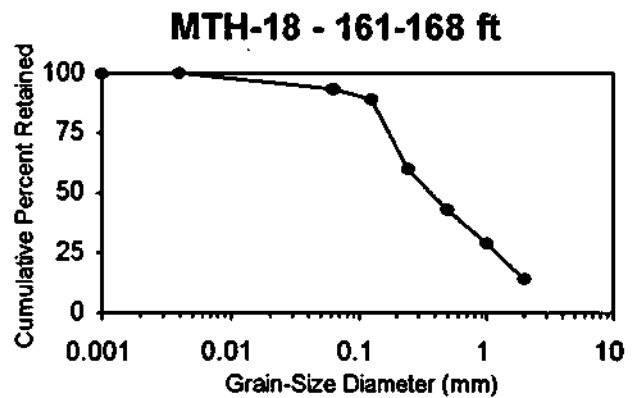
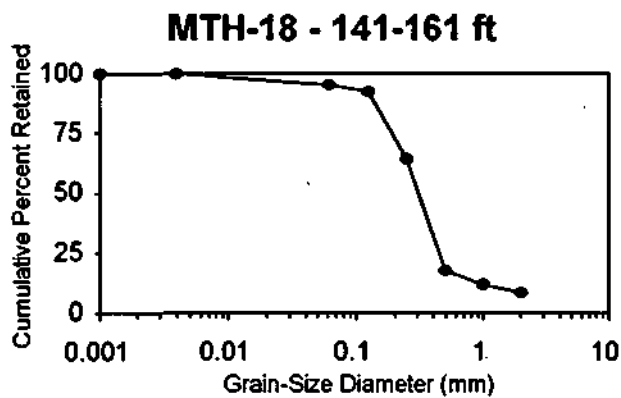
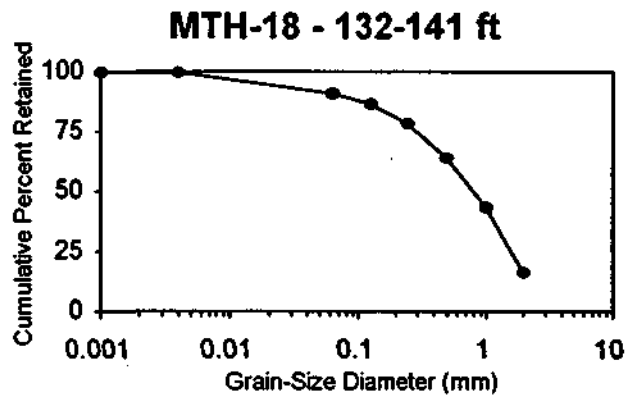
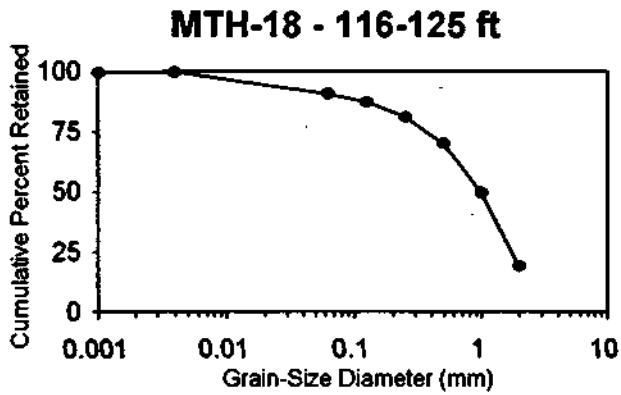
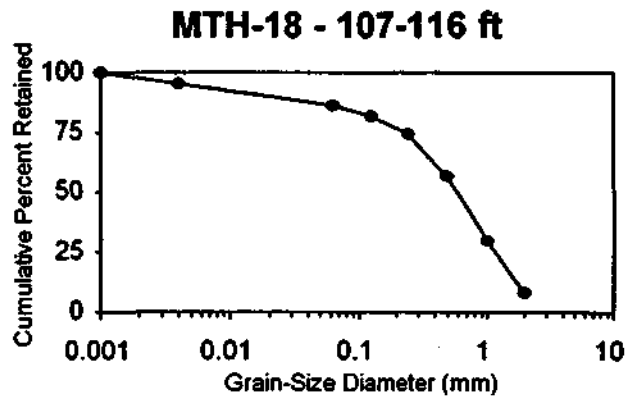
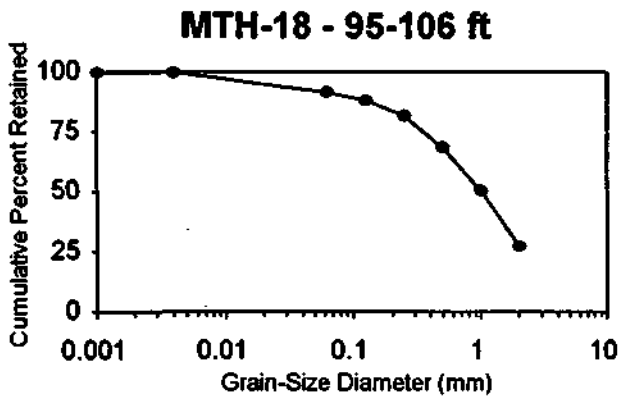


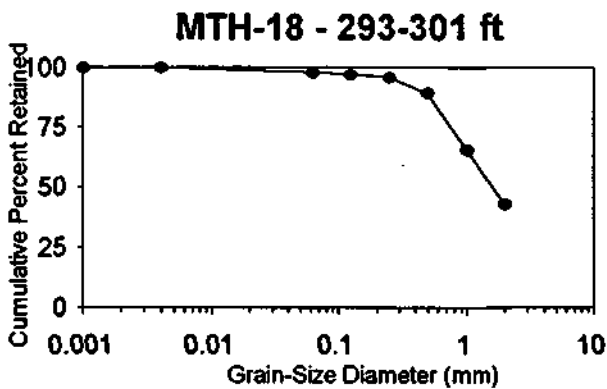
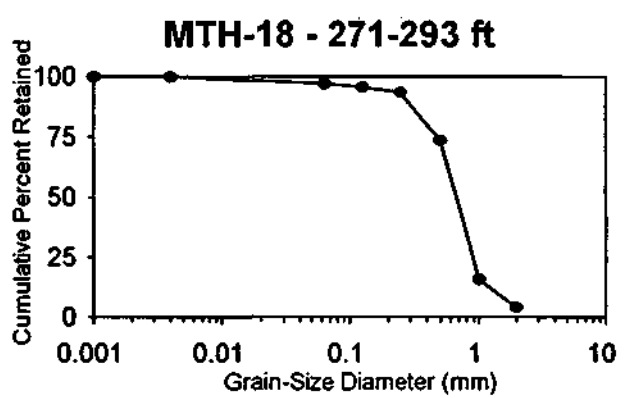
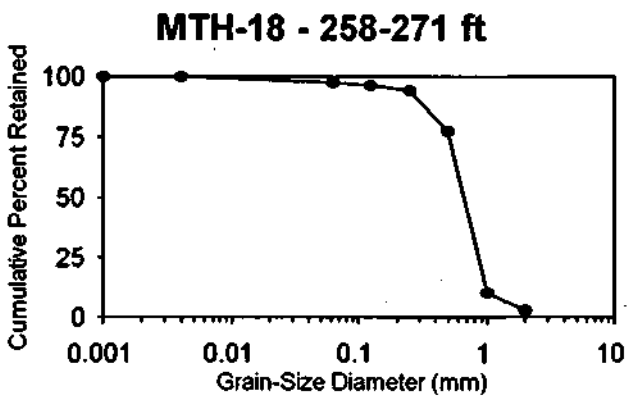
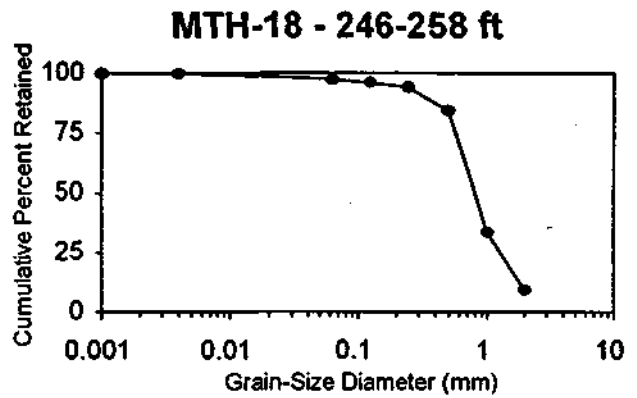
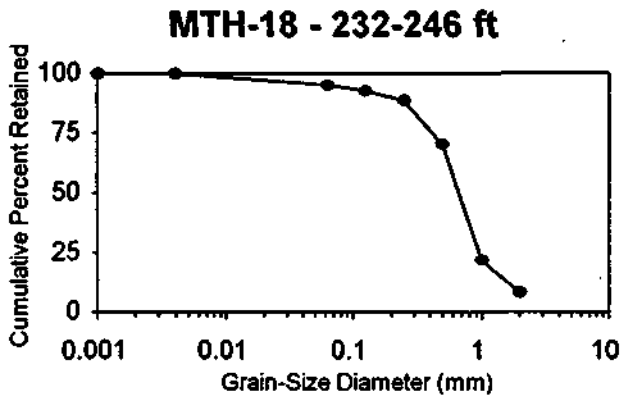
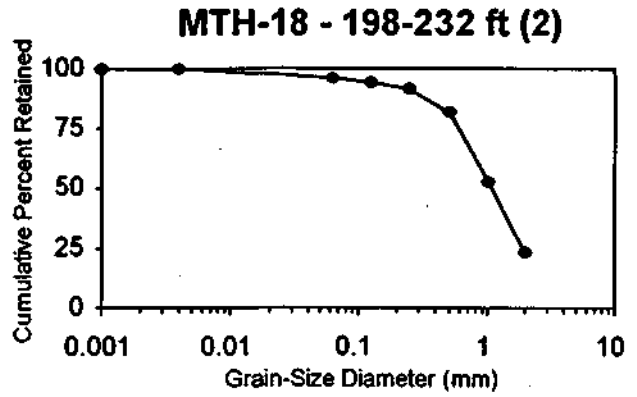
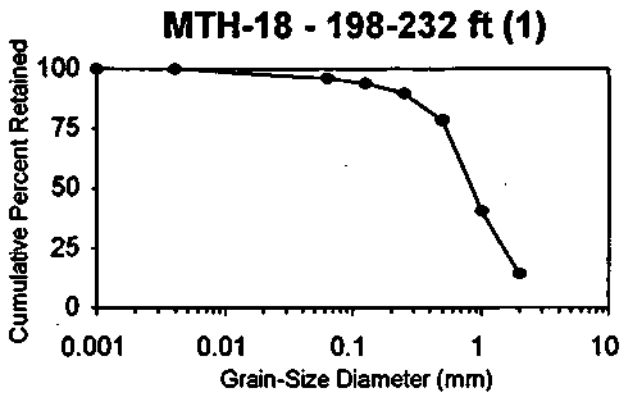


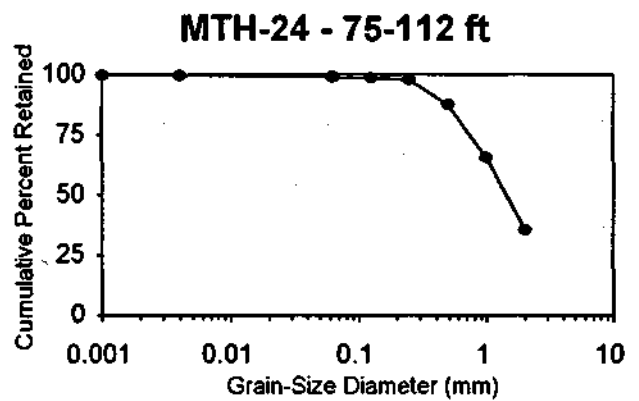
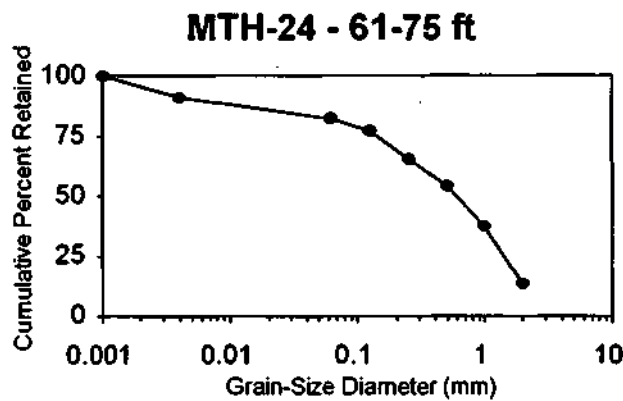
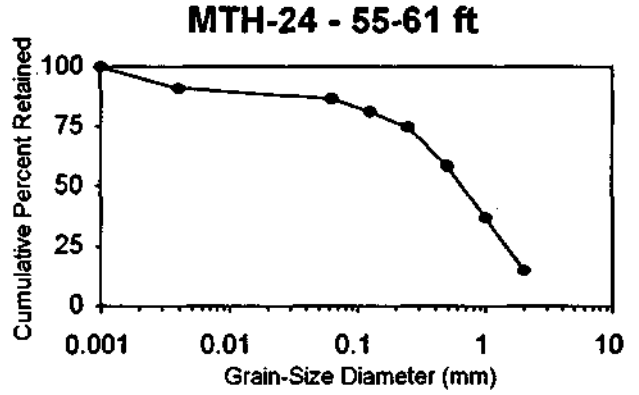
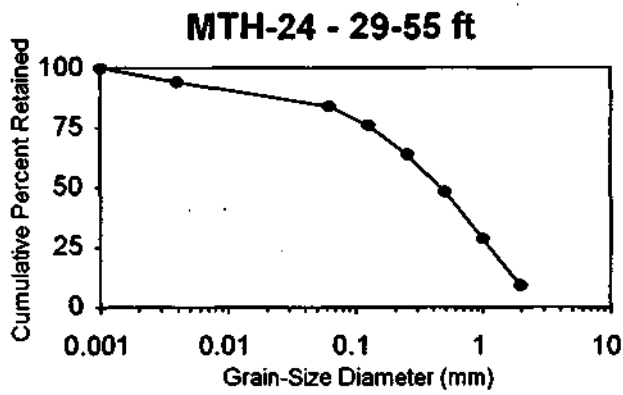
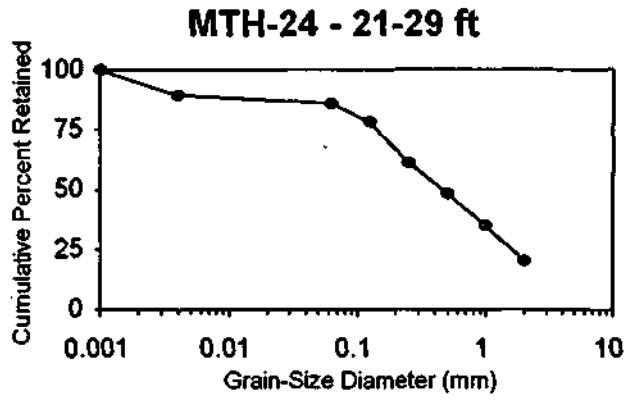
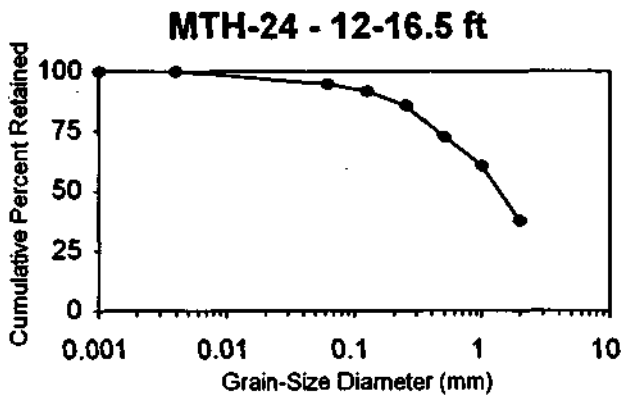


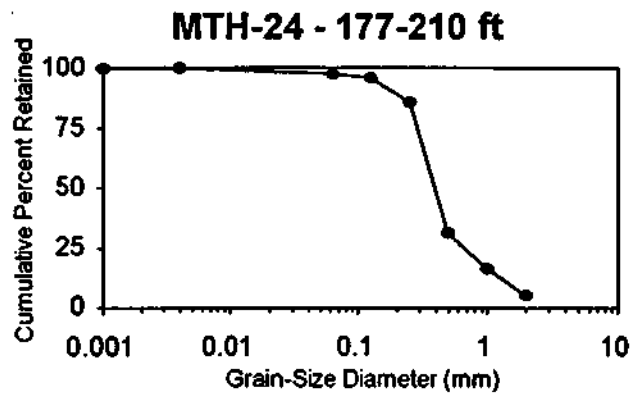
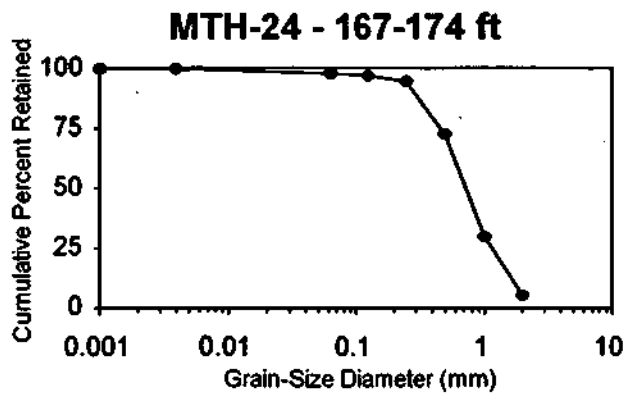
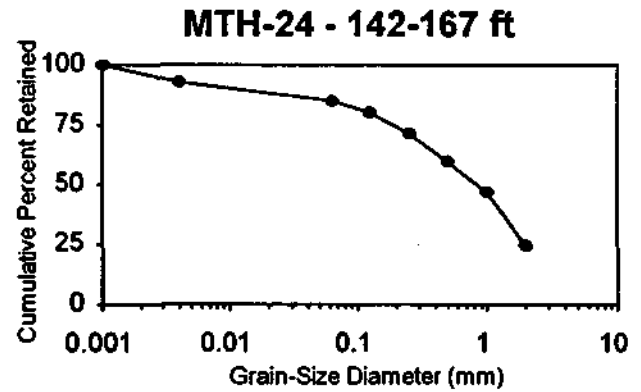
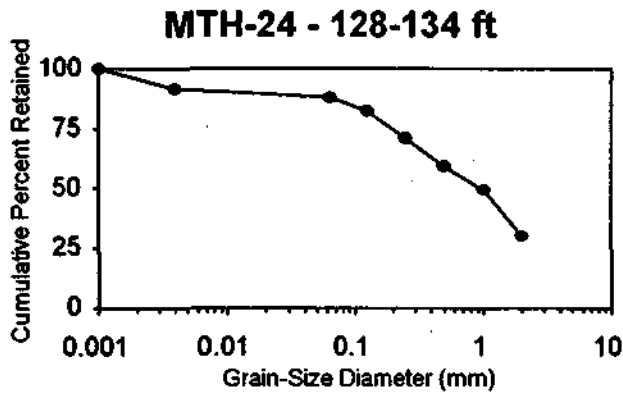
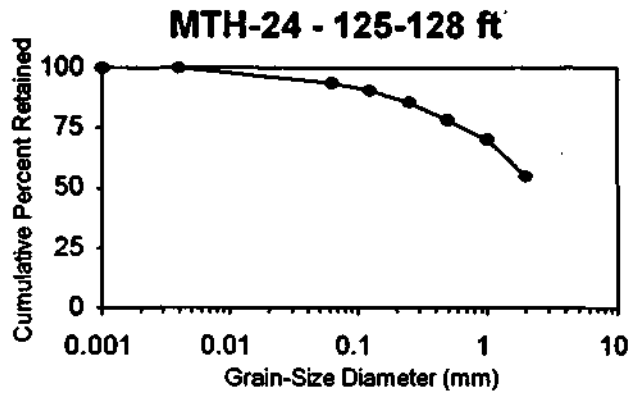
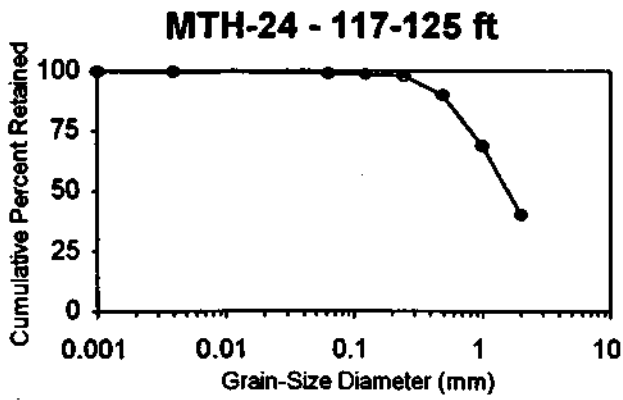


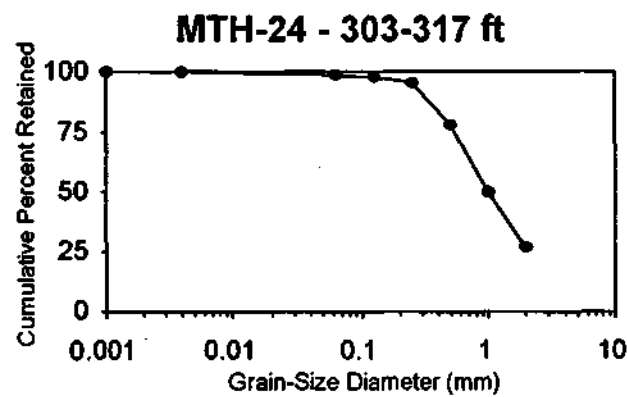
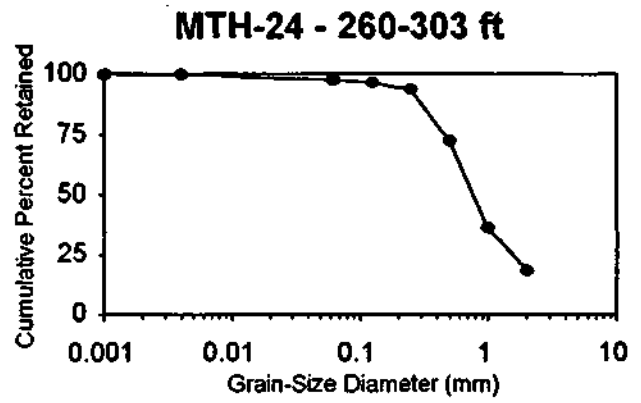
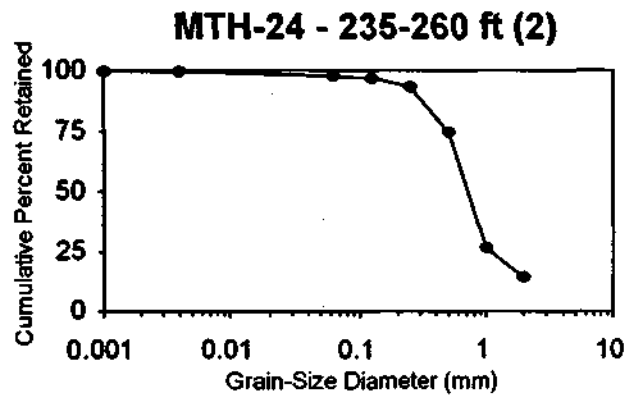
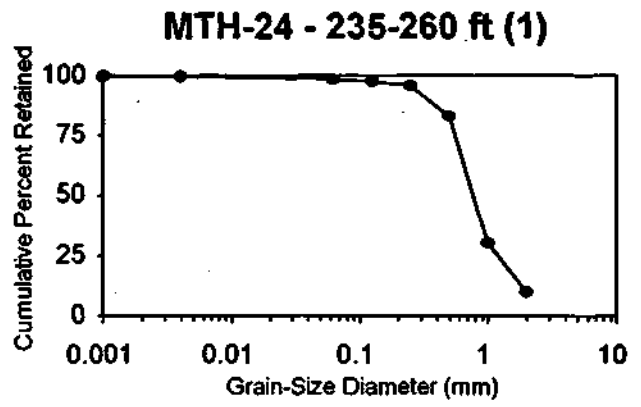
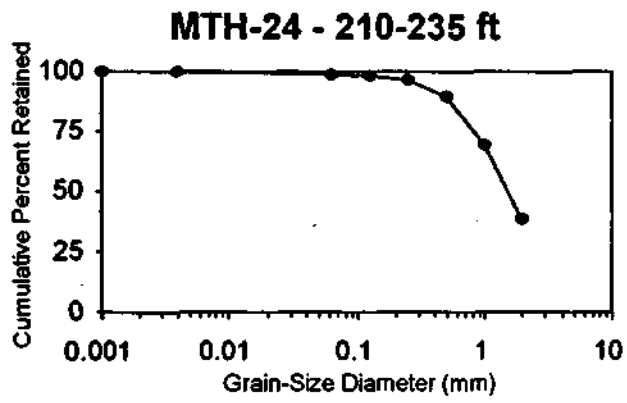


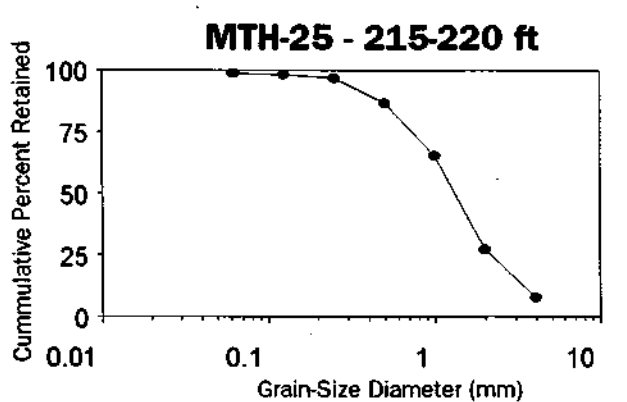
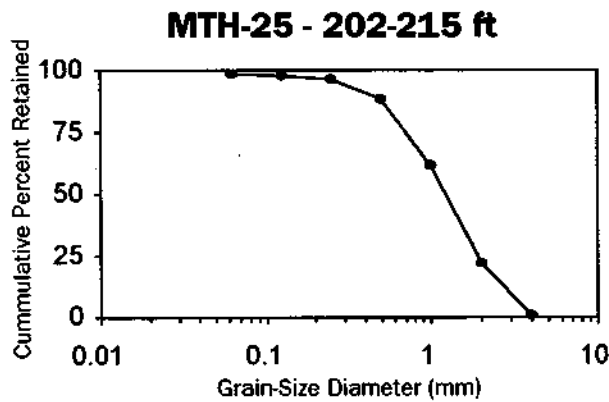
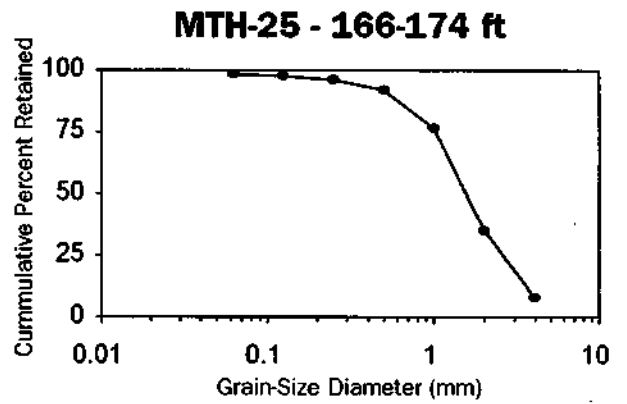
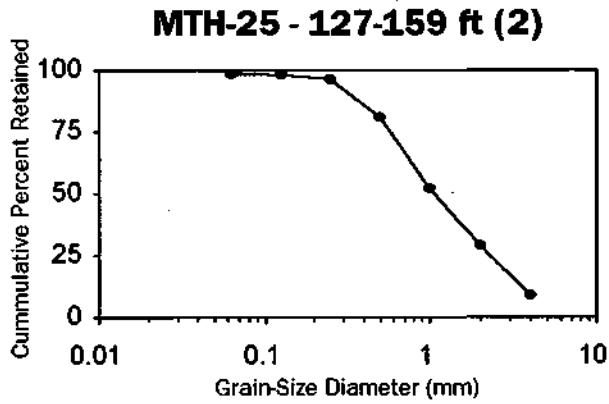
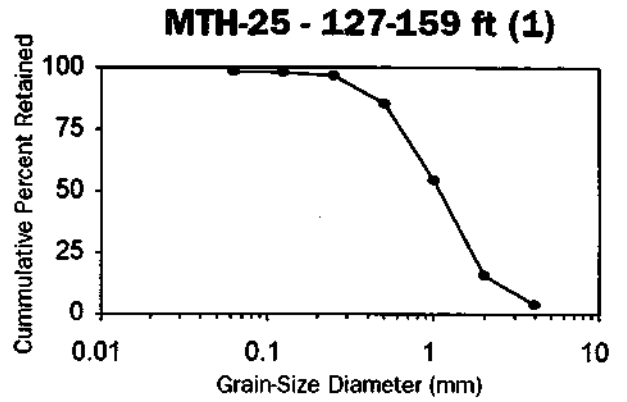
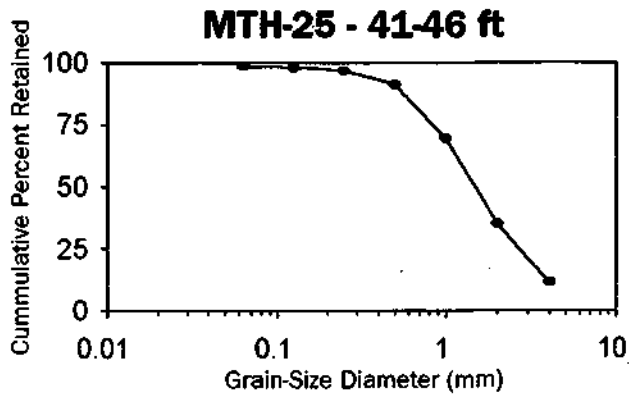


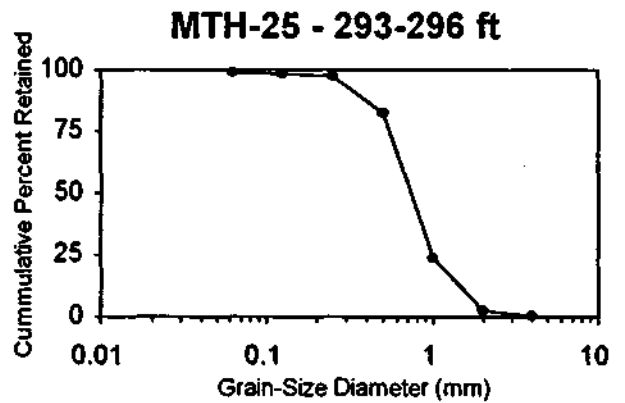
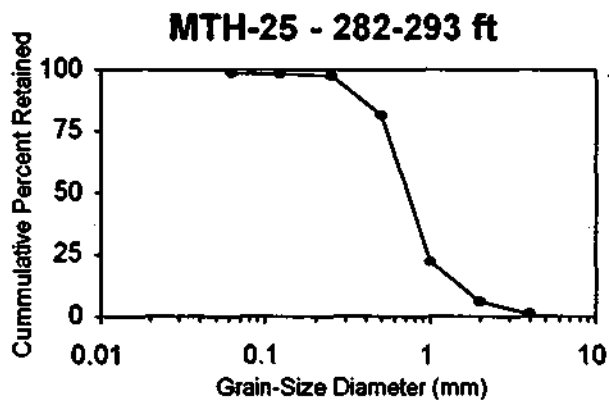
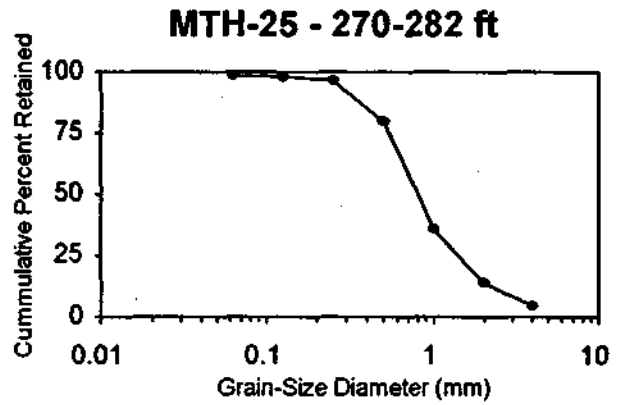
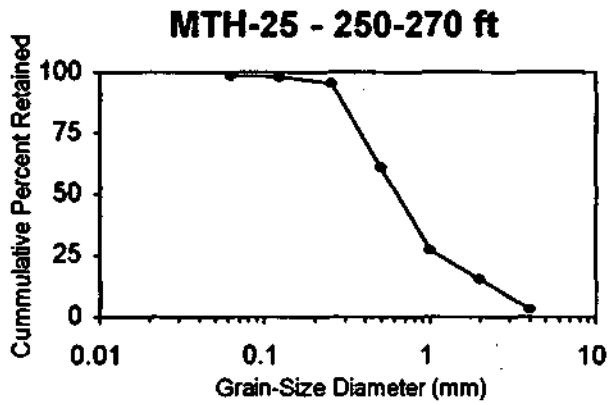
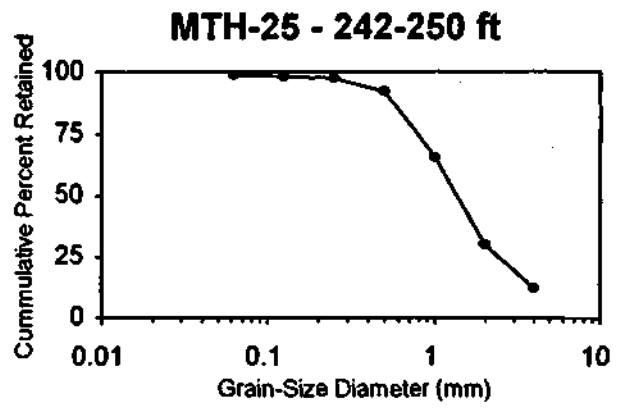
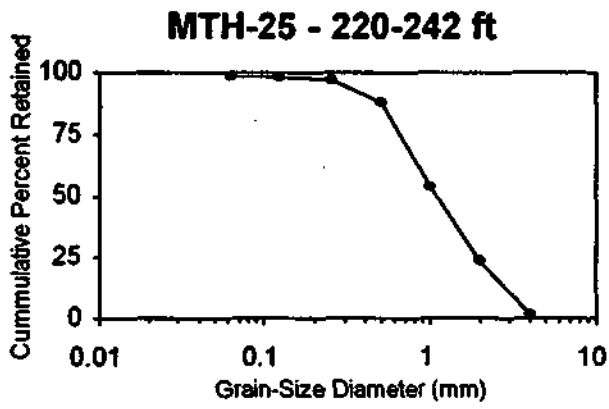


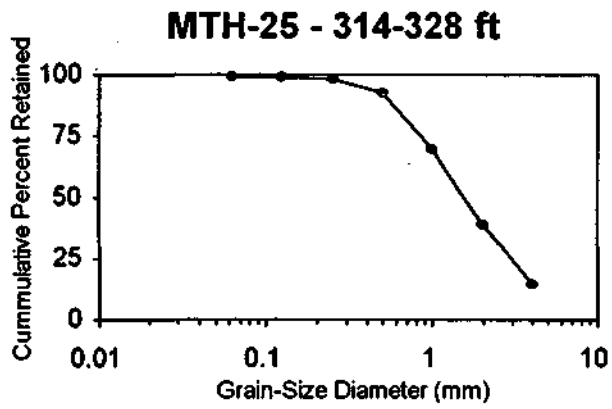
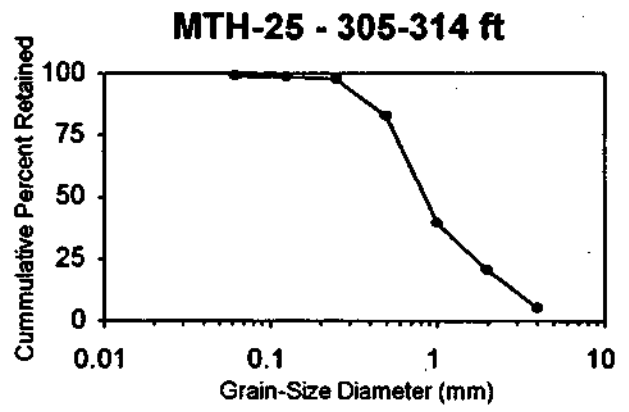
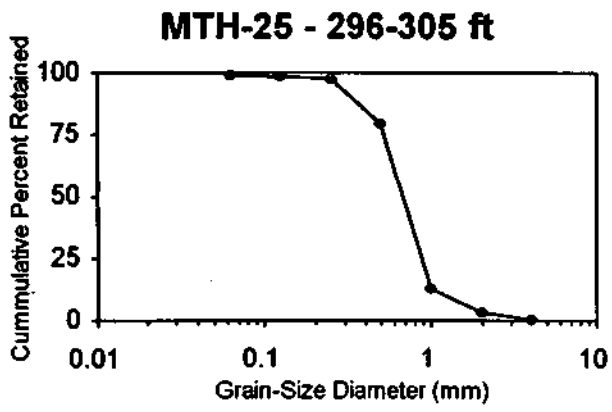




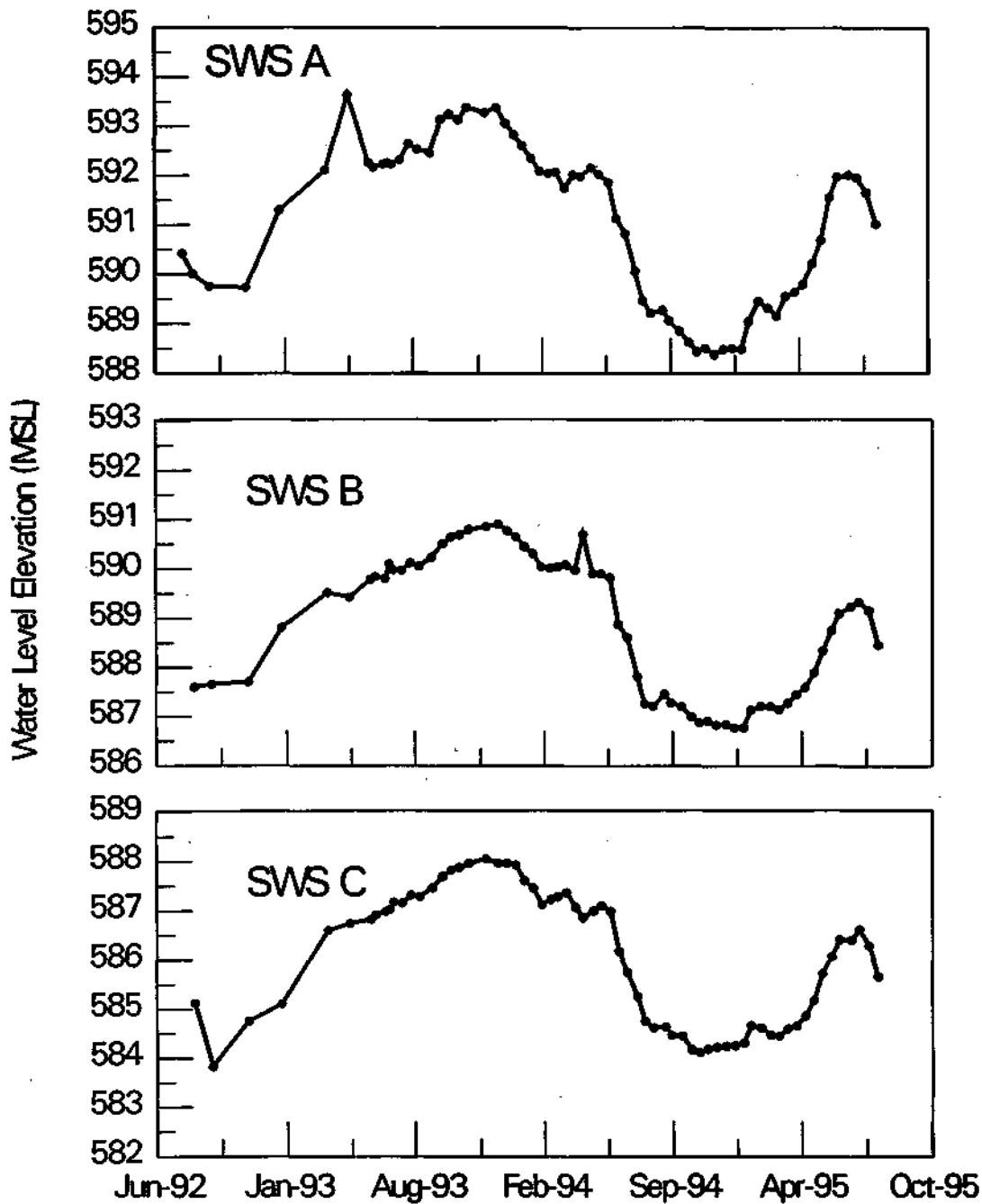


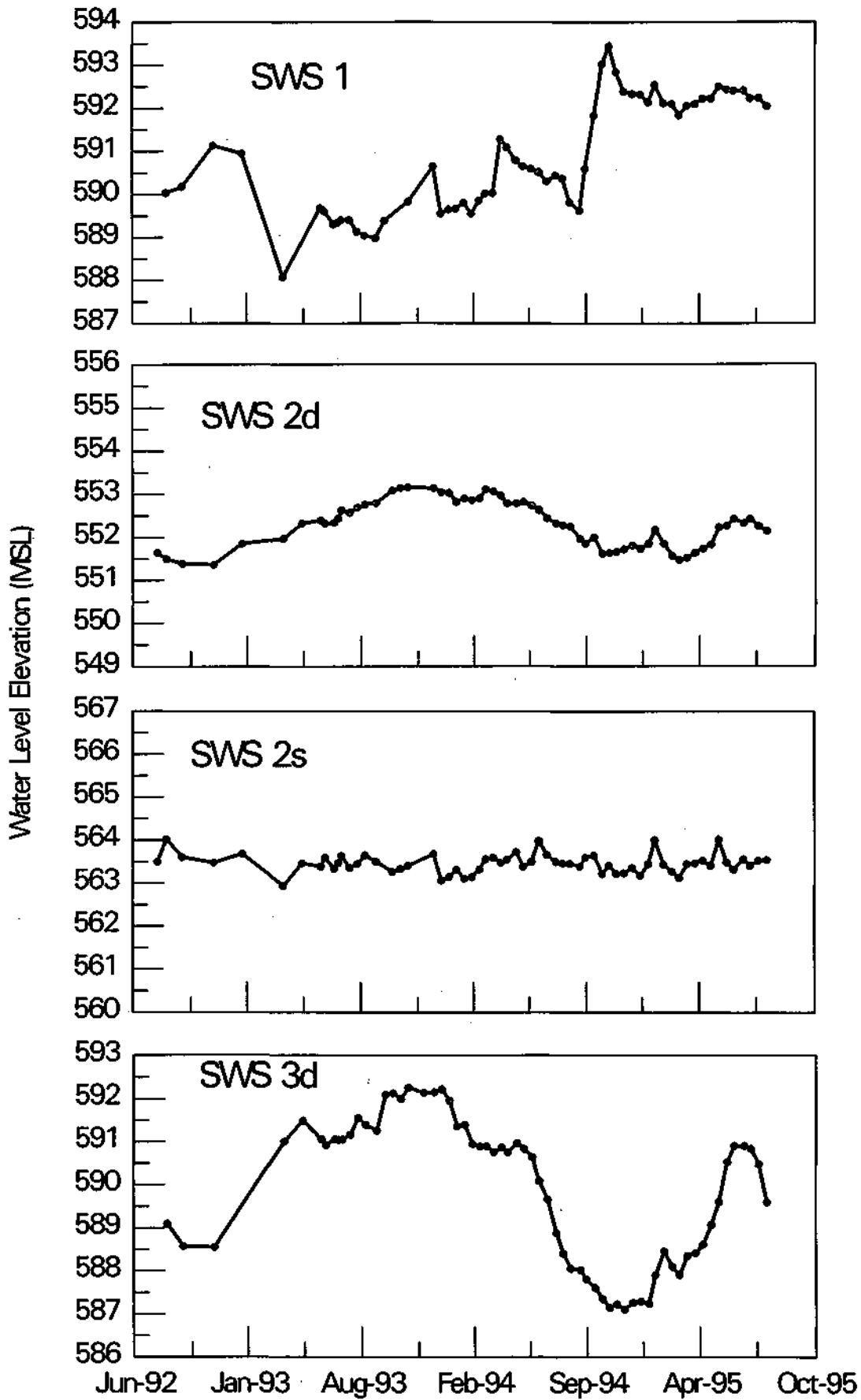


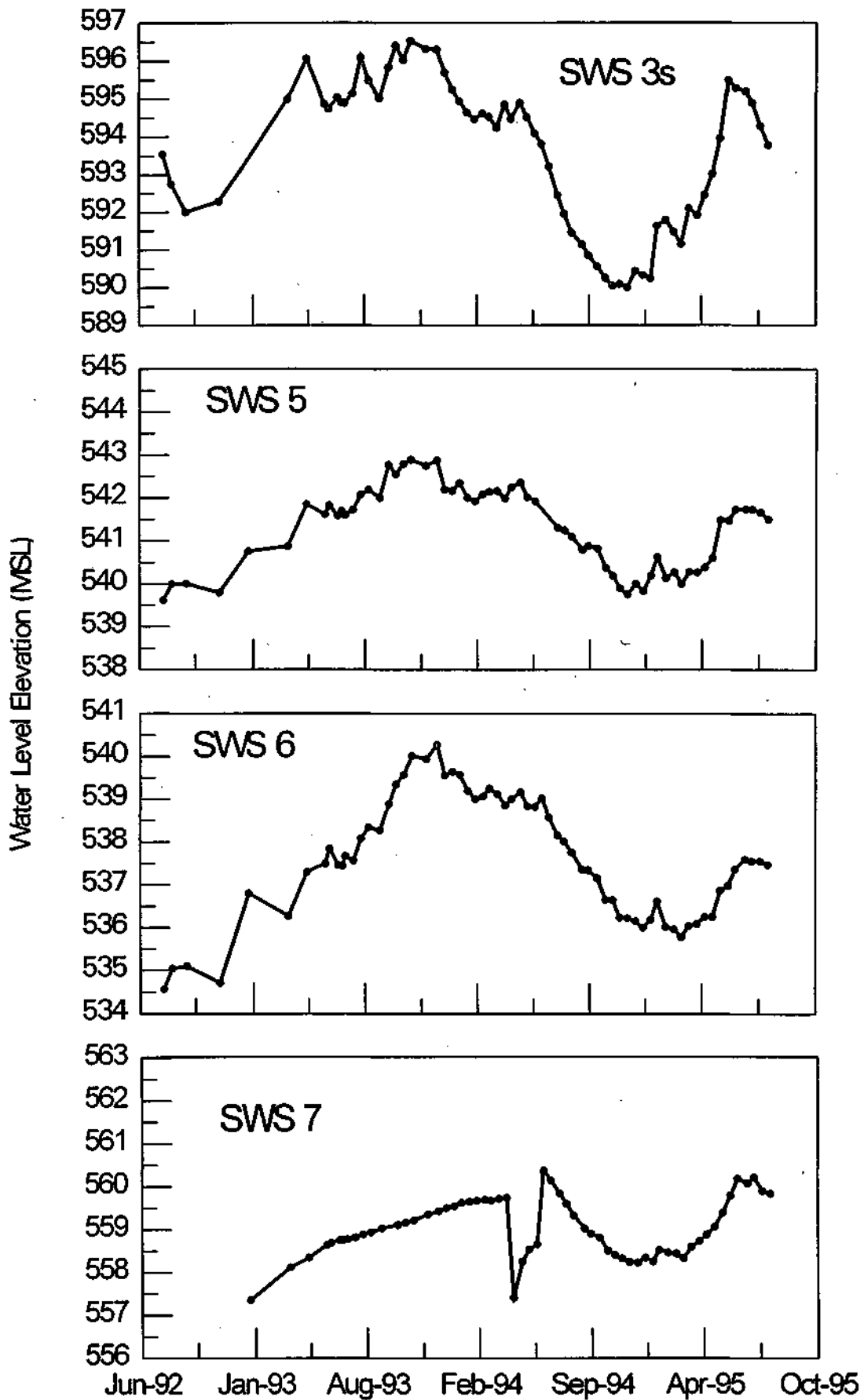




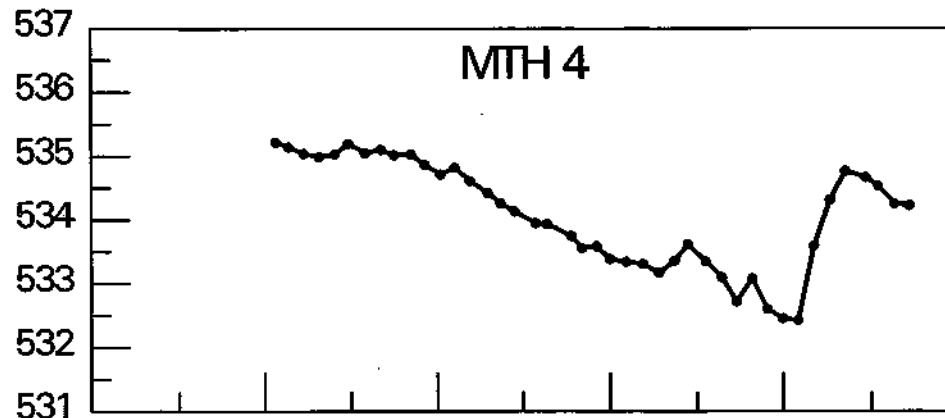
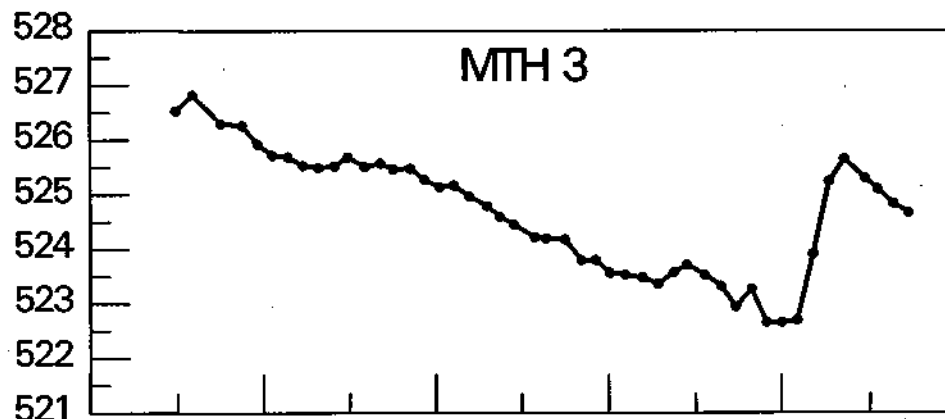
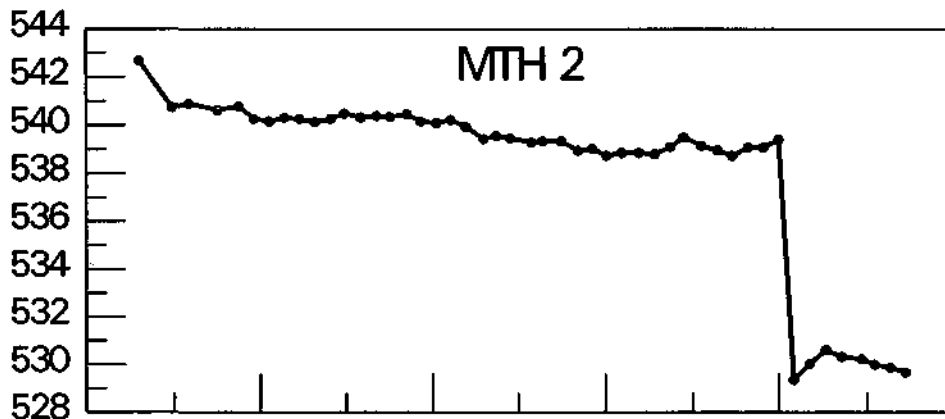
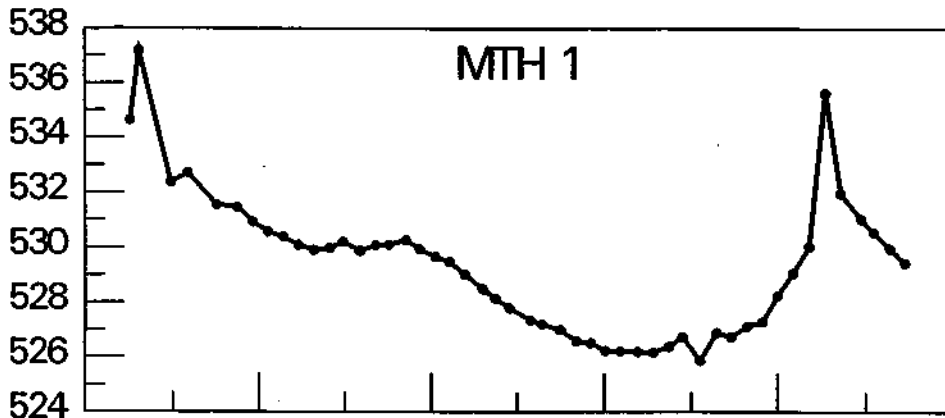
APPENDIX D HYDROGRAPHS FOR THE 39 DEDICATED OBSERVATION WELLS IN THE STUDY AREA

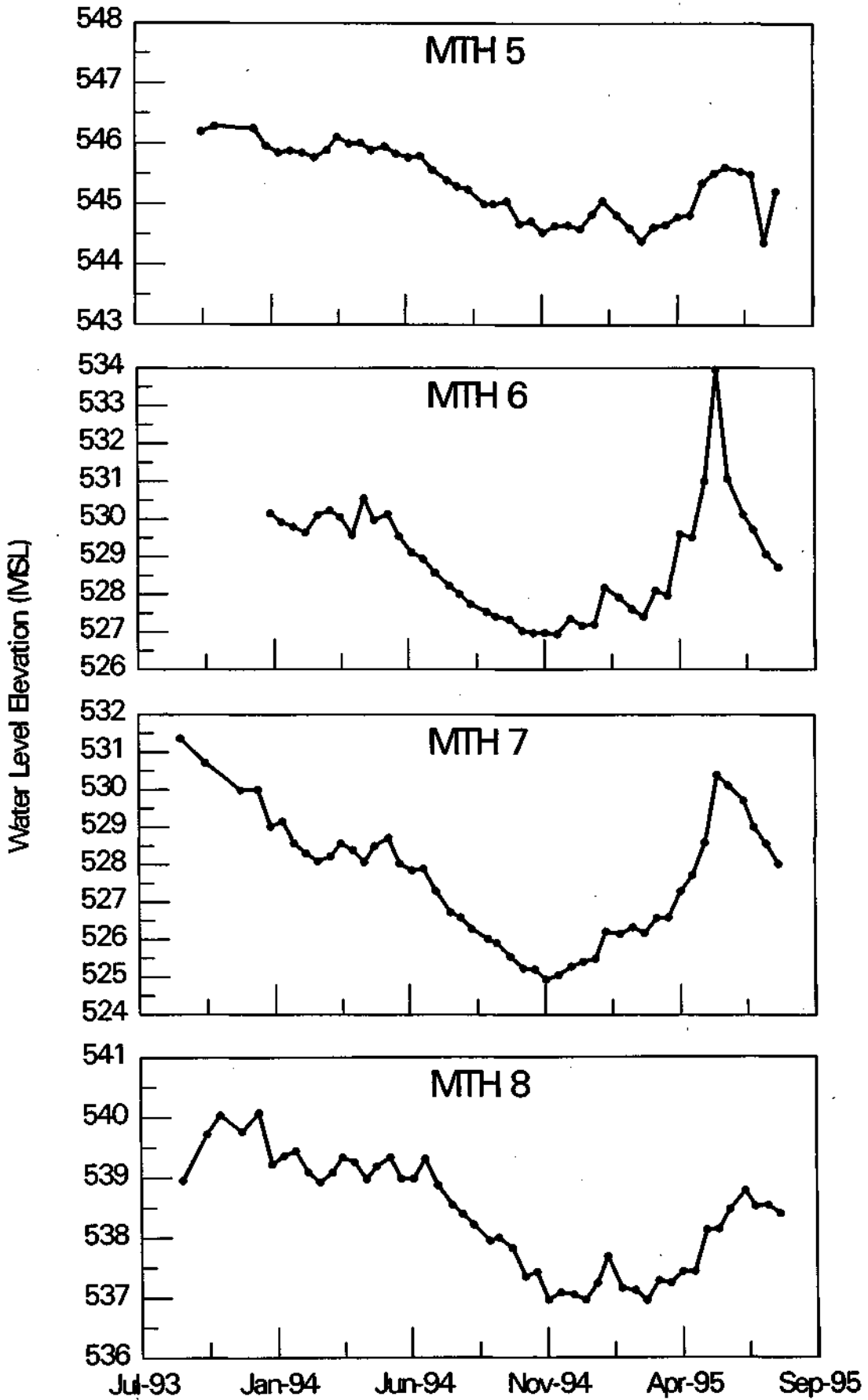


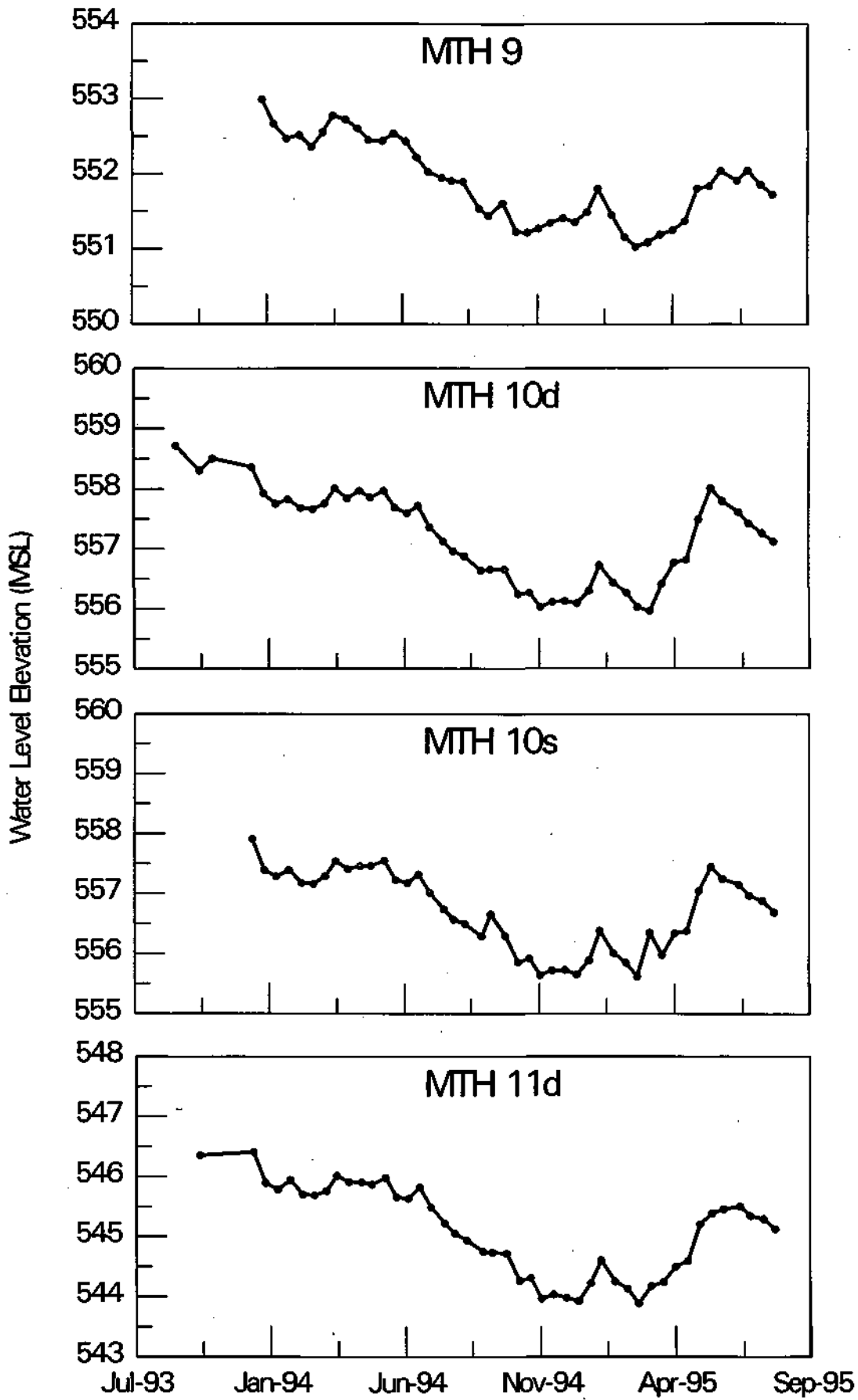


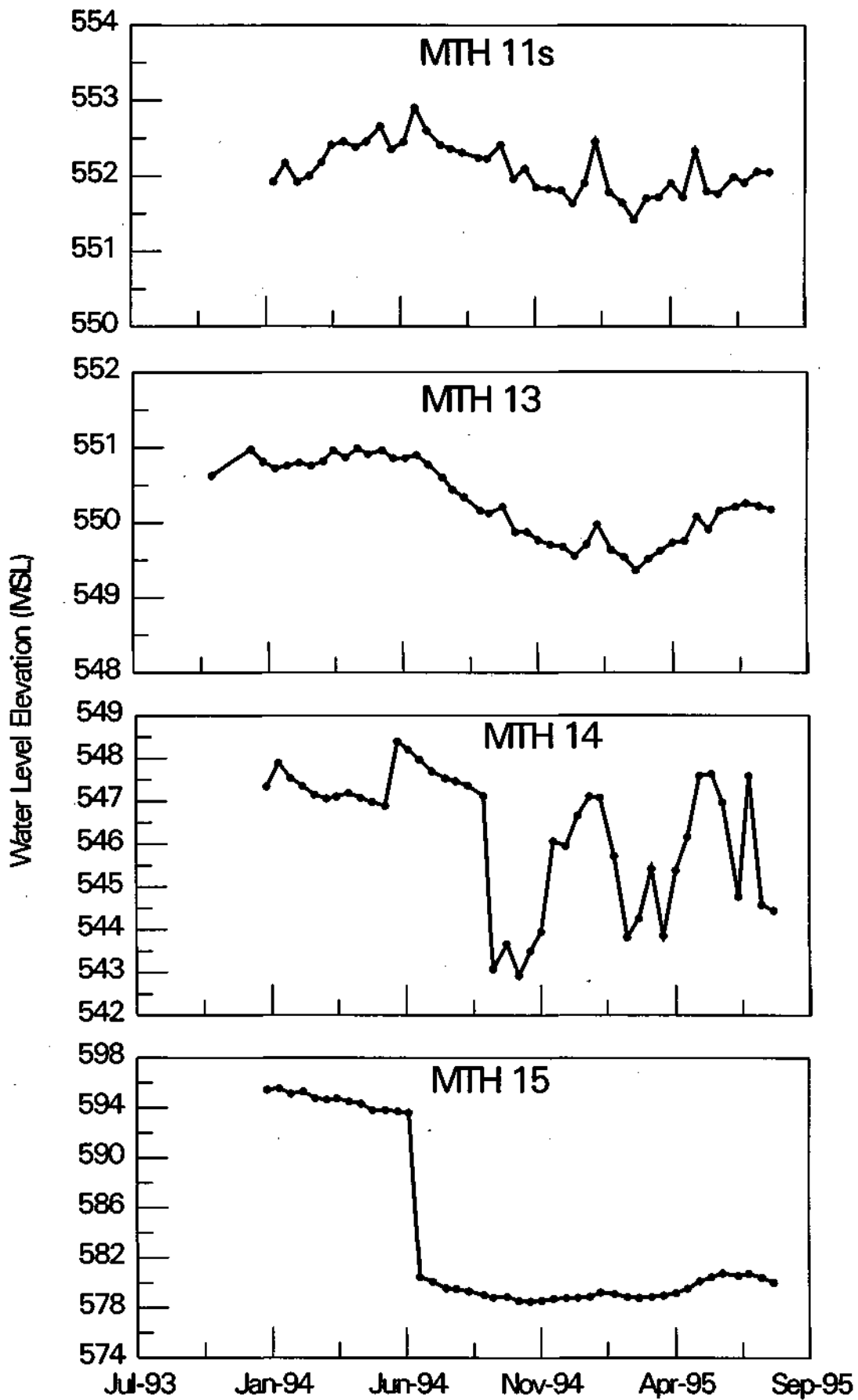


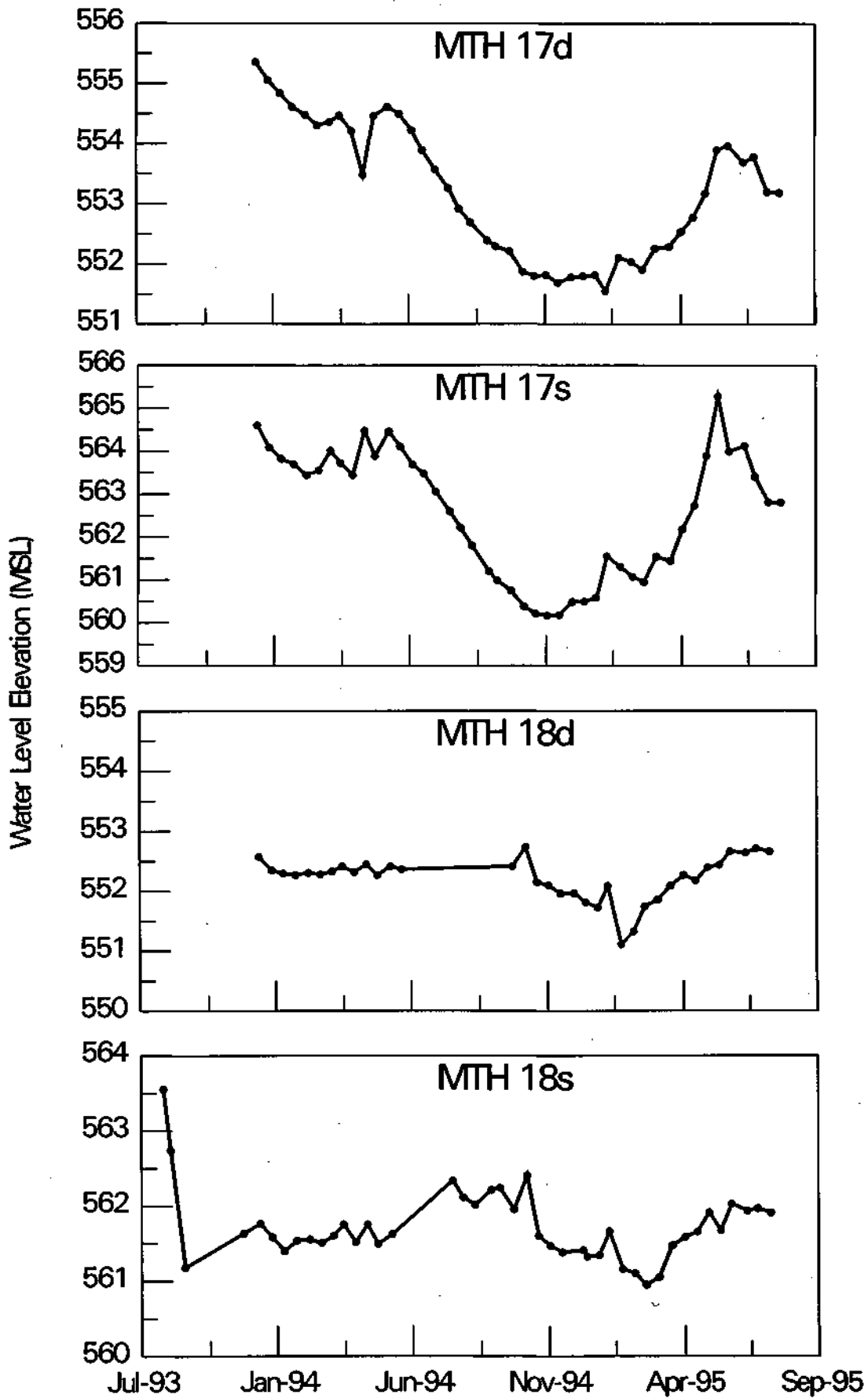
Water Level Elevation (MSL)

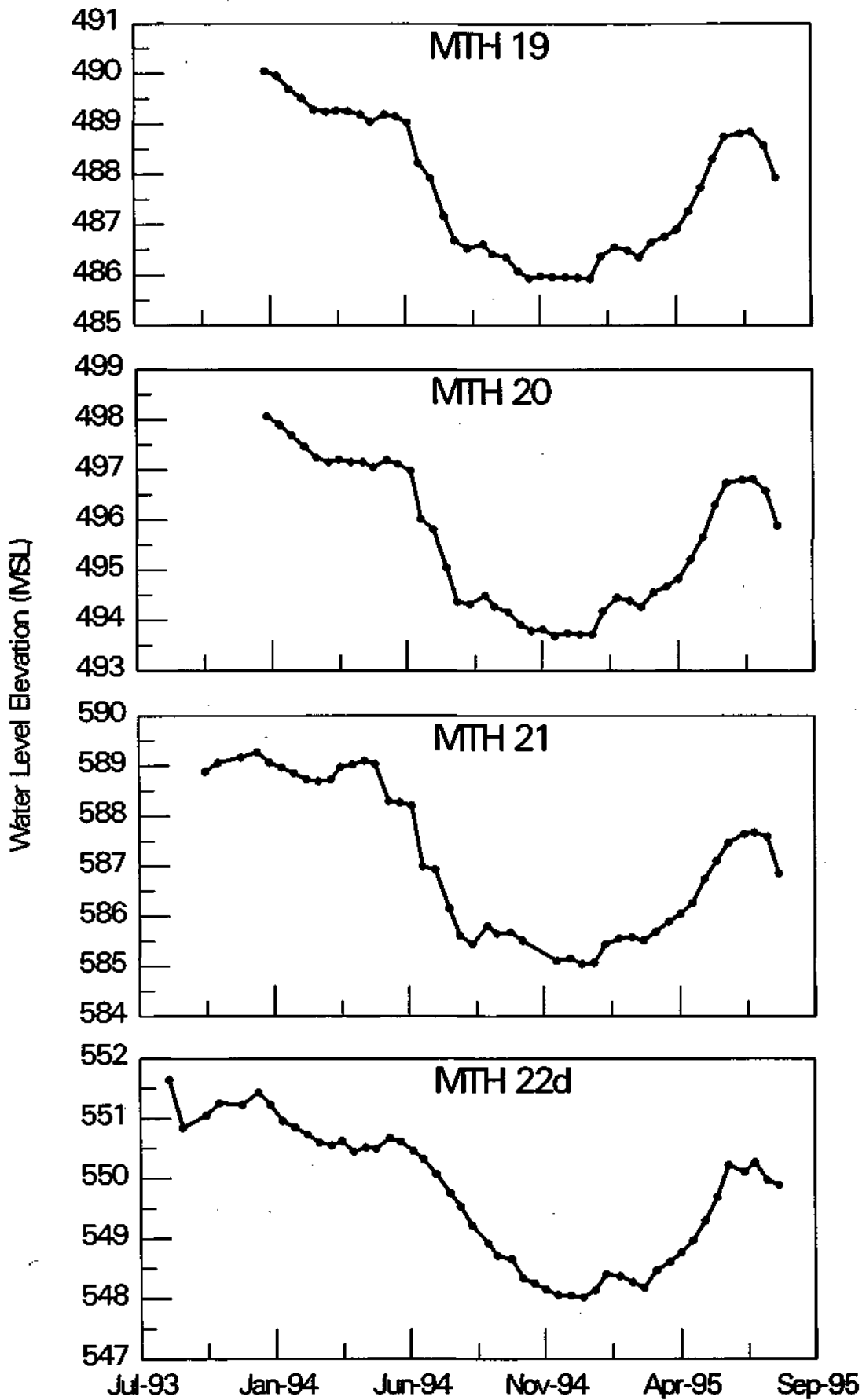


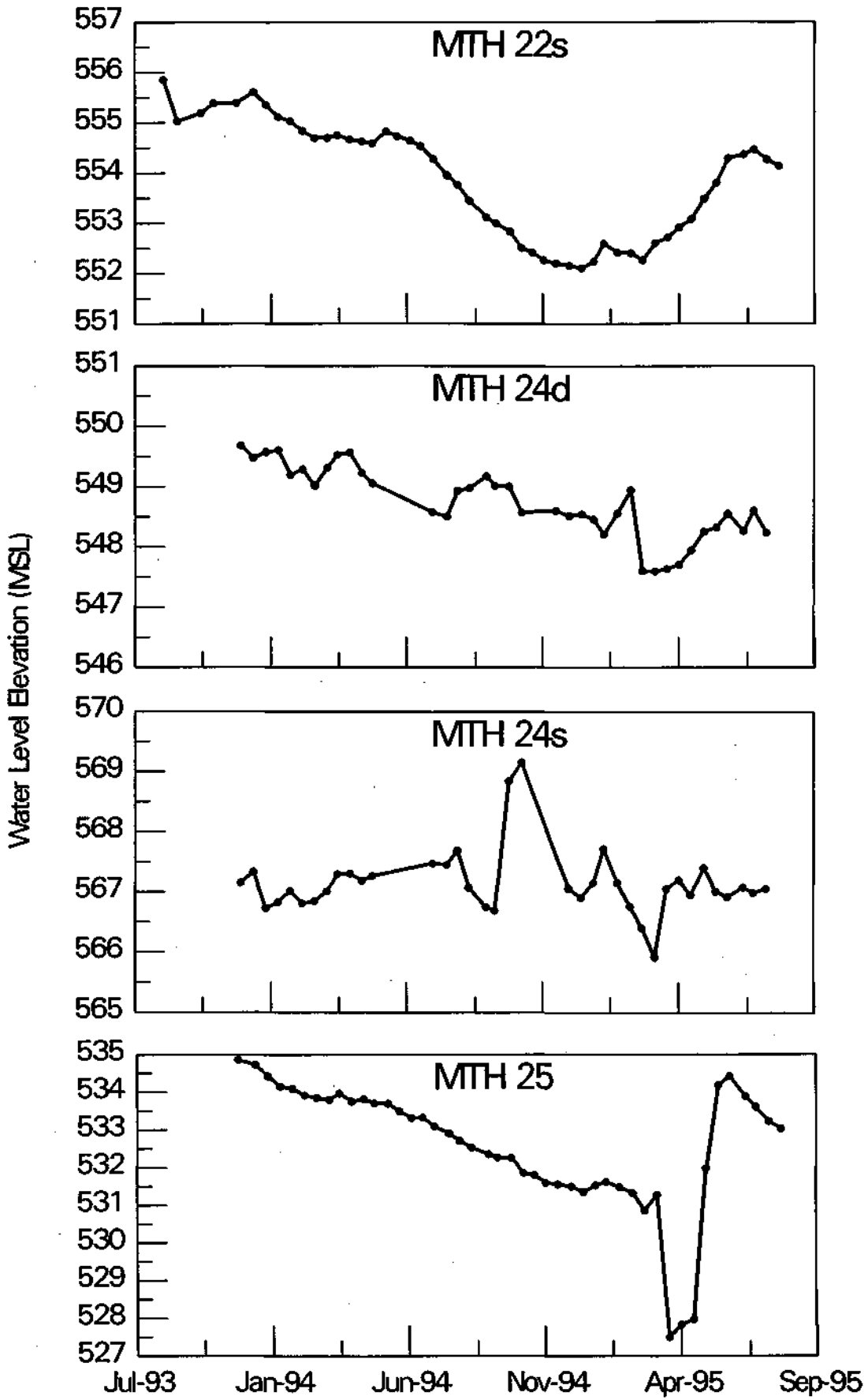






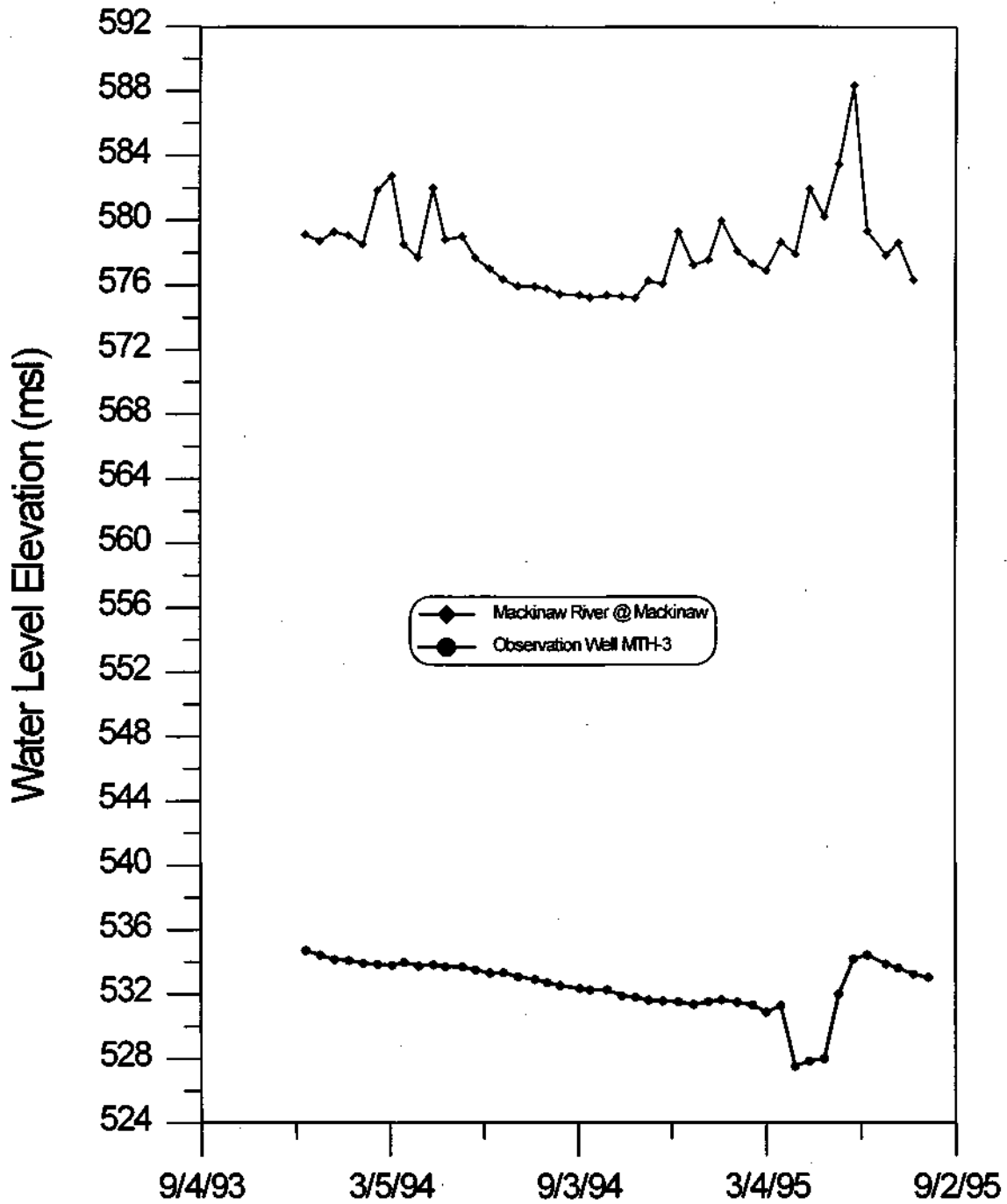




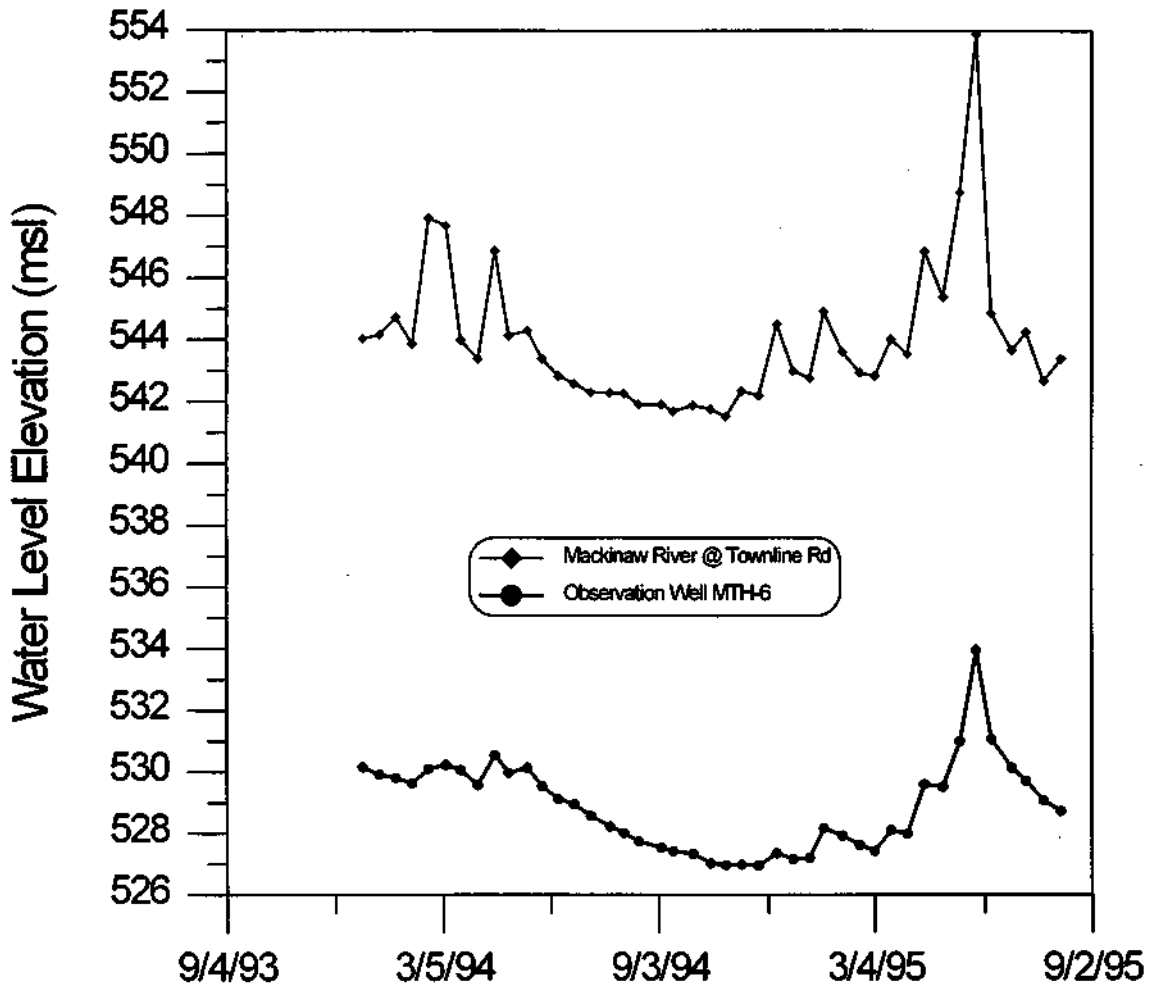


APPENDIX E RIVER STAGE HYDROGRAPHS

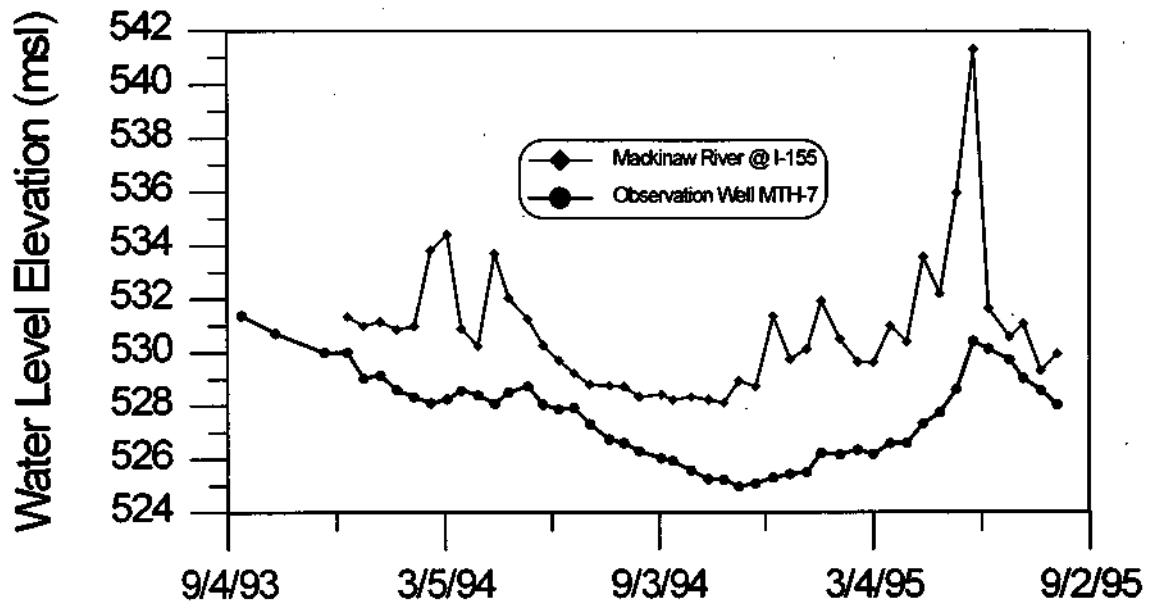
Mackinaw River Stage and
Sankoty-Mahomet Sand Aquifer
Water Level Near MTH-3



Mackinaw River Stage and Sankoty-Mahomet Sand Aquifer Water Level Near MTH-6



Mackinaw River Stage and Sankoty-Mahomet Sand Aquifer Water Level Near MTH-7



APPENDIX F AQUIFER TEST ANALYSIS METHODS

Analytical Method for Evaluating Artesian Aquifer

Type curve method Theis (1935) introduced an analogy between the nonsteady flow of groundwater and heat conduction. The nonequilibrium formula—popularly known as the Theis equation—describes radial flow toward a well pumping from an artesian aquifer as:

$$s = \frac{Q}{4\pi T} W(u) \quad (1)$$

or in commonly used units,

$$s = \frac{114.6Q}{T} W(u) \quad (2)$$

where:

$$W(u) = \int_u^{\infty} \frac{e^{-u}}{u} du = -0.5772 + \ln u + u - \frac{u^2}{2 \cdot 2!} \quad (3)$$

and

$$u = \frac{2693r^2S}{Tt} \quad (4)$$

where:

- s = drawdown at distance r from the pumped well (ft)
- Q = well discharge (gallons per minute [gpm])
- T = transmissivity (gallons per day [gpd]/ft)
- r = distance from pumped well to observation point (ft)
- S = storage coefficient (decimal fraction)
- t = time since pumping began (min.)

$W(u)$, referred to as the *well function for nonleaky artesian aquifers*, has been extensively tabulated.

Theis devised a graphical procedure using superposition to solve for the aquifer properties, T and S. Recall equations 2 and 4, inverting equation 4:

$$s = \frac{114.6Q}{T} W(u) \quad (5)$$

Take the logarithm of both sides of these equations and expand:

$$\frac{1}{u} = \frac{Tt}{2693r^2S} \quad (6)$$

$$\log s = \log \left[\frac{114.6Q}{T} \right] + \log W(u) \quad (7)$$

$$\log \frac{1}{u} = \log \left[\frac{T}{2693r^2S} \right] + \log t \quad (8)$$

In equation 7, the term $\log [114.6Q/T]$ is a constant for a given pumping rate (hence, the need for a constant pumping rate during tests), so $\log s$ is directly related to $\log W(u)$. Also, in equation 8 the term $\log [T/2693r^2S]$ is a constant for a given distance r (a selected observation well), so $\log 1/u$ is directly related to $\log t$. Thus,

$$\log s \propto \log W(u)$$

$$\log t \propto \log 1/u$$

From these relationships, one can construct a plot of the well function $W(u)$ versus $1/u$ on log-log graph paper (fig. F1). Such a plot of a mathematical function is called a type curve. Likewise, one can plot on identical log-log paper a plot of drawdown s versus time t from the data collected at each observation well.

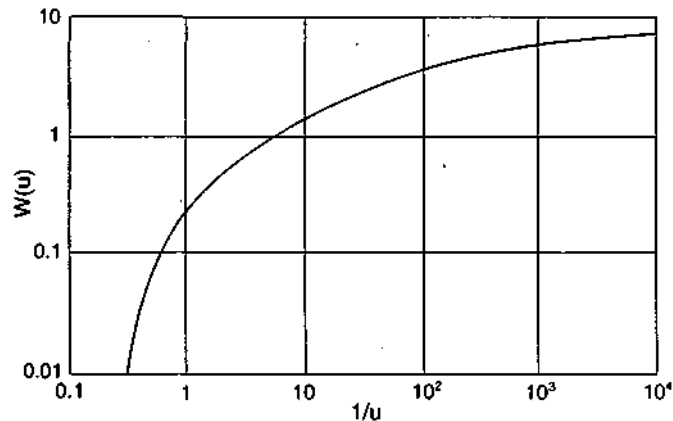


Figure F1 Nonequilibrium type curve (Freeze and Cherry 1979).

The type curve is then superposed over the field data plot, keeping the corresponding ordinate and abscissa axes parallel, until a best fit is obtained. A convenient match point is chosen on the two graphs (usually one that includes the convenient type curve match point of $W(u) = 1$ and $1/u = 10$). The corresponding coordinates of $W(u)$, $1/u$, s , and t are then substituted into equations 2 and 4 to solve for T and S .

In the same manner, one could make a type curve of $W(u)$ versus u , noting the relationship between s and $W(u)$ as well as between u and r^2 . For an aquifer test in which several observation wells were used, one could fit the new type curve to a field data plot of s versus r^2 for a given time and follow the same procedure of fitting the type curve to the field data plot and selecting a match point.

Jacob straight line method A popular graphical method derived from the Theis method by Cooper and Jacob (1946) is referred to as the *modified nonleaky artesian formula*, or simply the *Jacob straight line method*. The method is based on the fact that when values of u are small (< 0.01), the sum of the series terms in equation 3 beyond $\ln u$ becomes insignificant. Examination of the terms in equation 4 shows that u becomes small when r becomes small (close in observation wells) or t becomes large (long pumping periods).

When $u < 0.01$, field data plots of drawdown versus log time on semilog paper will yield a straight line. The straight line portion of the s versus t plot is extrapolated to its intersection with the zero drawdown axis. The slope of the straight line (drawdown per log cycle) is used to solve for the transmissivity, and the zero drawdown intercept is used to solve for the storage coefficient. Expressions for these computations, derived by Cooper and Jacob (1946) are:

$$T = \frac{264Q}{\Delta s} \quad (9)$$

$$S = \frac{Tt_0}{4790r^2} \quad (10)$$

where:

- T = transmissivity (gpd/ft)
- S = storage coefficient
- Q = well discharge (gpm)
- S = drawdown difference per log cycle (ft)
- r = distance from pumped well to observation point (ft)
- t₀ = intersection of straight line slope with zero drawdown axis (min.)

The method can also be extended to plots of drawdown versus distance for given time values. Field data plots of drawdown versus log distance on semilog paper will yield a straight line in the region where $u < 0.01$. The straight line portion of the graph is extrapolated to its intersection with the zero drawdown axis. The slope of the straight line is used to solve for T, and the zero drawdown intercept is used to solve for S, using the following expressions:

$$T = \frac{528Q}{\Delta s} \quad (11)$$

$$S = \frac{Tt}{4790r_0^2} \quad (12)$$

where:

- r₀ = intersection of straight line slope with zero drawdown axis (ft)

and all other terms are as defined above.

The Jacob straight line method is popular because of its simplicity; however, its use is restricted to field data that satisfy the "u criterion" of $u < 0.01$. Deviation from a straight line becomes appreciable when u exceeds about 0.02 (Walton 1962). The method should be used to supplement, rather than supersede, the type curve method.

Image Well Theory One of the assumptions inherent in the equations used to evaluate hydraulic properties and predict drawdown is that the source aquifer is infinite in lateral extent. While many aquifers are extensive enough that the effects of hydrogeologic boundaries remain negligible even after many years of pumping, clearly no aquifer is laterally infinite. The effects of hydrogeologic boundaries on the water level response of an aquifer to pumping using the theory of images was described by Ferris (1959).

Hydrogeologic boundaries include recharge boundaries, along which there is no drawdown, and barrier boundaries, across which there is no flow. Recharge boundaries consist of rivers, lakes, and other bodies of surface water which are hydraulically connected to the aquifer. Examples of barrier boundaries include fault planes and the lateral edges of lenticular sand and gravel aquifers contained within relatively impermeable confining materials. Both types of boundaries distort cones of depression and affect the time rate of drawdown. The general effect of a recharge boundary is to decrease the drawdown in a well, while that of a barrier boundary is to increase it.

According to the theory of images, the drawdown caused at a pumping well by a single barrier boundary at distance x from the well is equivalent to that caused by an imaginary, or image, well discharging at the same rate as the pumping well and located on the opposite side of the boundary, at a distance 2x, from the pumping well (fig. F2). The rationale for using a discharging image well to simulate the effects of a barrier boundary is that the image well and real well produce a divide in the

hydraulic head distribution of the theoretically infinite aquifer such that no flow may cross the position of the divide. Because the image well and real well discharge at the same rate and on the same schedule, are subject to identical hydraulic properties and conditions, and are separated by a distance twice that of the distance from the real well to the barrier boundary, this flow divide is located at the same distance from the pumped well as is the barrier boundary. If the distance from the real well to the barrier boundary is x , the effect of the barrier boundary manifests itself as the drawdown produced by the image well at distance $2x$.

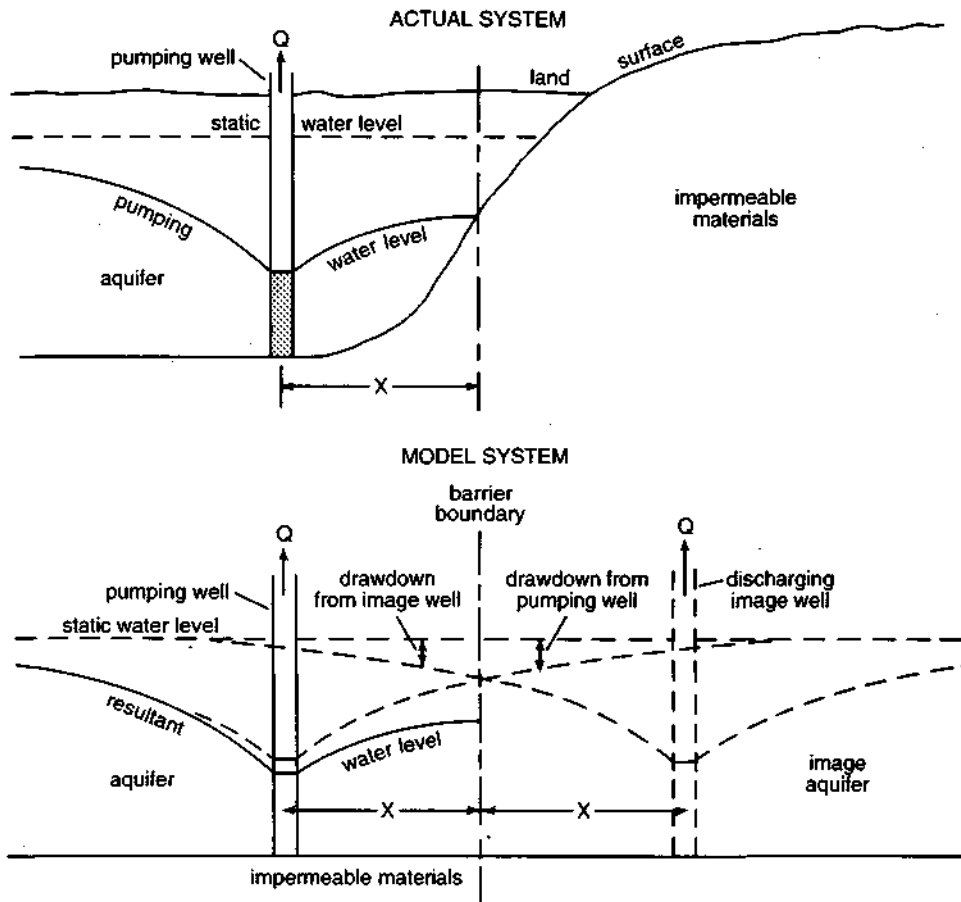


Figure F2 Diagrammatic cross section showing the use of a discharging image well to model the effect of groundwater withdrawals from a single well near a barrier boundary. The effect of a barrier boundary at distance x from a pumping well discharging at a rate of Q is simulated by an image well located opposite the barrier boundary from the pumping well at distance $2x$ from the pumping well. The image well, like the real well, discharges at a rate of Q . The drawdown in the actual aquifer system is given by the sum of the drawdown produced by the image well and the pumping well in the model system (adapted from Heath 1989).

To estimate the effects of a barrier boundary, then, it is first necessary to construct a theoretical distance drawdown curve for the hydrologic conditions, hydraulic properties, pumping rate, and pumping schedule appropriate for the pumping well. The construction of such a curve for steady state leaky artesian conditions is discussed in the following section of this appendix.

For purposes of this discussion, a strip aquifer consists of a strip of aquifer material of infinite length contained laterally within two parallel barrier boundaries. Analysis of the effects of pumpage on water levels in strip aquifers requires an image well system extending to infinity (fig. F3). This is necessary because the addition of each image well produces a residual effect at the opposite modeled barrier boundary. The residual effect produced by each image well is balanced by adding another image well, which produces an additional small residual effect the correction of which requires yet

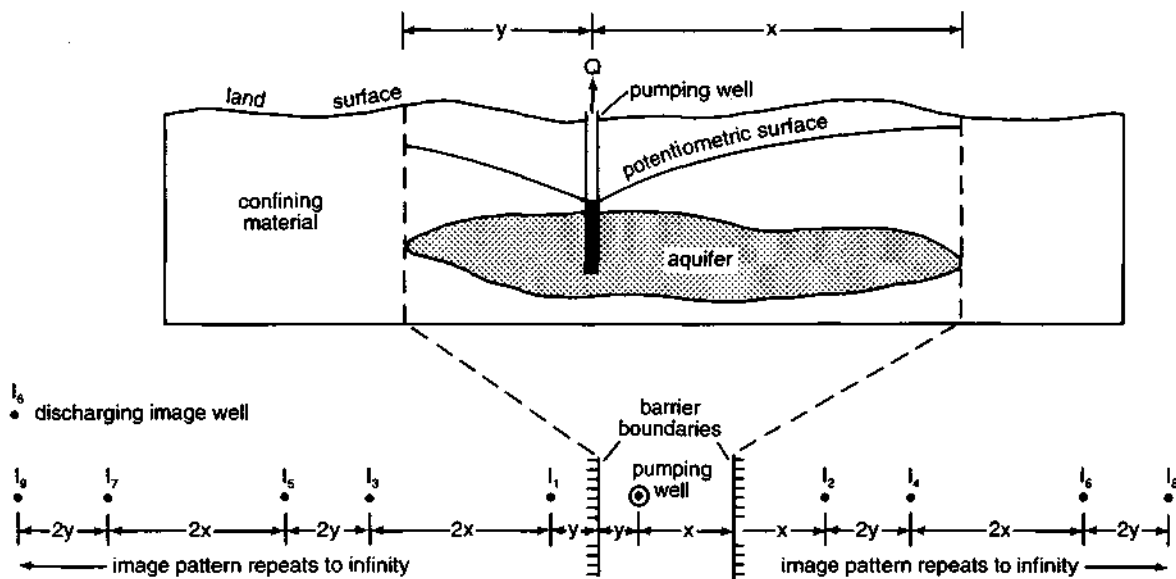


Figure F3 Analysis of the water level response of a strip aquifer to pumpage requires a system of discharging image wells extending to infinity. As shown in figure F2, a discharging image well simulates the effect of a barrier boundary by producing a flow divide in the hydraulic head distribution of the theoretically infinite aquifer at the position of the barrier boundary. A strip aquifer requires two flow divides on opposite sides of the pumped well. Analysis of this system proceeds by appealing to a primary pair of image wells (i_1 and i_2) to produce flow divides at the positions of the lateral barrier boundaries of the strip. The drawdown produced by each of these image wells, however, changes the head distribution at the opposite margin of the model aquifer such that the positions of the flow divides do not correspond to those of the barrier boundaries. Secondary image wells are necessary. Thus, i_4 compensates for the effect of i_1 and i_3 for the effect of i_2 . Because i_3 and i_4 themselves produce an unbalanced residual effect at the opposite margin of the model aquifer, however, still more secondary image wells are necessary. Thus, i_6 compensates for i_3 and i_5 compensates for i_4 . Each successively added image well thus requires an additional compensating image well, and the image well pattern is extended to infinity. Total drawdown at the pumping well due to barrier boundary effects is the sum of the drawdown produced by the individual image wells. In practice, because the drawdown produced by the image wells becomes negligible as the distance from the pumped well increases, the number of image wells required to estimate drawdown at a pumped well in a strip aquifer is limited. Generally the infinite system of image wells is terminated when image well drawdown declines below an arbitrary value such as 0.01 ft (adapted from Walton 1962 and Heath 1989).

another image well. The drawdown at the pumped well due to the barrier boundaries is the sum of the drawdown produced by the individual image wells. In practice, pairs of image wells are added only until the next pair has a negligible effect on the total image well drawdown.

Analytical Methods for Evaluation of Leaky Artesian Aquifers

Because most geologic materials are only capable of impeding the movement of groundwater rather than preventing it, true artesian conditions are rare in comparison to leaky artesian conditions. Leaky artesian or semiconfined conditions exist where significant quantities of water move through the confining units of an artesian aquifer. Use of the Theis graphical procedure is not appropriate for the analysis of pump-test data gathered from wells screened in leaky artesian aquifers. Hantush and Jacob (1955) developed the following equation describing the nonsteady state drawdown distribution in a leaky artesian aquifer:

$$s = \frac{Q}{4\pi T} W(u, r/B) \quad (13)$$

or in commonly used units,

$$s = \frac{114.6Q}{T} W(u, r/B) \quad (14)$$

where:

$$u = \frac{2693r^2S}{Tt} \quad (15)$$

$$\frac{r}{B} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{T/(K'/m')}} \quad (16)$$

s	=	drawdown in observation well (ft)
r	=	distance from pumped well to observation well (ft)
Q	=	discharge (gpm)
t	=	time since pumping started (min.)
T	=	transmissivity (gpd/ft)
S	=	storage coefficient (decimal fraction)
K'	=	vertical hydraulic conductivity of leaky confining bed (gpd/ft ²)
m'	=	thickness of confining leaky confining bed (ft)

$W(u,r/B)$ is referred to as the *well function for leaky artesian aquifers* and is defined by the following equation:

$$W(r/B) = \int_u^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{u} \right) \exp(-u - r^2/4B^2u) du \quad (17)$$

or, evaluating the integral,

$$\begin{aligned} W(r/B) = & 2K_0(r/B) - I_0(r/B) \left[-\text{Ei} \left(-\frac{r^2}{4B^2u} \right) \right] \\ & + \left[\exp \left(-\frac{r^2}{4B^2u} \right) \right] \left\{ 0.5772 + \ln u + [-\text{Ei}(-u)] \right. \\ & \left. - u + u[I_0(r/B) - 1] / \frac{r^2}{4B^2} \right. \\ & \left. - u^2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+m}(n-m+1)!}{(n+2)!^2} \left(\frac{r^2}{4B^2} \right)^m u^{n-m} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

where:

$K_0(r/B)$	=	modified Bessel function of the second kind and zero order
$I_0(r/B)$	=	modified Bessel function of the first kind and zero order

$W(u,r/B)$ has been extensively tabulated.

Walton (1960) developed a graphical procedure using superposition to solve for the aquifer properties (T and S) and the vertical hydraulic conductivity of the confining bed (K'). Recall equations 14 and 15, inverting equation 15:

$$s = \frac{114.6Q}{T} W(u,r/B) \quad (19)$$

$$\frac{1}{u} = \frac{Tt}{2693 r^2 S} \quad (20)$$

Take the logarithm of both sides and expand:

$$\log s = \log \left(\frac{114.6Q}{T} \right) + \log W(u, r/B) \quad (21)$$

$$\log \left(\frac{1}{u} \right) = \log \left(\frac{T}{2693 r^2 S} \right) + \log t \quad (22)$$

In equation 21, the term $\log(114.6Q/T)$ is a constant for a given pumping rate, so $\log s$ is directly related to $\log W(u, r/B)$. Also, in equation 22, the term $\log(T/2693r^2S)$ is a constant for a given distance r , so $\log(1/u)$ is directly related to $\log t$. Thus, for a given aquifer, observation well, and pumping rate,

$$\log s \propto \log W(u, r/B)$$

$$\log t \propto \log(1/u)$$

The first step in solving for aquifer and confining bed properties using Walton's (1960) method is to construct a series of leaky artesian type curves by plotting $W(u, r/B)$ versus $1/u$ on logarithmic paper for the practical range of u and r/B (fig. F4). Using logarithmic paper of the same scale as the type curves, observed values of s are then plotted against those of t for a given observation well. The family of type curves is then superposed on the field data plot, keeping the corresponding ordinate and abscissa axes parallel, until a best fit with one of the type curves is obtained. In the matched position a point at any convenient intersection of major axes on the type curve plot is selected and marked on the time drawdown field data curve, noting the values of $W(u, r/B)$ and $1/u$ represented by the selected axes. The point may be selected anywhere on the type curve plot, but it is most convenient to use a point at the intersection two major axes such as $W(u, r/B)=1$ and $1/u=10$. The coordinates of the match point on both the type curve plot [$W(u, r/B)$ and $1/u$] and field data plot (s and t), as well as the appropriate values of Q and r , are substituted into equations 14, 15, and 16 to determine the hydraulic properties of the aquifer and confining bed.

Hantush (1956) introduced a graphical technique for determining aquifer and confining bed hydraulic properties in leaky artesian conditions from a semilogarithmic plot of drawdown versus time. Hantush showed that such a curve has an inflection point at which the following relations hold:

$$s_i = \frac{s_m}{2} = \frac{114.6Q}{T} K_0(r/B) \quad (23)$$

$$\frac{2.3s_i}{m_i} = e^{r/B} K_0(r/B) \quad (24)$$

$$m_i = \frac{\Delta s}{\Delta \log_{10} t} = \frac{264Qe^{-r/B}}{T} \quad (25)$$

where:

$$B = \sqrt{Tm'/K'} \quad (26)$$

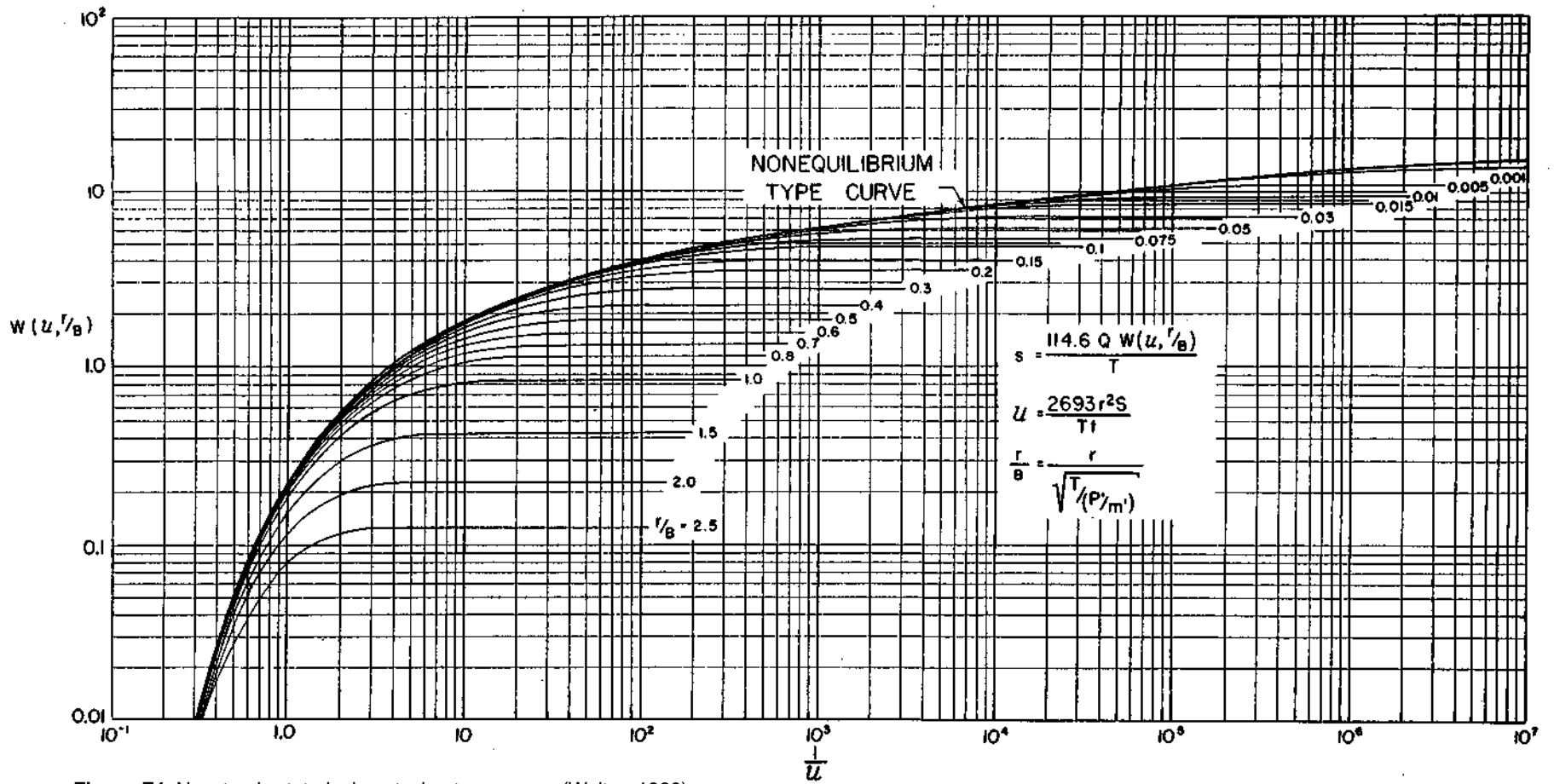


Figure F4 Nonsteady state leaky artesian type curves (Walton 1960).

T	=	transmissivity (gpd/ft)
m'	=	thickness of leaky confining bed (ft)
K'	=	vertical hydraulic conductivity of leaky confining bed (gpd/ft ²)
S _i	=	drawdown at inflection point (ft)
s _m	=	maximum or steady-state drawdown (ft)
Q	=	discharge (gpm)
r	=	distance from pumped well (ft)
m _i	=	slope of curve at inflection point
s	=	drawdown (ft)
t	=	time (day)

If the duration of the constant rate test is adequate, the value of s_m is extrapolated, and s_i is determined from equation 23. The slope of the curve at the inflection point is then determined. This is usually approximated by the slope of the straight part of the curve on which the inflection point lies. Substituting S_i and m_i into equation 24, the value of e^{r/B}K_o(r/B) is determined, and the corresponding value of r/B is then determined from tables (included, for example in Hantush 1956). The constant B, termed the leakage factor by Hantush and Jacob (1954), is given by the quotient of r and r/B. To determine T, the values of s_i, Q, and K_o(r/B) (the latter obtained from tables) are substituted into equation 23. The ratio K_om' is a constant in leaky systems and is known as the "leakance" or leakage coefficient (Hantush and Jacob 1955). By multiplying both the numerator and denominator of this ratio by T/K, and recalling equation 26, we can show that

$$\frac{K'}{m'} = \frac{T}{B^2} \quad (27)$$

K' is determined by substituting the values for m', T, and B into equation 27 and solving.

Under steady state leaky artesian conditions, discharge is balanced by leakage, and time drawdown data fall onto the flat portions of the family of leaky artesian type curves. The drawdown distribution under steady state conditions is described by the following equation (Jacob 1946):

$$s = \frac{229QK_o(r/B)}{T} \quad (28)$$

K_o(r/B) = modified Bessel function of the second kind and zero order

Jacob (1946) developed a graphical procedure for determining T and K' under steady state leaky artesian conditions. A steady state leaky artesian type curve is prepared by plotting values of K_o(r/B) against a practical range of r/B on logarithmic paper. Aquifer test data from several observation wells collected under steady state conditions are plotted, using logarithmic paper of the same scale as the type curve, with r as the abscissa and s as the ordinate to describe a distance drawdown field data curve. The corresponding axes of the two graphs are kept parallel, then a best fit is obtained by superposing the type curve on the distance drawdown field data curve, and a match point is marked using any convenient intersection of major axes on the type curve. The match point coordinates K_o(r/B), r/B, s, and r, together with the values of m' and Q, are substituted into equations 16 and 28 to solve for T and K'.

Analysis of aquifer test data using the steady state leaky artesian type curve will yield erroneous results unless sufficient time has elapsed to give reasonable assurance that steady state flow has been established. The type curve is, however, often useful as a predictive tool to forecast long term water level declines in the vicinity of proposed high capacity well installations. Values of T, m', K', Q, r/B, and K_o(r/B) are substituted into equations 16 and 28 to solve for values of s and r, which, together with the assumed values of r/B and K_o(r/B), are used as match point coordinates. The values of T, m', K', and Q employed in these calculations are based on aquifer test and geological data, while the values of r/B and K_o(r/B) are assumed values representing any convenient intersection of major axes on the steady state leaky artesian type curve. A theoretical distance drawdown curve of s plotted against r is prepared by projecting the steady state leaky artesian type curve at the match point coordinates of s, r, r/B, and K_o(r/B) onto a sheet of logarithmic paper of the same scale. The expected drawdown at any radial distance from the withdrawal point may be read from this curve.

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APPENDIX G RESULTS OF HISTORICAL AQUIFER TESTS

Aquifer Tests and Specific-Capacity Data in the Sankoty-Mahomet Sand Aquifer in or near the Study Area

Sankoty-Mahomet Sand aquifer								
Well location	Well owner	Depth (ft)	Pumping rate (gpm)	Specific capacity (gpm/ft)	Analysis method	Transmissivity (gpd/ft)	Hydraulic conductivity (gpd/ft ²)	Storage coefficient
Dewitt 21N1E- 29.7b8	Waynesville(OW1)	217			T	6,200		0.0007
Logan 21N3W- 6.7c	Emden	124	205	14.6	S	32,000		
McLean 22N1E- 16.7d1	IDOT (Funk's Grove)	322	37	2.9	T	5,900		
22N1W- 6.1h1	Olympia High School	250	215	21.5	T	153,400	1,870	
35.1b1	McLean County	353			S	1,400		
35.1b3	McLean County	340	203	16.4	R	75,800	2,920	
35.8c4	McLean County	332	203	11.8	T	133,700	2,060	
23N1E- 6.8h100	Normal	346	1416	128.3	T	340,400	3,660	
6.8h100	Normal (OW1)	268			T	201,800	2,170	0.0050
6.8hTH20	Normal	268	425	153.4	T	298,700	3,280	
6.8hTH20	Normal (OW1)	275			T	266,400	2,930	0.0002
6.8hTH20	Normal (OW2)	269			T	289,900	3,260	0.0020
6.8hTH20	Normal (OW3)	268			T	273,800	2,980	0.0100
6.8hTH20	Normal (OW4)	200			T	289,900		0.0008

Modified from Wilson et al. (1994)

Notes: Four different analysis methods were used: time-drawdown (T), time-recovery (R), specific capacity (S), or a combination (TR). An asterisk indicates that wells may be finished in finer Mahomet or pre-Mahomet deposits.

Well location	Well owner	Depth (ft)	Pumping rate (gpm)	Specific capacity (gpm/ft)	Analysis method	Transmissivity (gpd/ft)	Hydraulic conductivity (gpd/ft ²)	Storage coefficient
3N1W-								
10.1h103	Normal	328	1078	59.5	T	147,400		
10.1h103	Normal (OW1)	253			TR	146,700		0.0004
10.1h103	Normal (OW2)	256			TR	136,200		0.0004
10.1h103	Normal (OW3)	250			TR	138,300		0.0003
10.1hTW21	Normal	324	567	31.2	T	126,700	1,690	
10.1hTW21	Normal (OW1)	325			T	117,900	1,340	0.0002
10.1hTW21	Normal (OW3)	323			T	117,900	1,370	0.0002
10.1hTW21	Normal (OW4)	324			T	127,700		0.0002
21.5c	Stanford (OW4)	235			T	76,700		0.0001
21.5c3	Stanford	247	81	21.8	T	89,100	2,480	
21.7d4	Stanford	246	150	13.0	T	77,600		
24N1E-								
9.7aTH1	D. Grieder Sod Farm	280	55	7.2	R	132,000	4,130	
24N1W-								
23.1g3	Danvers	417	195	9.1	S	16,500		
23.1g4	Danvers	438	120	6.6	T	28,300	620	
35.2a102	Normal	364	1409	107.4	T	470,400	2,630	
35.2a102	Normal (supply)	239	488	22.2	S	45,200		
35.2a102	Normal (OW1)	239			T	173,600		0.0900
36.5a101	Normal	345	1409	143.3	T	516,600		
36.5a101	Normal (supply)	243	480	25.3	S	52,600		
36.5a101	Normal (OW1)	324			T	127,700		0.0002
Tazewell								
22N2W-								
22.5a	Armington	213			S	11,500		

Modified from Wilson et al. (1994)

Notes: Four different analysis methods were used: time-drawdown (T), time-recovery (R), specific capacity (S), or a combination (TR). An asterisk indicates that wells may be finished in finer Mahomet or pre-Mahomet deposits.

Well location	Well owner	Depth (ft)	Pumping rate (gpm)	Specific capacity (gpm/ft)	Analysis method	Transmissivity (gpd/ft)	Hydraulic conductivity (gpd/ft ²)	Storage coefficient
22N3W- 20.3aTST3	OW1	234			T	291,100	2,300	0.000096
203aTST3	OW3	158			T	296,000		0.000495
22N4W-								
16.8b1	H. Walker Dist.	209	2248	97.7	T	280,200		
16.8d3	H. Walker Dist.	212	199	17.8	T	132,000	770	
24N2W-								
3.4aTW1	IDOC hatchery (OW2)	299			TR	309,700	2,230	0.0005
3.4aTW1	IDOC hatchery (OW3)	300			TR	337,000	2,530	0.0003
10.4hTW1	IDOC hatchery (OW1)	308			TR	249,100	1,850	0.0009
10.4hTH	IDOC hatchery (I-75)	295	1001	23.3	R	283,900		
17.1c6	Mackinaw (OW1)	305			T	349,600	2,670	0.000495
17.1c6	Mackinaw (OW2)	215			T	340,600	2,660	0.000545
17.1c6	Mackinaw (OW3)	215			T	348,300		0.000965
18.4d5	Mackinaw	151	180	41.4	R	71,700		
24N3W-								
19.5g4	Tremont	154	164	7.5	S	7,200		
19.5g6	Tremont	212	424	12.0	T	26,700	1,910	
19.5g7	Tremont	201	398	17.7	S	55,000	1,200	
24N4W-								
Glasford aquifers								
Logan								
21N1W-								
20.2cTW1-78	Atlanta	134	33	8.1	TR	20,300		
20.3c8	Atlanta	133	101	6.9	T	17,000	1,420	
20.5e1	Atlanta	191	63	2.0	TR	12,300		

Modified from Wilson et al. (1994)

Notes: Four different analysis methods were used: time-drawdown (T), time-recovery (R), specific capacity (S), or a combination (TR). An asterisk indicates that wells may be finished in finer Mahomet or pre-Mahomet deposits.

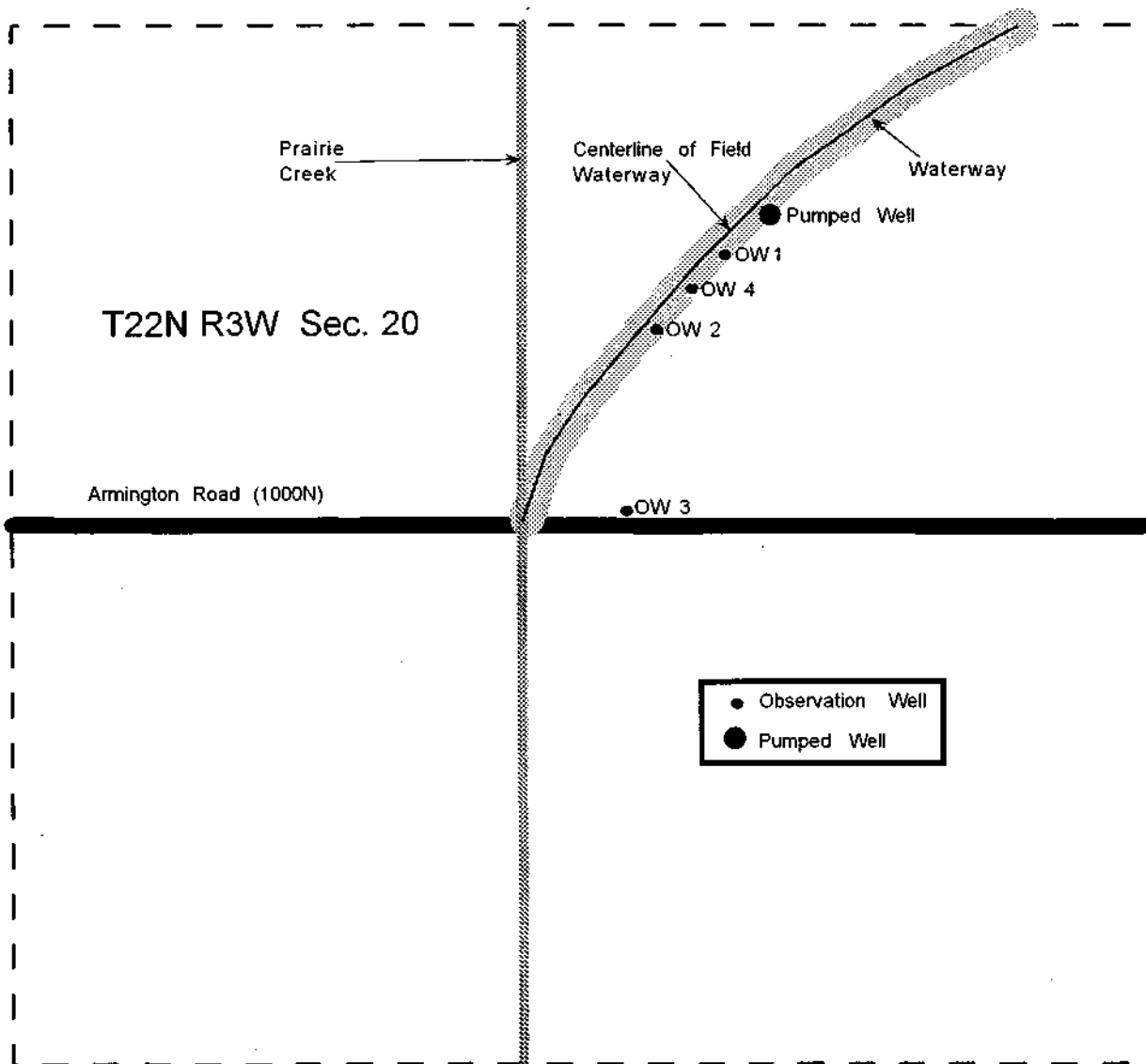
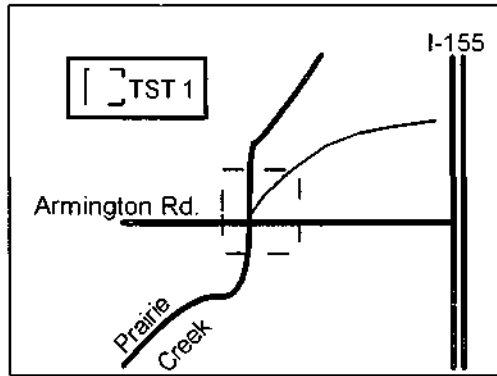
Well location	Well owner	Depth (ft)	Pumping rate (gpm)	Specific capacity (gpm/ft)	Analysis method	Transmissivity (gpd/ft)	Hydraulic conductivity (gpd/ft ²)	Storage coefficient
20.3e2	Atlanta	147	62	3.0	TR	13,900	1,260	
20.3eOW3-2	Atlanta	158			TR	21,200	1,510	.0001
20.3fOW5-2	Atlanta	142			TR	12,700		.00008
20.3e3	Atlanta	158	43	2.9	S	4,000	290	
20.3e9	Atlanta	147	73	6.9	T	24,100		
20.3eOW1-9	Atlanta	147			T	24,600	2,240	.00002
20.3eOW2-5	Atlanta	147			TR	15,000	1,360	.00004
20.3f5	Atlanta	142	49	4.9	TR	16,600		
20.5e1	Willow Farms Dairy	152			S	11,400		
20.5e4	Atlanta	150	110	7.2	T	17,000	940	
20.53TW4	Atlanta	150	21	5.1	T	16,300	910	
20.5e7	Atlanta	186	168	8.1	R	12,100		
20.5eOW1-7	Atlanta	191			T	8,400		.0002
21N3W-								
21.4a2	Hartsburg	105	40	2.0	T	7,000		
21.4a3	Hartsburg	103	51	6.1	TR	29,900		
Tazewell								
24N2W-								
18.4d1	Mackinaw	37			S	25,600		
18.4d3	Mackinaw	39	182	71.4	S	121,900		
18.4d4	Mackinaw	42	180	38.5	T	95,000	9,500	
18.4dOW1-4	Mackinaw	39			T	95,900	8,720	.08
11.3a2	Tazewell Co Health Dept	105	46	4.4	R	7,200		

Modified from Wilson et al. (1994)

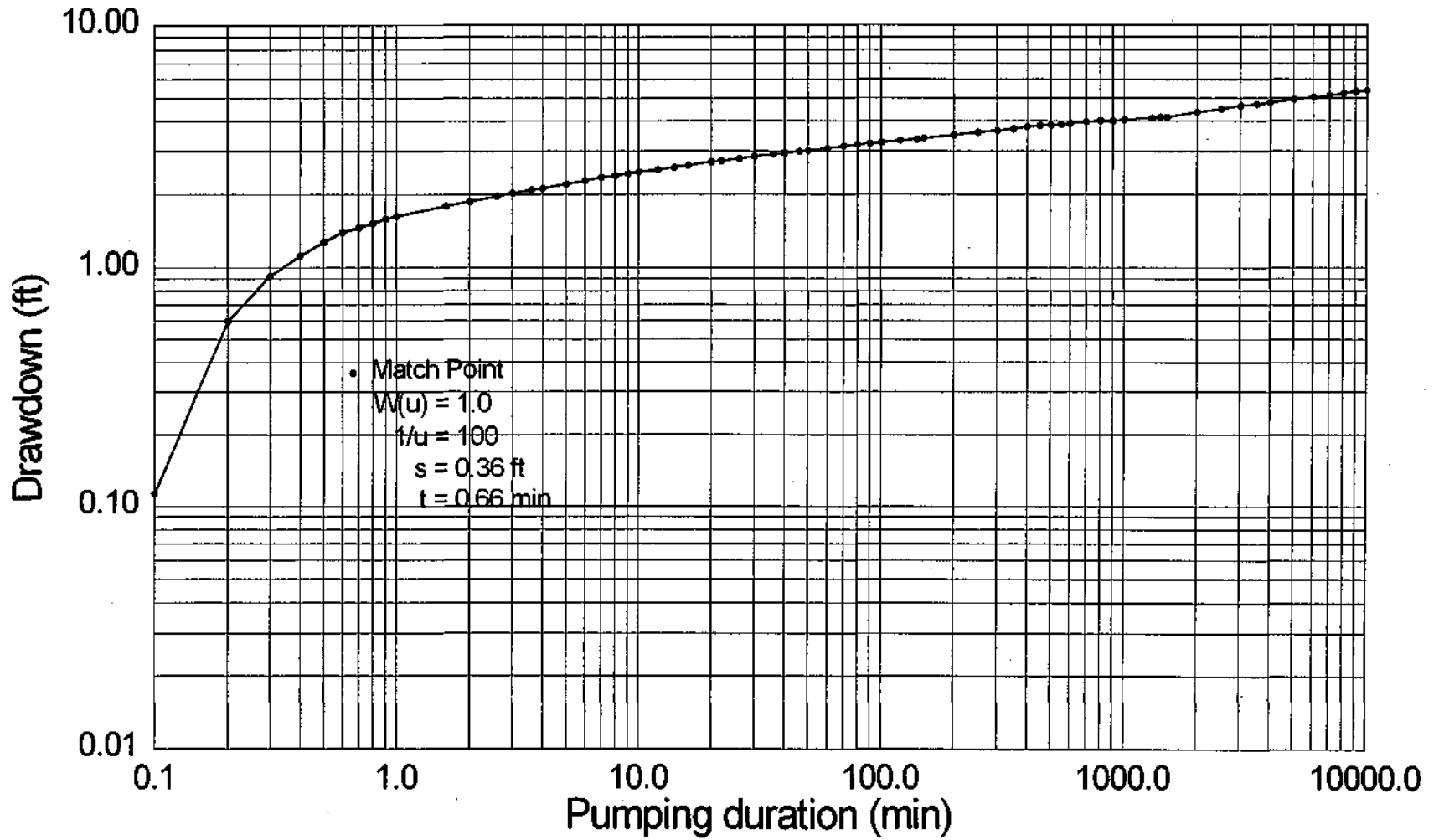
Notes: Four different analysis methods were used: time-drawdown (T), time-recovery (R), specific capacity (S), or a combination (TR). An asterisk indicates that wells may be finished in finer Mahomet or pre-Mahomet deposits.

APPENDIX H AQUIFER TEST INFORMATION

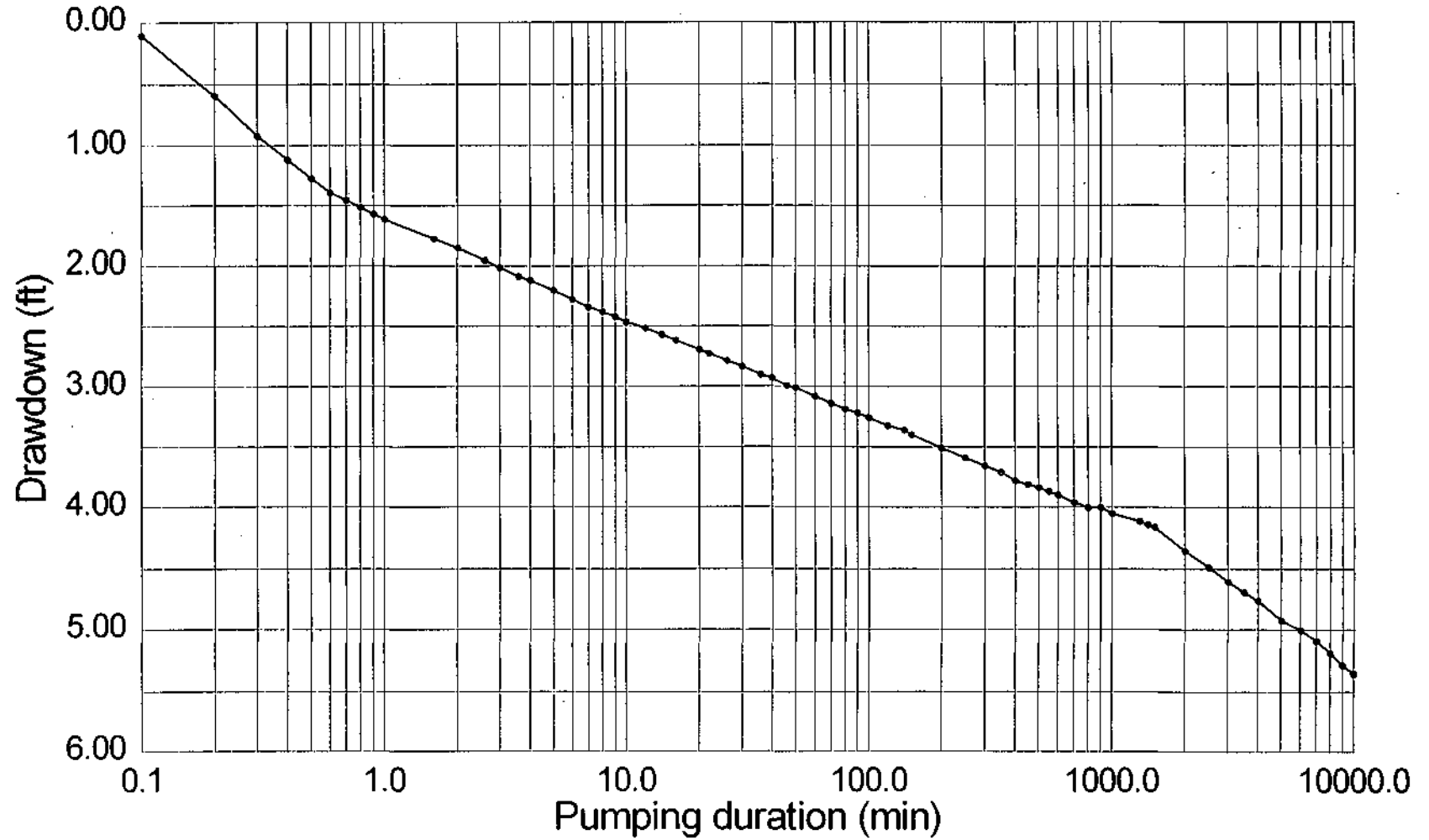
Location of Aquifer Test Site 1 (TST 1)



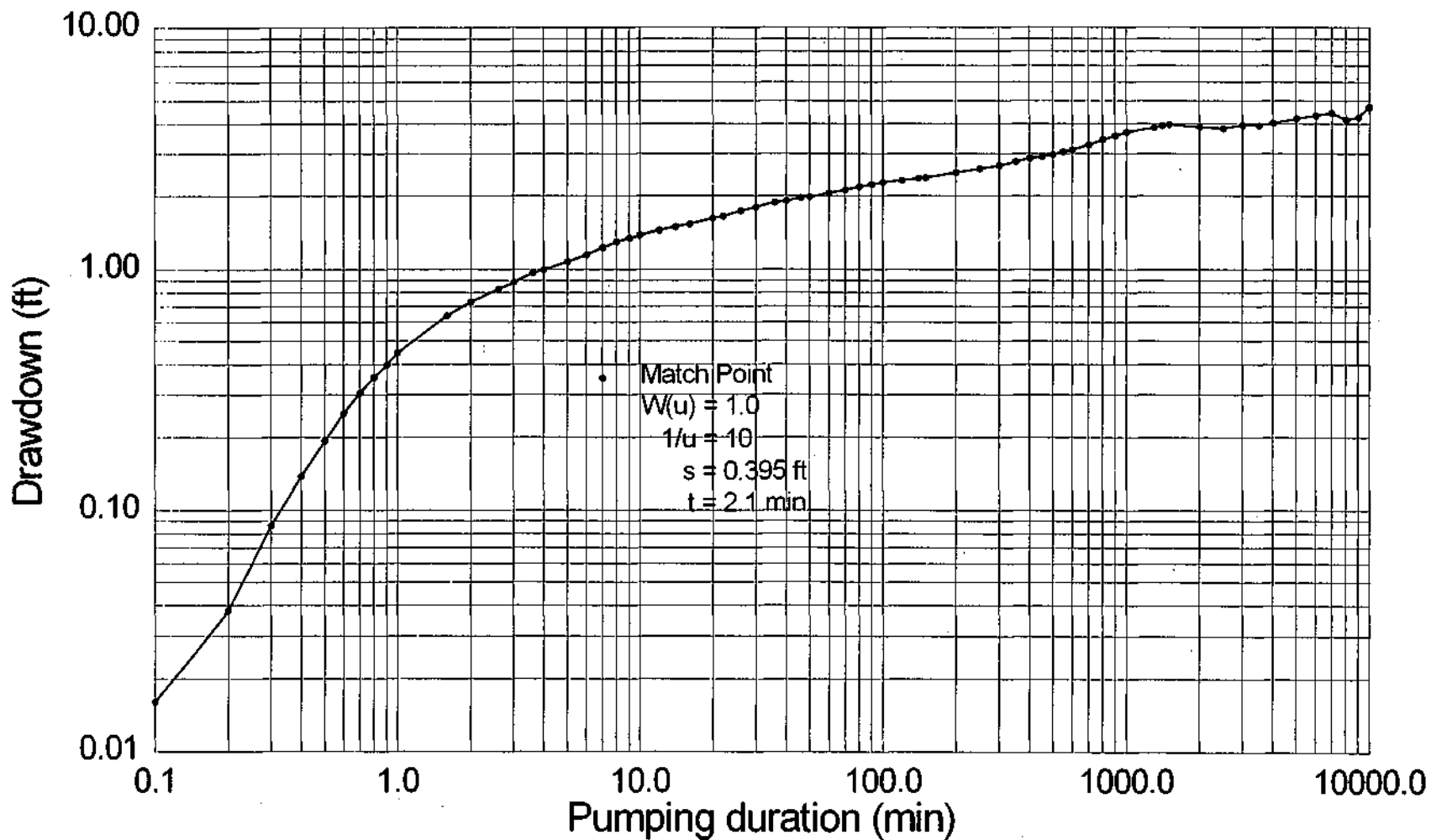
Log-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST1 - Observation Well 1



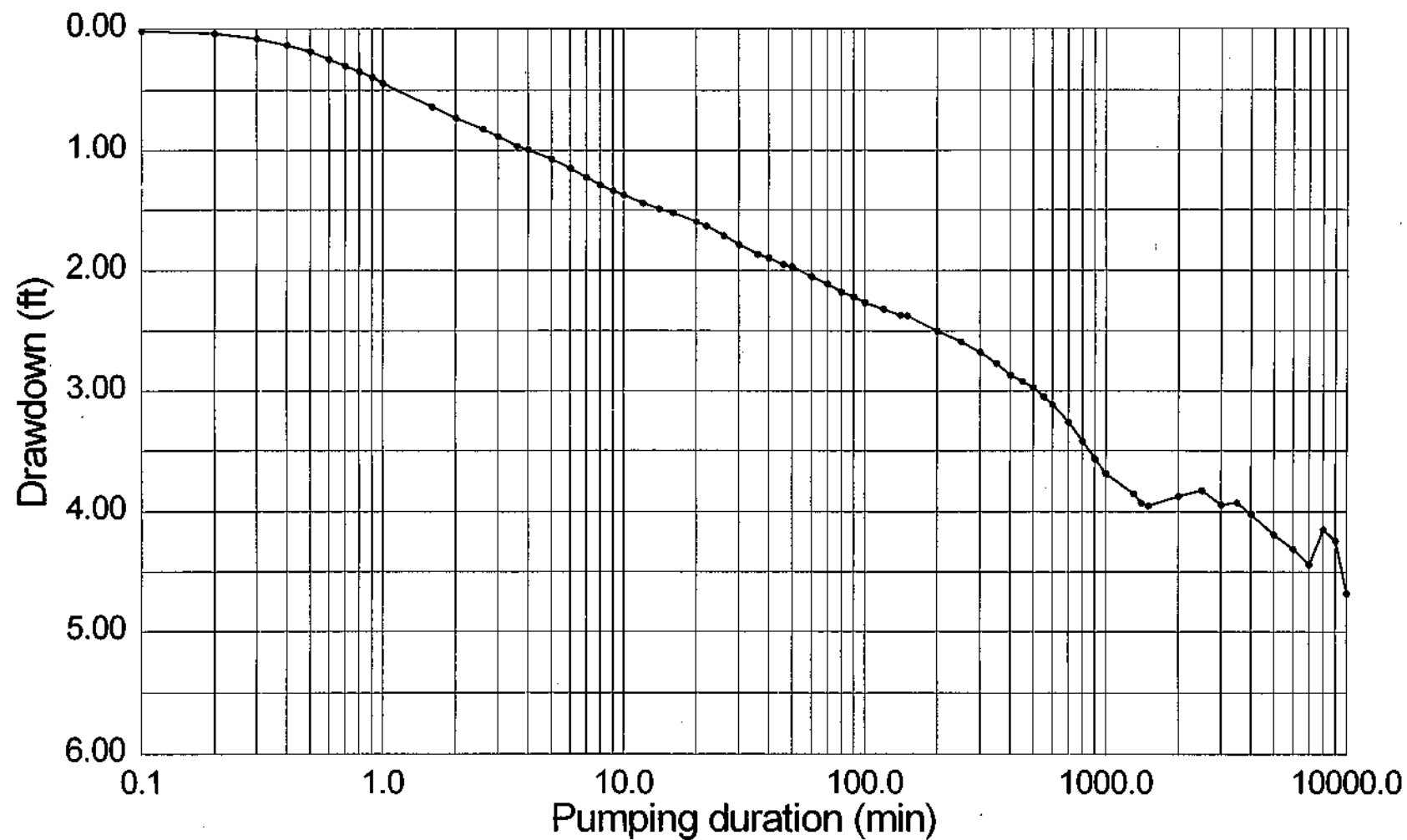
Semi-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST1 - Observation Well 1



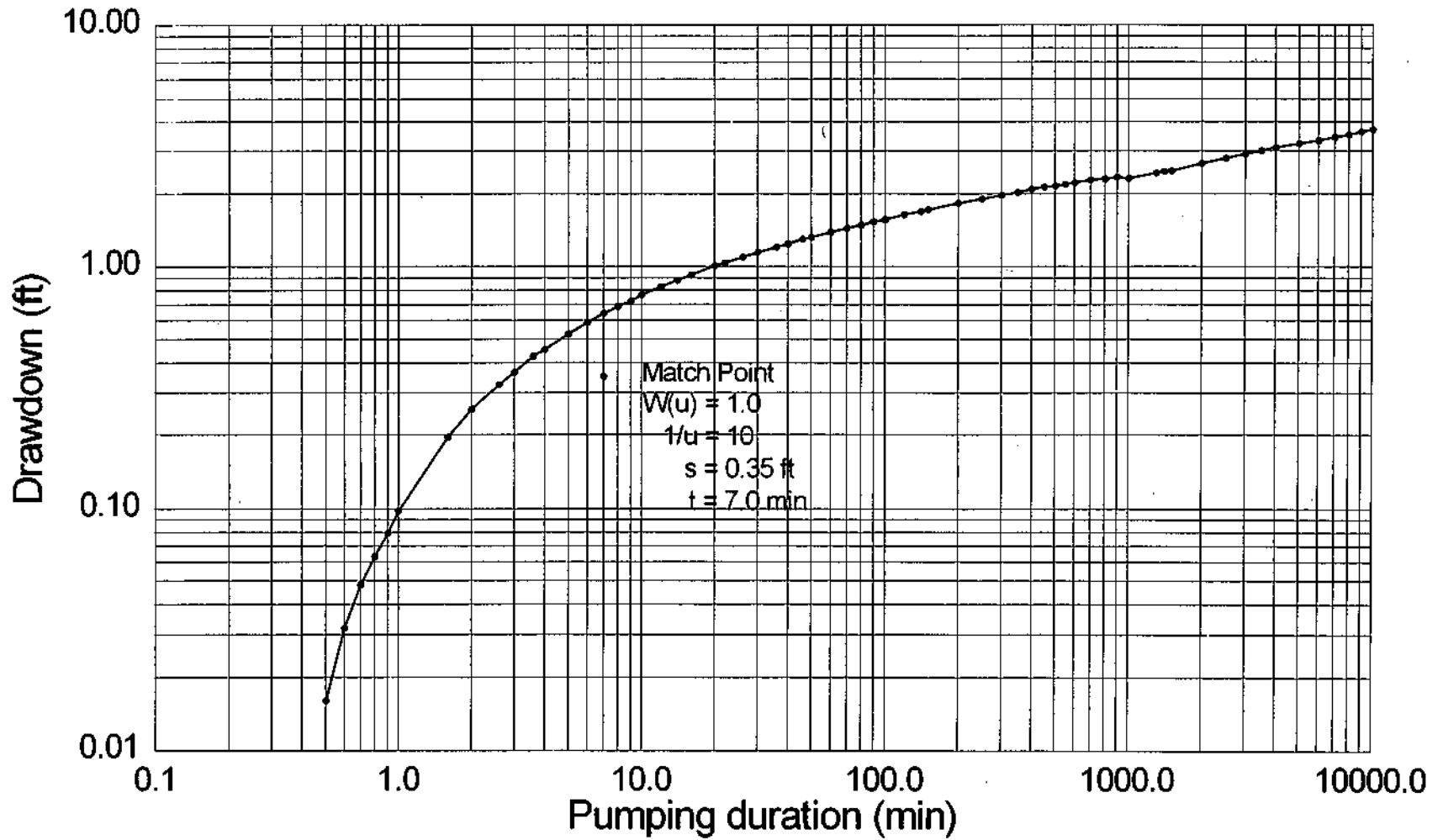
Log-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST1 - Observation Well 2



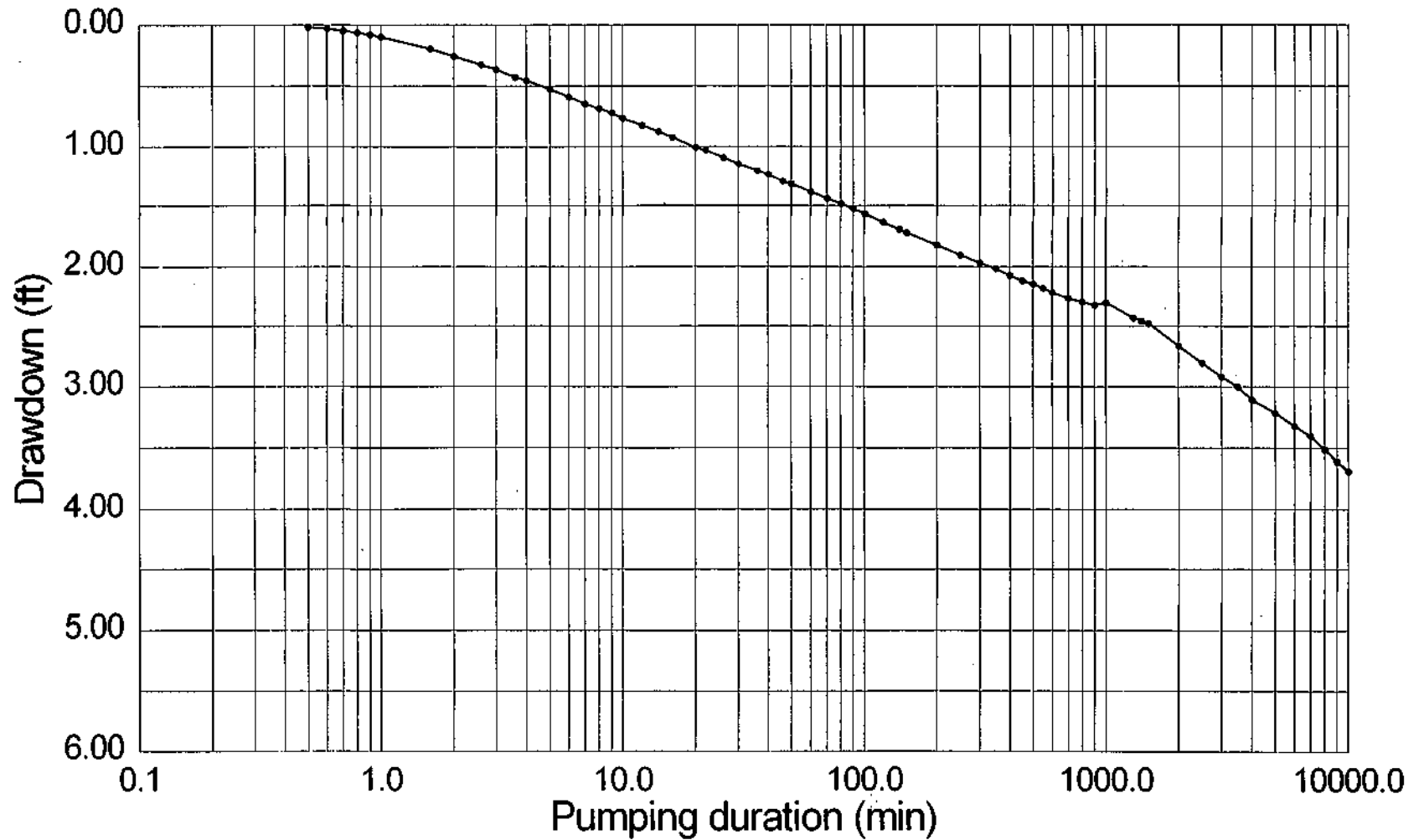
Semi-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST1 - Observation Well 2



Log-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST1 - Observation Well 3



Semi-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST1 - Observation Well 3



Pump Test Data For TST 1

Minutes into Test	OW1 Drawdown (ft)	OW2 Drawdown (ft)	OW3 Drawdown (ft)
0.1	0.11	0.02	0.00
0.2	0.60	0.04	0.00
0.3	0.92	0.09	0.00
0.4	1.12	0.14	0.01
0.5	1.27	0.19	0.02
0.6	1.39	0.25	0.03
0.7	1.45	0.31	0.05
0.8	1.52	0.35	0.06
0.9	1.57	0.40	0.08
1.0	1.62	0.44	0.10
1.6	1.78	0.64	0.20
2.0	1.86	0.73	0.26
2.6	1.96	0.82	0.32
3.0	2.01	0.88	0.37
3.6	2.08	0.96	0.43
4.0	2.11	1.00	0.45
5.0	2.20	1.08	0.53
6.0	2.27	1.15	0.59
7.0	2.34	1.23	0.64
8.0	2.38	1.29	0.69
9.0	2.42	1.34	0.72
10.0	2.46	1.37	0.76
12.0	2.52	1.44	0.82
14.0	2.57	1.49	0.88
16.0	2.62	1.52	0.92
20.0	2.69	1.60	1.01
22.0	2.73	1.64	1.03
26.0	2.79	1.72	1.09
30.0	2.84	1.79	1.15
36.0	2.91	1.87	1.21
40.0	2.93	1.90	1.24
46.0	3.00	1.95	1.30
50.0	3.01	1.97	1.32
60.0	3.08	2.05	1.39
70.0	3.14	2.11	1.44
80.0	3.19	2.18	1.49
90.0	3.22	2.22	1.53
100.0	3.26	2.27	1.56
120.0	3.33	2.32	1.63

Pump Test Data For TST 1

Minutes into Test	OW 1 Drawdown (ft)	OW 2 Drawdown (ft)	OW 3 Drawdown (ft)
140.0	3.37	2.37	1.69
150.0	3.41	2.37	1.72
200.0	3.51	2.50	1.82
250.0	3.59	2.59	1.90
300.0	3.66	2.67	1.97
350.0	3.71	2.77	2.02
400.0	3.78	2.87	2.08
450.0	3.81	2.92	2.12
500.0	3.84	2.97	2.15
550.0	3.87	3.05	2.18
600.0	3.90	3.12	2.22
700.0	3.97	3.27	2.27
800.0	4.00	3.43	2.30
900.0	4.00	3.57	2.33
1000.0	4.05	3.69	2.30
1300.0	4.12	3.85	2.43
1400.0	4.14	3.93	2.46
1500.0	4.16	3.95	2.48
2000.0	4.36	3.87	2.66
2500.0	4.49	3.82	2.80
3000.0	4.61	3.94	2.92
3500.0	4.70	3.93	3.00
4000.0	4.76	4.02	3.11
5000.0	4.92	4.20	3.21
6000.0	5.01	4.32	3.32
7000.0	5.10	4.44	3.41
8000.0	5.20	4.15	3.52
9000.0	5.29	4.25	3.61
10000.0	5.36	4.68	3.69

TEST WELL REPORT



Layne-Western Company, Inc.

TEST HOLE
NO. 1

721 West Illinois Avenue • Aurora, Illinois 60506-2892 • Phone: 708/397-6941

1. Owner **Long Range Water Plan Steering Committee** Contract No. (7295T) Date 11/16/94
 2. City Delavan State Illinois
 3. Driller's Name S. Lambert Helpers C. Glidewell
 4. Static Water Level _____ How Obtained - Washed () Pumped ()
 5. Size Mud Pit - Length 5 Width 12

DRILLERS LOG

TOP FT.	BOTTOM FT.	MUD LOSS INCHES	MUD WEIGHT	DESCRIPTION OF FORMATION	REMARKS
0	5			Black topsoil	
5	6			Dark brown silty clay	
6	13			Gray and brown silty clay/sand seams	
13	15			Brownish gray clay with gravel	
15	25			Brown very silty clay to peat	
25	31			Dark brown very silty clay	
31	36			Hard gray silty clay	
36	59			Blue gray sandy silty clay-occasional gravel	
59	71			Fine sand to small gravel	
71	107			Brownish gray sandy silty clay-occasional gravel seam	
107	133	1		Gray fine sand	
133	151	2		Fine sand to small and medium gravel	
151	195	4		Fine sand to medium gravel, some fine layers	
195	227	2		Medium to coarse sand and coarse gravel	
227	233			Coarse gravel (boulder @ 229')	
233	234			Weathered limestone	
234	237			Light gray to blue shale-firm	
				Set 4" pipe with slots from 213'-233'.	

TAZEWELL
TCHD COUNTY
HEALTH
DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

Food Sanitation
Private Sewage
Potable Water
Solid Waste
Habitation
Nuisance

November 15, 1994

Mr. Steve Wilson
Assistant Hydrologist
Illinois State Water Survey
2204 Griffith Drive
Champaign, IL 61820-7495

RE: Test well

Dear Mr. Wilson:

Per our conversation on November 15, 1994, the test well that is being drilled at the following location does not need a permit: Mark Graber Property at SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 of sec. 20 in Boyton Township. This well is being done for the Illinois State Water Survey and will be a test well only and will be filled in after completion of the testing.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please feel free to contact this office.

Sincerely,

TAZEWELL CO. HEALTH DEPT.



Patricia K. Welch, MPA, R.S.
Director of Env. Health



Chemistry Division

2204 Griffith Drive

WATER SAMPLE DATA

LABORATORY SAMPLE NUMBER: 228337

Champaign, Illinois 61820-7495

Telephone (217) 333-9321

Telefax (217) 333-6540

SOURCE: WELL

OWNER: MARK GRABER

LOCATION: SOUTHEAST OF DELAVAN

COUNTY: TAZEWELL TOWNSHIP: 22N RANGE: 03W SECTION: 20.4A

DATE COLLECTED: 01/25/1995

DATE RECEIVED: 01/27/1995

WELL DEPTH (Ft.): ND

TEMPERATURE REPORTED (F): ND

TREATMENT: NONE

COMMENTS: MCTAZ SITE NO. 3. WELL PUMPED FOR 7 DAYS AT 900 GPM BEFORE COLLECTION.

PARAMETER:	mg/L	PARAMETER:	mg/L
Iron (Total Fe):	3.18	Fluoride (F):	0.2
Manganese (Mn):	0.05	Chloride (Cl):	15.5
Calcium (Ca):	85.6	Sulfate (SO4):	< 0.9
Magnesium (Mg):	38.8	Nitrate (NO3-N):	< 0.02
Sodium (Na):	35.2		
Barium (Ba):	0.26		
Beryllium (Be):	< 0.003		
Chromium (Cr):	< 0.007		
Copper (Cu):	< 0.01		
Nickel (Ni):	< 0.031		
Zinc (Zn):	< 0.02		
Turbidity (Lab, NTU):	0.87	Alkalinity (CaCO3):	442
Color (PCU):	10	Hardness (as CaCO3):	372
pH (Lab):	7.7	Total Dissolved Minerals:	427
Odor:	NONE		

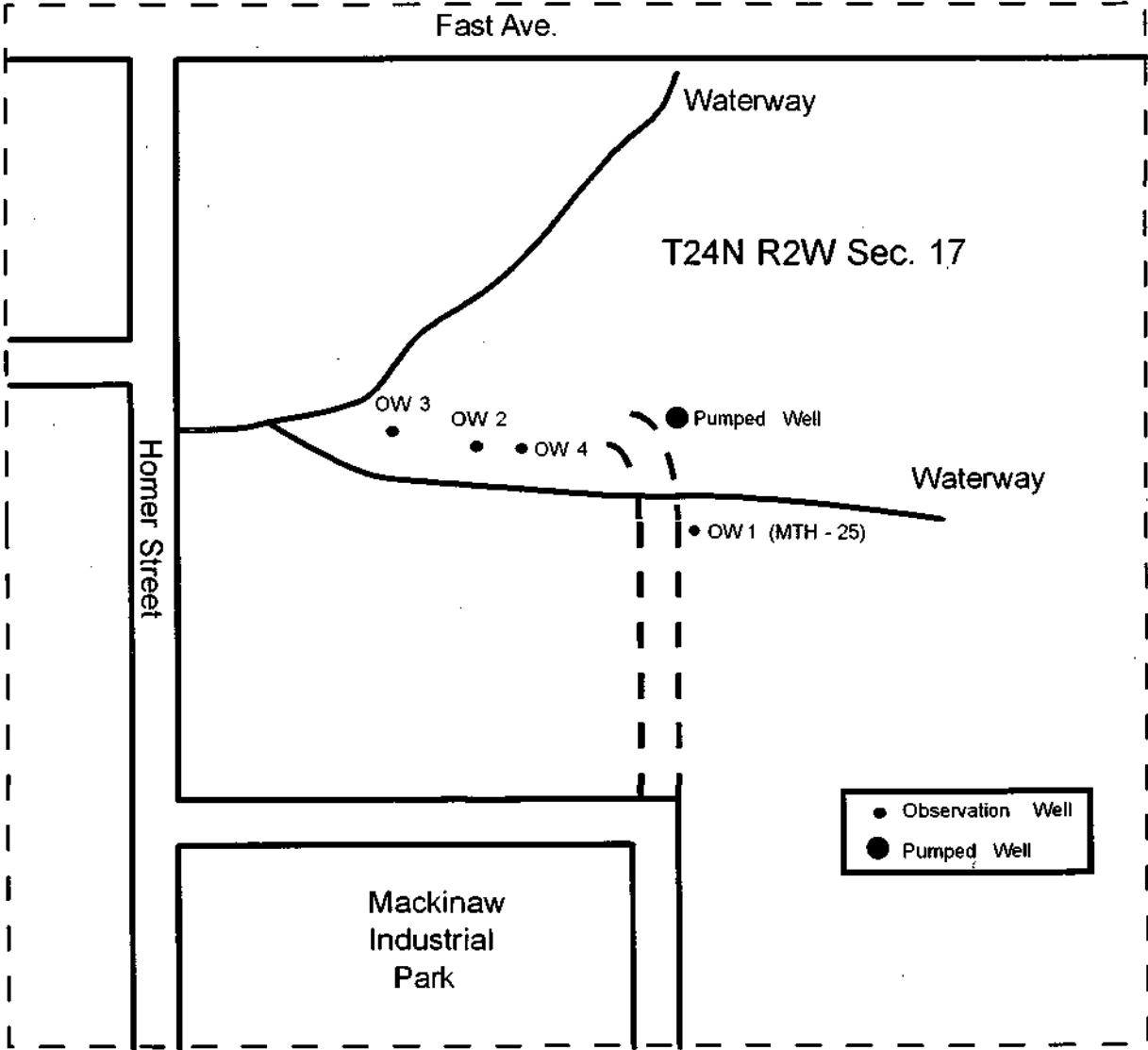
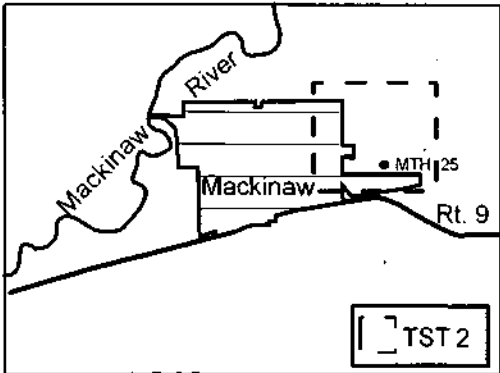
< = Below detection limit (i.e. <1.0 = less than 1.0 mg/L)
 mg/L - milligrams per liter mg/L x 0.0584 - grains per gallon
 uS/cm = microsiemens per centimeter
 ND = Not determined/Information not available

IEPA Certified Environmental Laboratory, Number 100202

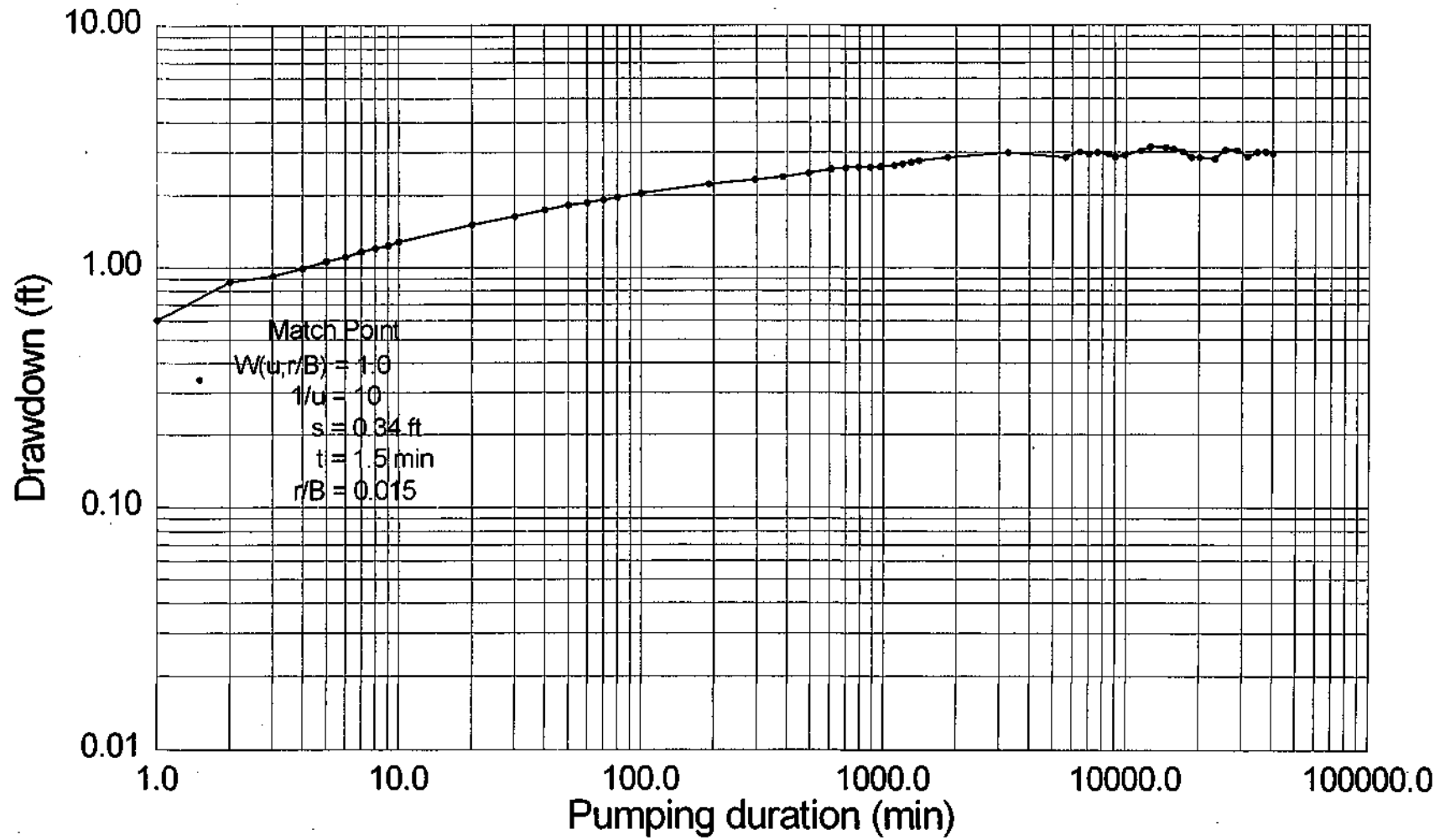
James F. Sievers

Analyst: Lauren F. Sievers
Assistant Chemist

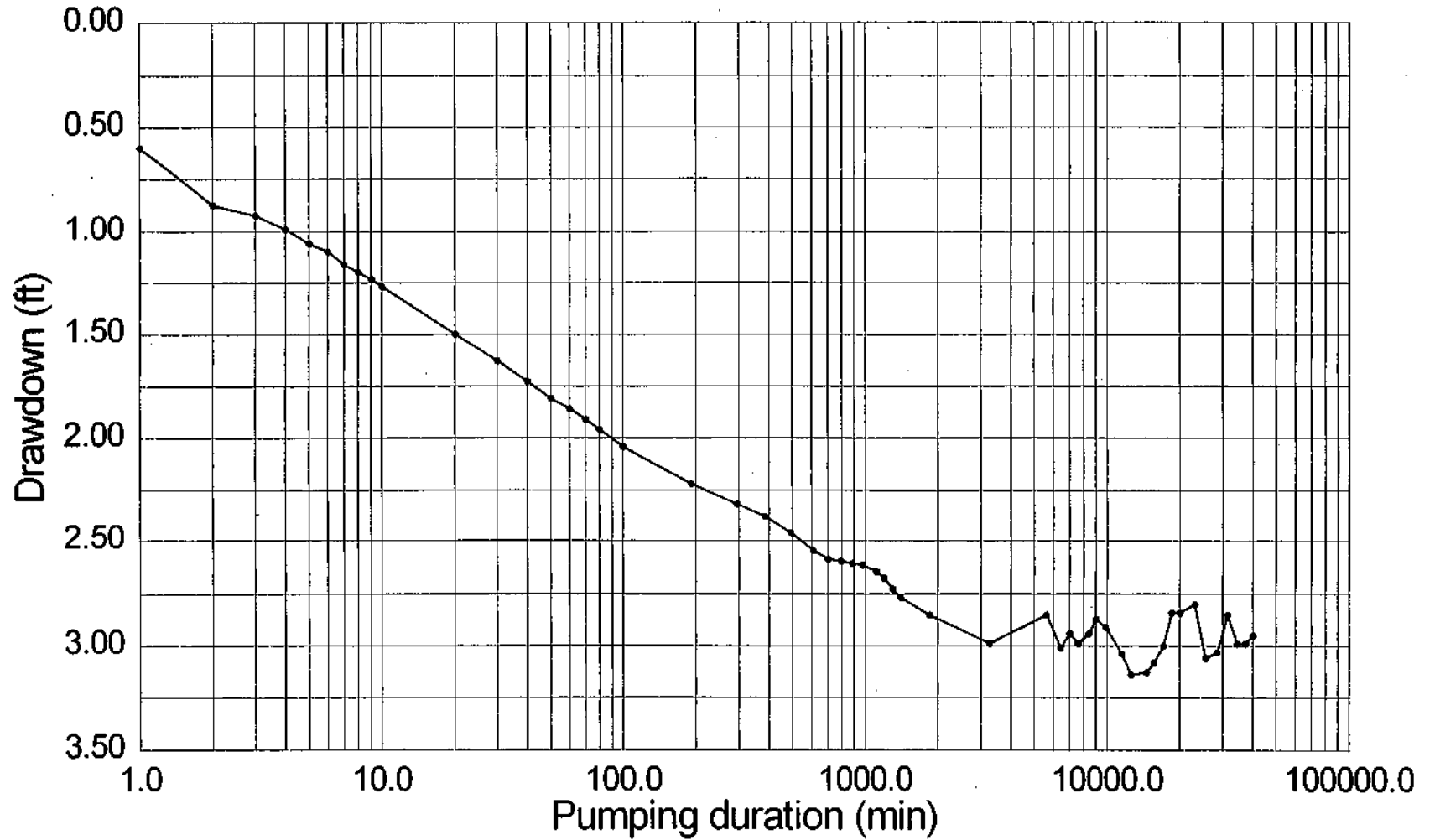
Location of Aquifer Test Site 2 (TST 2)



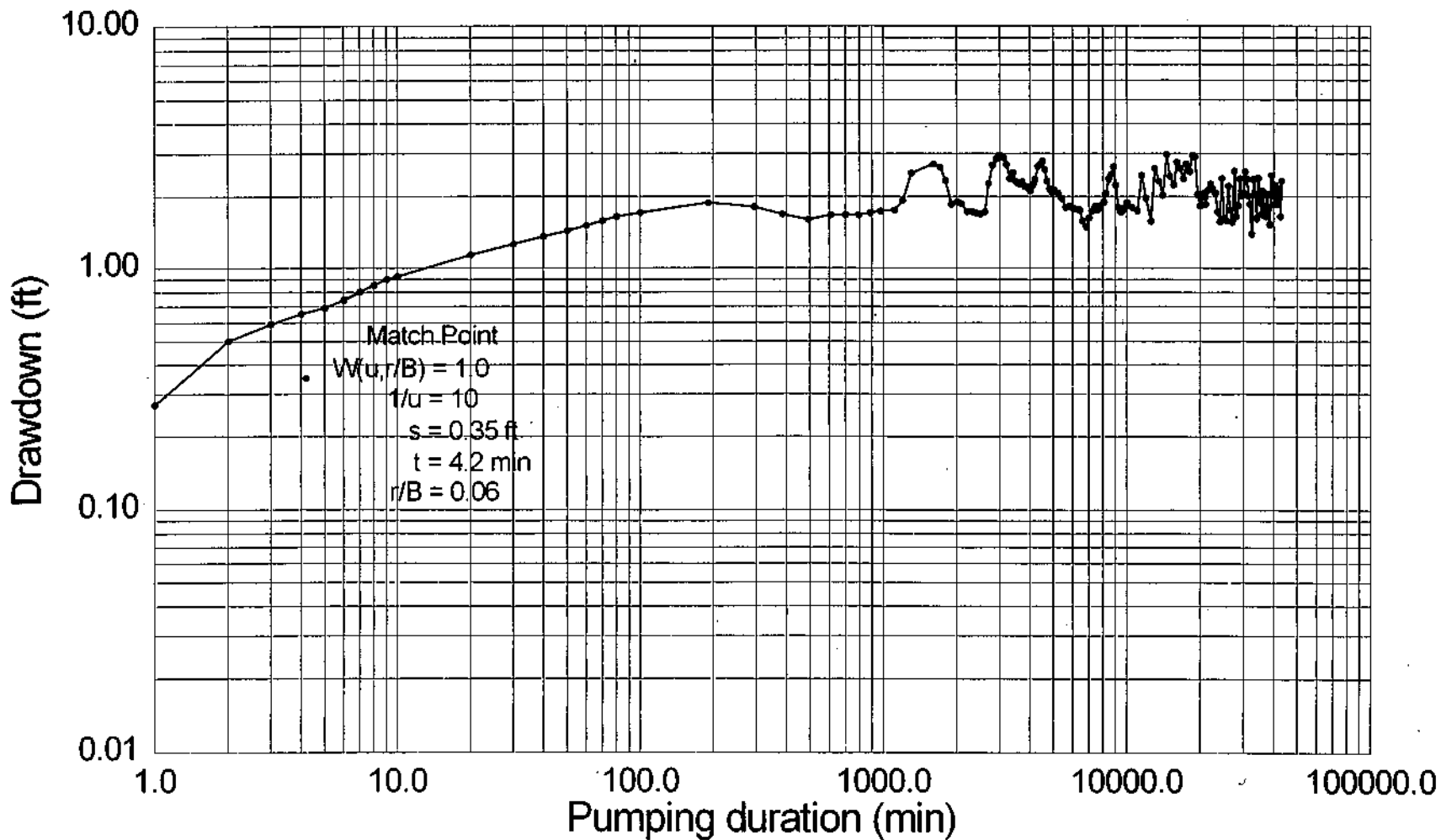
Log-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST2 - Observation Well 1



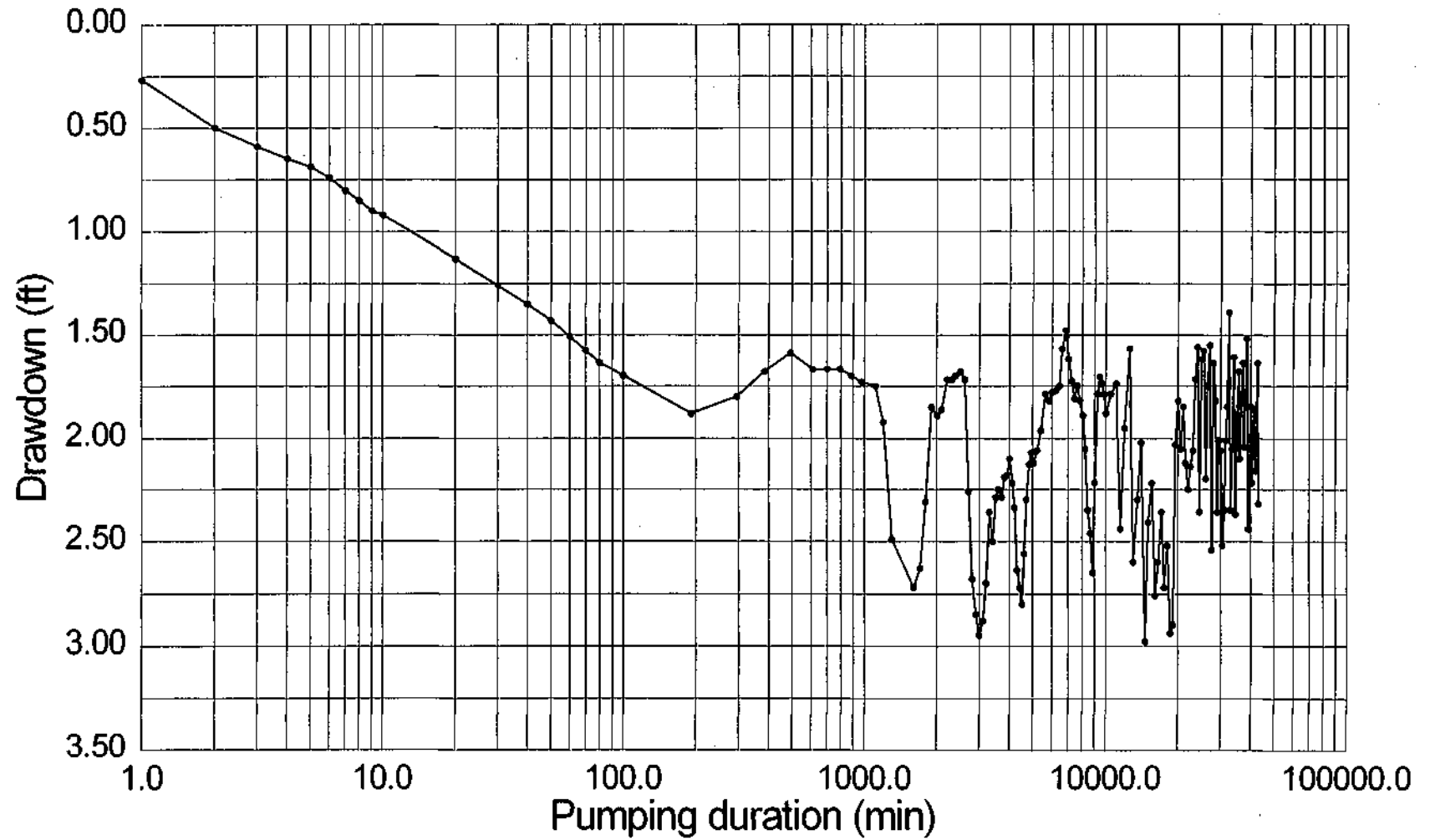
Semi-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST2 - Observation Well 1



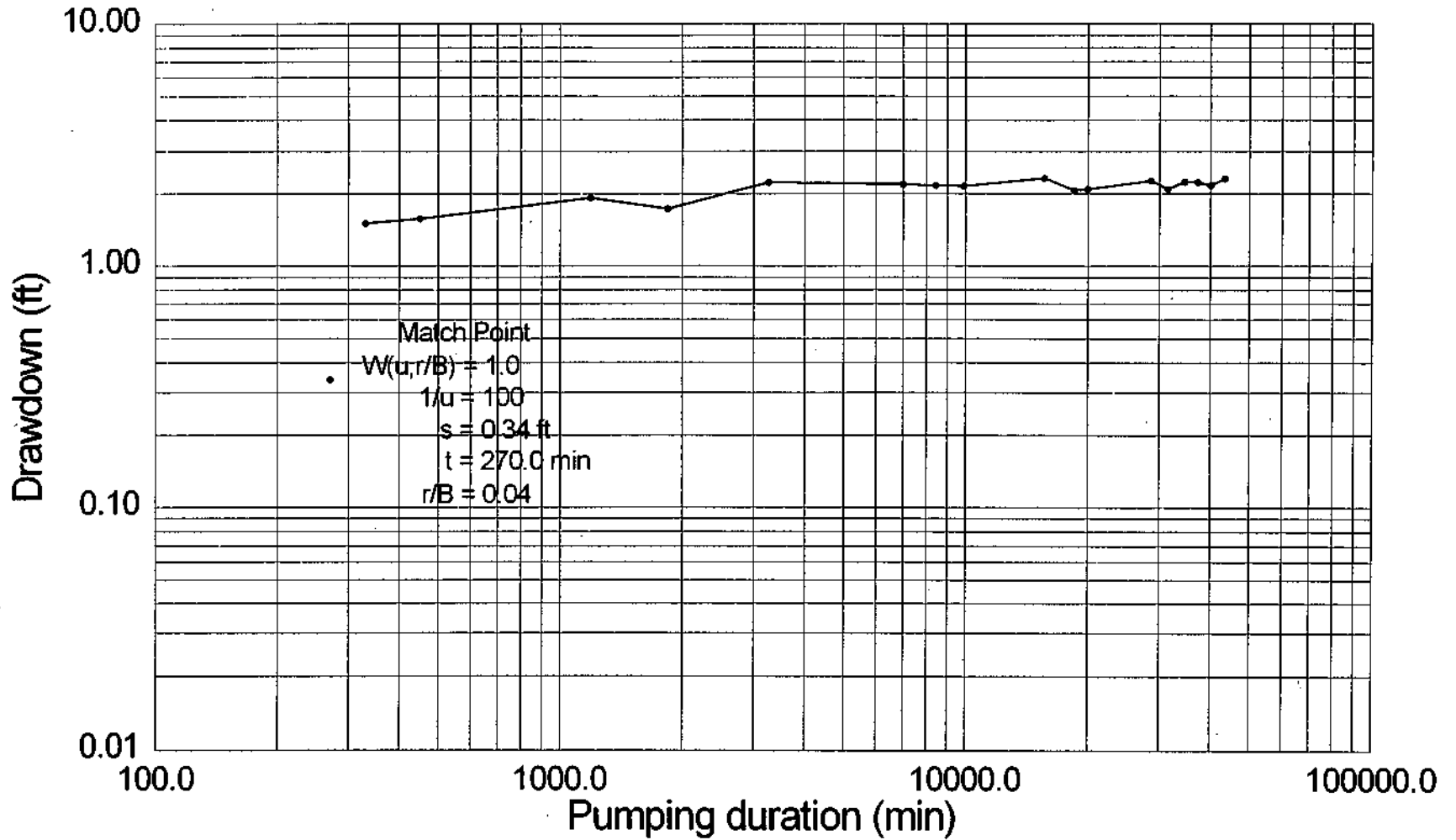
Log-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST2 - Observation Well 2



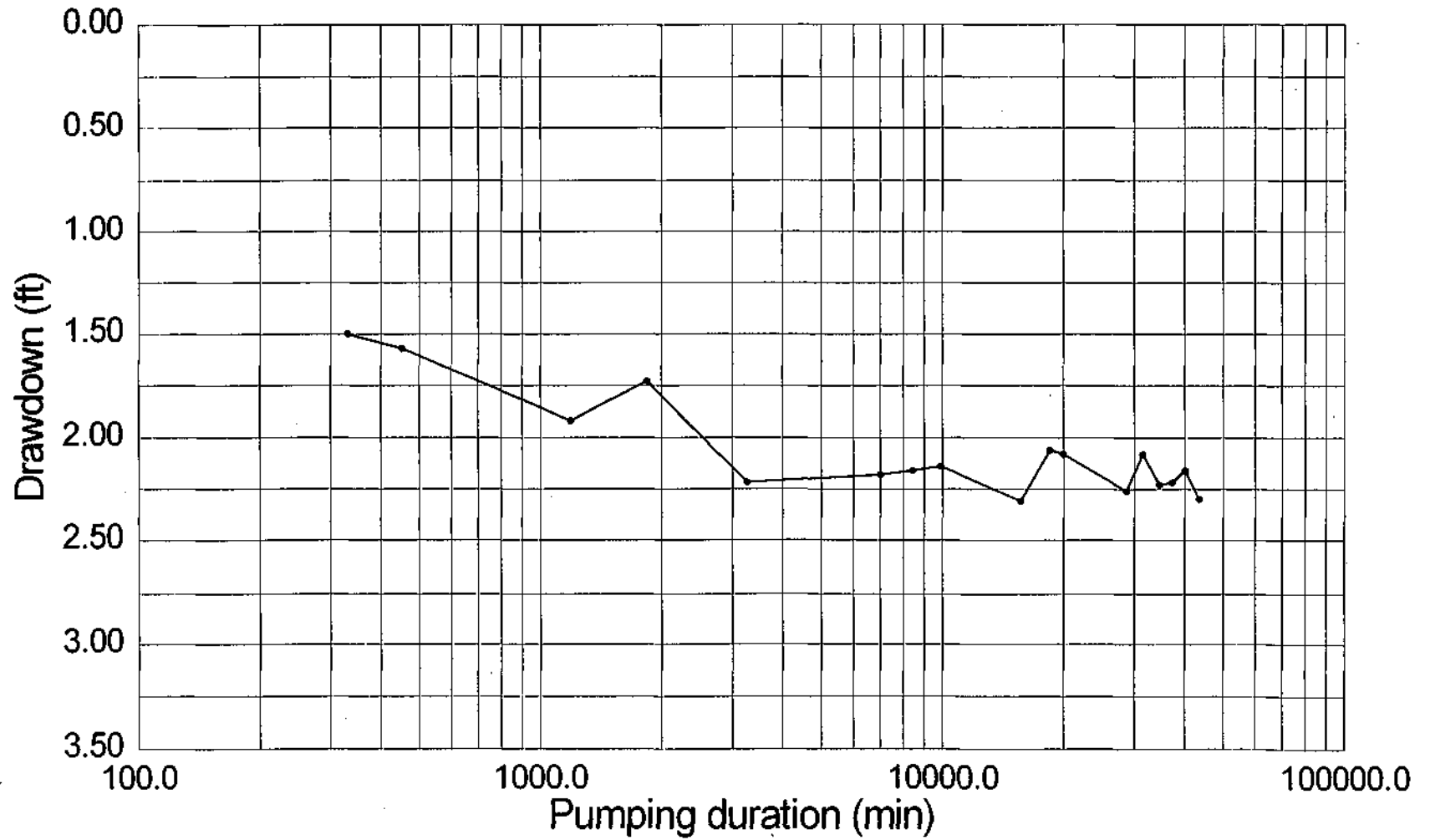
Semi-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST2 - Observation Well 2



Log-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST2 - Observation Well 3



Semi-Log Plot of Drawdown vs. Time at TST2 - Observation Well 3



Pump Test Data For TST 2

Minutes into Test	OW1 Drawdown (ft)	OW2 Drawdown (ft)	OW3 Drawdown (ft)
1	0.60	0.27	
2	0.87	0.50	
3	0.92	0.59	
4	0.99	0.65	
5	1.06	0.69	
6	1.10	0.74	
7	1.16	0.80	
8	1.20	0.85	
9	1.23	0.90	
10	1.27	0.92	
20	1.50	1.13	
30	1.63	1.26	
40	1.73	1.35	
50	1.81	1.43	
60	1.86	1.51	
70	1.91	1.58	
80	1.96	1.64	
100	2.04	1.70	
190	2.22	1.88	
295	2.32	1.80	
330			1.50
385	2.38	1.68	
450			1.57
490	2.46	1.59	
610	2.55	1.67	
700	2.59	1.67	
790	2.60	1.67	
880	2.61	1.70	
970	2.62	1.73	
1105	2.65	1.75	
1187			1.92
1195	2.68	1.92	
1300	2.73	2.49	
1405	2.77		
1600		2.72	
1705		2.63	
1795		2.31	
1842	2.85		1.73
1900		1.85	

Pump Test Data For TST 2

Minutes into Test	OW 1 Drawdown (ft)	OW 2 Drawdown (ft)	OW 3 Drawdown (ft)
2005		1.89	
2095		1.86	
2200		1.72	
2305		1.72	
2395		1.70	
2500		1.68	
2605		1.72	
2695		2.26	
2800		2.68	
2905		2.85	
2995		2.95	
3100		2.88	
3205		2.70	
3261	2.99		2.22
3295		2.36	
3400		2.50	
3505		2.29	
3595		2.25	
3700		2.29	
3805		2.19	
3895		2.18	
4000		2.10	
4105		2.22	
4195		2.34	
4300		2.64	
4405		2.72	
4495		2.80	
4600		2.56	
4705		2.30	
4810		2.13	
4900		2.07	
5005		2.12	
5200		2.06	
5395		1.96	
5605		1.79	
5625	2.85		
5800		1.82	
5995		1.78	
6205		1.77	

Pump Test Data For TST 2

Minutes into Test	OW 1 Drawdown (ft)	OW 2 Drawdown (ft)	OW 3 Drawdown (ft)
6315	3.01		
6400		1.75	
6595		1.57	
6805		1.48	
6980	2.94		2.18
7000		1.62	
7195		1.73	
7405		1.81	
7575	2.99		
7600		1.75	
7795		1.82	
8005		1.89	
8200		2.05	
8395		2.35	
8422	2.94		2.16
8605		2.46	
8800		2.65	
8995		2.22	
9015	2.87		
9220		1.79	
9400		1.71	
9595		1.74	
9805		1.79	
9865	2.91		2.14
10000		1.88	
10495		1.79	
11005		1.74	
11295	3.04		
11500		2.44	
11995		1.95	
12505		1.57	
12680	3.14		
13000		2.60	
13495		2.30	
14005		2.02	
14333	3.13		
14500		2.98	
14995		2.41	
15505		2.22	

Pump Test Data For TST 2

Minutes into Test	OW1 Drawdown (ft)	OW2 Drawdown (ft)	OW3 Drawdown (ft)
15610			2.31
15750	3.08		
16000		2.76	
16495		2.60	
17005		2.36	
17050	3.00		
17500		2.72	
17995		2.52	
18490	2.84		2.06
18505		2.94	
19000		2.90	
19495		2.03	
19935	2.84		2.08
20005		1.82	
20500		2.05	
20995		1.85	
21505		2.12	
22000		2.25	
22495		2.14	
22810	2.80		
23005		2.06	
23500		1.72	
23995		1.56	
24505		2.36	
25000		1.62	
25480		1.58	
25785	3.06		
26005		2.20	
26500		1.75	
26995		1.55	
27505		2.54	
28000		1.64	
28495		1.82	
28582	3.03		2.26
29005		2.36	
29500		2.01	
29995		2.06	
30505		2.52	
31000		2.35	

Pump Test Data For TST 2

Minutes into Test	OW 1 Drawdown (ft)	OW 2 Drawdown (ft)	OW 3 Drawdown (ft)
31455	2.85		2.08
31495		2.01	
32005		1.85	
32500		1.39	
32995		2.35	
33505		2.05	
34000		1.61	
34495		2.37	
34579	2.99		2.23
35005		1.90	
35500		1.68	
35995		2.10	
36505		1.79	
37000		1.64	
37215	2.99		2.22
37495		2.04	
37990		1.78	
38500		1.52	
38995		2.44	
40000		1.85	
40094	2.95		2.16
40495		2.22	
41005		1.86	
41500		1.96	
41995		2.16	
42505		1.64	
43000		2.32	
43410			2.30



Layne-Western Company, Inc.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FOR WATER SYSTEMS

721 West Illinois Avenue • Aurora, Illinois 60506-2892 • Phone: 708/897-6941

Name of Job Long Range Water Plan Steering Committee Date 2/16/95

City or Village Mackinaw State IL

Well No.: 6 Drillers: C. Glidewell, M. Rife

Well Location: _____ ft. (_____) and _____ ft. (_____) of the _____ corner of
Section 17, Twp. 24 (N), Range 2 (W) Tazewell County.

Otherwise located as _____

Work Began: 1/12/95 Work Completed: 1/26/95 Well Depth: 325'

All measurements made from existing ground level at time well was drilled.

Casing Record:

Amount	Dia.	Wt. or Thickness	Material	with	with	joints from	to
<u>287'</u>	<u>16"</u>	<u>.375</u>	<u>Steel</u>		<u>welded</u>	<u>285'</u>	<u>+2'</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____		_____	_____	_____

Screen Record: Type Houston and Johnson

Amount	Dia.	Opening	Material	with	with	joints from	to
<u>40'</u>	<u>16"</u>	<u>.060</u>	<u>S.S.</u>		<u>welded</u>	<u>325'</u>	<u>285'</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____		_____	_____	_____

Type of Seal at Bottom S.S. plate.

Hole Record:

<u>48"</u>	inch from	<u>0'</u>	to	<u>10'</u>
<u>40"</u>	inch from	<u>10'</u>	to	<u>28'</u>
<u>30"</u>		<u>28'</u>		<u>327'</u>

Gravel Pack Record:

Amount	Size	Source	From	To
<u>APP 20 tons</u>	<u>#2</u>	<u>Northern Gravel</u>	<u>327'</u>	<u>224'</u>

Cementing Record: Redi-Mix - 28' to 8'.

Backfill Record: Backfill sand 224' to 180'; Hole plug 180' to 177'; fill sand 177' to 28'.



Hydrology Division

2204 Griffith Drive
Champaign, Illinois 61820-7495
Telephone (217) 333-4300
Telefax (217) 333-6540

December 19, 1994

Mr. Tom Healy
Layne Western Company, Inc.
721 West Illinois Avenue
Aurora, IL 60506

Dear Mr. Healy:

We have examined the sieve analysis data and test hole log provided by the Illinois State Geological Survey for Test Site 2 (Mackinaw, Site 25), drilled for the Long Range Water Plan Steering Committee by your firm. This test hole reportedly is located in the NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$, of Section 17, T. 24N., R. 2W., Tazewell County, Illinois. It is our understanding that a well capable of yielding 1000 to 1500 gpm is desired at this location.

The sieve analysis data, test hole log, and our well design criteria indicate that a gravel packed well can be constructed at this site. Gravel pack material with a size range from about 1.77 to 2.95 mm (0.070 to 0.116 inches) would be ideal for the interval from about 202 to 328 feet. If material from Northern Gravel Company, Muscatine, Iowa is to be used, their No. 2 material (1.40 to 3.40 mm) should be acceptable. A screen with 0.060-inch continuous slots (60-slot) can be used with this material. An 80-foot length of 60-slot screen, 16 or 20 inches in diameter, should be capable of safely transmitting 1500 gpm. The well screen can be set in the interval from about 245 to 325 feet deep. The gravel pack envelope should be 6 inches thick (borehole diameter of 28 or 32 inches).

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

Robert D. Olson
Associate Hydrologist
Phone: (217) 333-8700

cc: Steve Wilson, ISWS



Chemistry Division
2204 Griffith Drive
Champaign, Illinois 61820-7495
Telephone (217) 333-9321
Telefax (217) 333-6540

WATER SAMPLE DATA
LABORATORY SAMPLE NUMBER: 228786

SOURCE: WELL NO. 6
OWNER: VILLAGE OF MACKINAW
LOCATION: NEAR MACKINAW
COUNTY: TAZEWELL TOWNSHIP: 24N RANGE: 02W SECTION: 17.1D
DATE COLLECTED: 04/04/1995 DATE RECEIVED: 06/14/1995
WELL DEPTH (Ft.): 315.0 TEMPERATURE REPORTED (F): ND
TREATMENT: NONE
COMMENTS: TURBIDITY DUE TO OXIDIZED IRON. ANALYSIS MAY NOT BE REPRESENTATIVE DUE TO TIME BETWEEN COLLECTION AND RECEIPT.

Table with 2 columns: PARAMETER and mg/L. Parameters include Iron (Total Fe), Manganese (Mn), Calcium (Ca), Magnesium (Mg), Sodium (Na), Barium (Ba), Beryllium (Be), Boron (B), Chromium (Cr), Copper (Cu), Nickel (Ni), Zinc (Zn), Turbidity (Lab, NTU), Color (PCU), pH (Lab), Odor, Fluoride (F), Chloride (Cl), Sulfate (SO4), Nitrate (NO3-N), Alkalinity (CaCO3), Hardness (as CaCO3), and Total Dissolved Minerals.

< = Below detection limit (i.e. <1.0 = less than 1.0 mg/L)
mg/L = milligrams per liter mg/L x 0.0584 = grains per gallon
uS/cm = microsiemens per centimeter
ND = Not determined/Information not available

IEPA Certified Environmental Laboratory, Number 100202

Handwritten signature of Lauren F. Sievers

Analyst: Lauren F. Sievers Assistant Chemist



Natural Resources Building
615 East Peabody Drive
Champaign, IL 61820-6964
217/333-4747
FAX 217/244-7004

Illinois Department of
Energy and Natural Resources

Steve Wilson
ISWS
2204 Griffith Dr.
MC-674

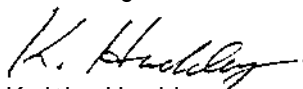
March 24, 1995

Steve,

Enclosed is the GC analysis of the extracted gas from Site-25. It represents the gas extracted under a vacuum at a temperature which was ramped from rm temp to 60° C. We use this procedure to be sure we extract all the methane from the water. We can then accurately report how many cc of CH₄ there is per liter of water. The analysis, however, is therefore different than an analysis of the gas that would evolve from the water under normal atmospheric conditions. The gas that evolves at atmospheric pressure would be more enriched in methane and would have less CO₂ since the solubility of CO₂ is higher than CH₄. For example, another site we analyzed had 53% CH₄ and 32.5% CO₂ in the vacuum extracted gases and 74% CH₄ and 0.7% CO₂ in the gas evolved at atmospheric pressure. I thought I would relay this information to you so you would have a better understanding of the analysis you were receiving.

If you have any questions or comments please feel free to call me at 244-2396.

Best regards,



Keith Hackley
ISGS, Isotope Geochemistry

"ILLINOIS STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
615 EAST PEABODY DRIVE
CHAMPAIGN, IL 61820
217-244-2524

REPORT OF GAS ANALYSIS

LAB #: 5200 REQUEST #: 21725
 SAMPLED: 3/02/95 ANALYZED: 3/03/95 REPORTED: 3/06/95
 COUNTY: TAZEWELL
 LOCATION: NE NE SE 17-24N-2W
 WELL NAME: Site 25
 GAS SAMPLE CONTAINER: Brass Cylinder #8
 FORMATION: Banner Fm
 PRODUCTING ZONE DEPTHS: Screen 302-307 ft deep, Surface Elev = 690 ft
 GAS FLOW RATE: NA

RESULTS OF ANALYSIS
in volume percent, normalized

CARBON DIOXIDE (CO ₂)	_____21.71	
OXYGEN/ARGON (O ₂ + Ar)	_____1.00	
NITROGEN (N ₂)	_____15.17	BTU/CU.FT. DRY @
METHANE (CH ₄)	_____62.11	60½F & 14.7 PSIA:
ETHANE (C ₂ H ₆)	_____ND	TOTAL_____629
PROPANE (C ₃ H ₈)	_____ND	
ISO-BUTANE (I-C ₄ H ₁₀)	_____ND	SPECIFIC GRAVITY:
N-BUTANE (N-C ₄ H ₁₀)	_____ND	CALCULATED - 0.83
ISO-PENTANE (I-C ₅ H ₁₂)	_____ND	
N-PENTANE (N-C ₅ H ₁₂)	_____ND	
HEXANES +	_____ND	

METHOD OF ANALYSIS: GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY ND = NOT DETECTED

ANALYSIS BY: CHAO-LI LIU

REMARKS:

Total Gas extracted from cylinder = 106.3 cc/L
 Methane = 66.0 cc/L

APPENDIX I WATER QUALITY DATA FOR PROJECT WELLS

Well	MTH-1	MTH-2	MTH-3	MTH-5	MTH-6	MTH-7	MTH-8
Countv	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell
Depth	215	265	269	294	137	265	256
Date Sampled	09/09/94	08/18/94	08/18/94	09/01/94	09/09/94	07/18/94	07/18/94
Ca	99.8	70.4	85.2	65.4	81.5	79.7	70.7
Mg	43.5	36.8	37.5	31.8	37.4	41.0	38.6
Ba	0.051	0.225	0.28	0.235	0.062	0.241	0.243
Sr	0.105	0.602	0.276	0.481	0.117	0.586	0.375
Na	6.3	79.2	59.5	47.9	5.4	18.1	26.7
K	2.11	3.52	2.98	1.8	0.44	1.02	1.48
Li	0.00352	0.00857	0.006	0.00523	0.00882	0.00538	0.0092
Cl	20.5	50.1	37.0	21.3	4.7	7.9	3.6
NO ₃ ⁻	15.70	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
SO ₄ ²⁻	56.5	0.9	1.6	<0.9	52.1	34.6	<0.9
F	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	0.3	0.1
Alk	342.5	492.0	493.3	418.7	331.8	381.0	416.0
Fe	0.216	3.07	1.93	2.24	1.05	1.6	1.36
Mn	0.16	0.13	0.21	0.05	0.13	0.07	0.21
Cu	0.00339	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002
Pb	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014
Ni	<0.008	0.0087	<0.008	<0.008	0.01482	<0.008	0.00958
Zn	0.27465	0.0235	0.02908	0.02774	0.01951	0.02655	0.32678
Co	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004
Se	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
As	<0.003	0.0168	<0.003	0.0122	0.0069	<0.003	0.0223
Al	0.314	1.885	0.025	0.044	0.014	<0.011	0.078
Ti	0.00942	0.07674	0.00153	0.00203	0.00117	<0.001	<0.001
Si	7.22	10.5	7.67	8.75	7.62	8.71	10.0
P	<0.15	0.29	<0.15	0.17	<0.15	0.2	<0.15
S	16.1	<0.11	<0.11	<0.11	15.9	11.7	<0.11
H ₂ S Odor				+		+	
NH ₃	<0.1	4.5	1.0	3.3	0.4	2.6	2.0
NVOC	3.6	7.5	5.6	4.8	3.6	1.3	2.5
pH	7.06	7.76	7.45	7.58	7.31	7.79	7.66
Sp Cond	670	750	680	595	550	550	580
E	120	-103	-85	-106	-125	-244	-116

Notes: NO₃⁻ is nitrate nitrogen, mg N/L.
 SO₄²⁻ is sulfate, mg SO₄/L.
 Alk is alkalinity, mg CaCO₃/L.
 + in the H₂S column indicates hydrogen sulfide odor
 NH₃ is ammonia nitrogen, mg N/L.
 NVOC is nonvolatile organic carbon, mg C/L.
 pH is in pH units.
 Sp Cond is specific conductance, microsiemens/cm.
 Eh is platinum electrode potential, mV vs standard hyd
 All other concentration units are in mg/L.

Well	MTH-9	MTH-10A	MTH-10B	MTH-11A	MTH-11B	MTH-13	MTH-14	MTH-15
County	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	McLean	McLean
Depth	296	233	99	280	116	318	334	315
Date Sampled	06/22/94	07/13/94	07/13/94	06/22/94	06/22/94	05/18/94	09/13/94	09/13/94
Ca	71.1	72.1	67.0	67.3	70.2	79.2	82.3	56.1
Mg	41.7	35.4	37.2	34.5	34.5	34.4	41.8	30.2
Ba	0.137	0.236	0.069	0.198	0.17	0.22	0.179	0.367
Sr	0.675	0.467	0.201	0.436	0.498	0.283	0.532	0.567
Na	74.8	54.4	13.7	24.6	22.4	23.5	47.6	118.3
K	2.23	1.45	0.49	2.17	1.82	1.52	1.82	3.17
Li	0.00623	0.00567	0.00215	0.00816	0.00297	0.01215	0.00902	0.01114
Cl	10.2	11.6	2.5	4.8	5.8	3.0	41.8	89.4
NO ₃ ⁻	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	22.00
SO ₄ ²⁻	4.2	<0.9	<0.9	1.2	4.5	<0.9	16.3	11.1
F	0.2	0.2	<0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
Alk	500.3	447.8	364.8	389.8	415.0	409.5	458.7	496.8
Fe	0.24	1.84	1.41	1.71	1.92	3.82	3.67	0.436
Mn	0.18	0.15	0.04	0.09	0.05	0.09	0.21	0.11
Cu	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	0.0026	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002
Pb	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014
Ni	0.00916	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	0.01034	<0.008
Zn	0.00933	0.05103	0.02744	0.08657	0.33334	0.00689	0.09015	0.51343
Co	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004
Se	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
As	0.0049	<0.003	0.0149	<0.003	0.0298	0.0034	0.0095	0.0040
Al	0.027	<0.011	<0.011	0.014	0.048	<0.011	0.626	0.112
Ti	0.00151	<0.001	0.00104	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.0288	0.0017
Si	7.8	9.06	7.85	8.4	6.8	10.7	10.2	6.28
P	<0.15	0.2	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	0.24	0.25	<0.15
S	1.47	<0.11	<0.11	0.23	1.56	<0.11	5.18	3.87
H ₂ S Odor		+	+	+				
NH ₃	6.2	2.9	0.7	2.3	3.9	1.4	3.7	
NVOC	5.8	4.0		2.5	3.1	2.2	10.2	39.7
pH	7.7	7.63	7.69	7.74	7.61	7.4	7.49	7.87
Sp Cond	740	640	510	530	590	520	750	1100
E	-56	-124	-151	-138	-119	-170	-96	-103

Notes: NO₃⁻ is nitrate nitrogen, mg N/L.
SO₄²⁻ is sulfate, mg SO₄/L.
Alk is alkalinity, mg CaCO₃/L.
+ in the H₂S column indicates hydrogen sulfide odor
NH₃ is ammonia nitrogen, mg N/L.
NVOC is nonvolatile organic carbon, mg C/L.
pH is in pH units.
Sp Cond is specific conductance, microsiemens/cm.
Eh is platinum electrode potential, mV vs standard hyd
All other concentration units are in mg/L.

Well.	MTH-15	MTH-17A	MTH-17B	MTH-18A	MTH-18B	MTH-19	MTH-20	MTH-21
County	McLean	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	McLean	McLean	McLean
Depth	315	239	80	317	160	312	311	325
Date Sampled	07/16/94	04/26/94	04/26/94	09/27/94	09/27/94	05/26/94	05/26/94	06/01/94
Ca	75.5	76.1	81.4	80.9	81.8	70.5	63.0	83.7
Mg	39.3	34.2	35.7	38.6	39.2	32.6	27.5	32.8
Ba	0.266	0.126	0.051	0.095	0.088	0.493	0.62	0.314
Sr	0.709	0.281	0.112	0.316	0.286	0.69	0.54	0.492
Na	98.9	14.3	6.3	10.8	10.2	94.6	102.9	45.5
K	2.43	1.25	0.35	1.51	2.17	1.67	1.97	1.16
Li	0.00758	0.00566	0.00288	0.00693	0.00866	0.00549	0.00619	0.00544
Cl	65.5	3.4	3.0	1.8	1.8	57.7	64.2	1.6
NO ₃ ⁻	19.3	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
SO ₄ ²⁻	1.7	<0.9	63.8	<0.9	1.1	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9
F	0.2	0.2	0.1	<0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.2
Alk	527.0	368.3	300.7	427.0	412.5	470.8	447.8	485.3
Fe	1.52	3.52	1.16	2.66	3.02	2.1	1.9	1.72
Mn	0.17	0.056	0.117	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.03	0.09
Cu	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002
Pb	0.01471	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014
Ni	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008
Zn	0.01155	0.01364	0.01758	0.35499	0.11266	0.00428	0.00558	0.2545
Co	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	0.00453	<0.004	<0.004
Se	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
As	0.0083	<0.003	<0.003	0.0732	0.0388	0.0176	0.0267	0.0046
Al	0.519	0.060	0.023	0.028	0.011	0.014	<0.011	0.025
Ti	0.01549	0.00326	0.00114	0.00162	0.00135	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Si	9.0	11.2	7.10	10.1	2.87	8.53.	7.48	8.97
P	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	0.44	0.32	0.29
S	0.63	<0.11	19.4	0.25	0.33	0.13	0.15	0.42
H ₂ S Odor						+	+	
NH ₃	23.6			5.0	3.6	3.3	3.5	5.7
NVOC	19.9	1.9	0.5	6.6	3.1	5.1	5.4	4.8
PH	7.53	7.07	7.07	7.15	6.95	7.44	7.51	7.39
Sp Cond	950	490	435	555	520	690	730	660
E	-105	-142	-141	-105	-89	-170	-170	-113

Notes: NO₃⁻ is nitrate nitrogen, mg N/L.
SO₄²⁻ is sulfate, mg SO₄/L.
Alk is alkalinity, mg CaCO₃/L.
+ in the H₂S column indicates hydrogen sulfide odor
NH₃ is ammonia nitrogen, mg N/L.
NVOC is nonvolatile organic carbon, mg C/L.
pH is in pH units.
Sp Cond is specific conductance, microsiemens/cm.
Eh is platinum electrode potential, mV vs standard hyd
All other concentration units are in mg/L.

Well	MTH-22A	MTH-22B	MTH-24A	MTH-24B	MTH-25	SWS-2A	SWS-3A	SWS-3B
County	Logan	Logan	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell
Depth	311	160	333	122	344	286	262	60
Date Sampled	05/18/94	05/18/94	09/20/94	09/20/94	09/09/94	07/13/94	09/20/94	05/26/94
Ca	77.2	82.9	67.9	69.9	75.2	72.8	69.1	94.4
Mg	36.0	40.4	32.9	33.5	36.5	34.3	32.6	43.5
Ba	0.129	0.172	0.144	0.144	0.299	0.49	0.149	0.133
Sr	0.312	0.346	0.585	0.61	0.537	0.596	0.368	0.195
Na	15.3	18.9	17.4	17.7	67.1	88.2	14.7	6.9
K	1.4	2.65	1.74	1.32	2.28	2.23	1.22	<0.24
Li	0.00658	0.01013	0.00701	0.00305	0.01164	0.0071	0.00591	0.00231
Cl	3.1	2.2	1.1	1.1	31.5	12.9	2.6	4.8
NO ₃ ⁻	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
SO ₄ ²⁻	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9	51.1
F	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Alk	391.0	449.8	393.3	385.5	481.3	506.2	366.5	397.7
Fe	1.97	2.97	4.57	4.49	2.23	2.55	4.27	6.93
Mn	0.23	0.037	0.04	0.06	0.23	0.07	0.20	0.26
Cu	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002
Pb	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014
Ni	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008	<0.008
Zn	0.00845	0.00787	0.07684	0.03865	0.02029	0.10139	0.04025	0.00742
Co	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004
Se	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	0.04	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
As	0.0033	0.0109	0.0960	0.0817	<0.003	0.0097	0.0273	0.0445
Al	0.013	0.012	0.017	0.015	0.067	0.029	0.273	0.114
Ti	<0.001	0.00179	0.00104	<0.001	0.00303	<0.001	0.01001	0.00477
Si	10.8	12.6	8.46	8.68	9.14	9.05	10.5	7.89
P	0.17	<0.15	0.25	0.24	0.18	0.21	<0.15	0.24
S	<0.11	<0.11	<0.11	<0.11	0.15	0.12	<0.11	16.5
H ₂ S Odor	+		+			+		+
NH ₃	3.3	5.9	2.8		4.2	4.0		0.5
NVOC	1.9	3.1	7.1	7.0	9.7	5.1	4.7	1.1
pH	7.19	7.08	7.39	7.53	7.54	7.58	7.38	7.22
Sp Cond	470	525	515	505	720	775	510	520
E	-173	-122	-124	-141	-164	-136	-140	-161

Notes: NO₃⁻ is nitrate nitrogen, mg N/L.
SO₄²⁻ is sulfate, mg SO₄/L.
Alk is alkalinity, mg CaCO₃/L.
+ in the H₂S column indicates hydrogen sulfide odor
NH₃ is ammonia nitrogen, mg N/L.
NVOC is nonvolatile organic carbon, mg C/L.
pH is in pH units.
Sp Cond is specific conductance, microsiemens/cm.
Eh is platinum electrode potential, mV vs standard hyd
All other concentration units are in mg/L.

Well	SWS-5	SWS-6	SWS-7	SWS-A	SWS-B	sws-c
County	Tazewell	Tazewell	Tazewell	McLean	McLean	McLean
Depth	256	287	353	330	315	315
Date Sampled	07/16/94	03/06/94	07/16/94	12/02/93	06/01/94	06/01/94
Ca	69.1	83.6	80.7	76.6	73.9	88.5
Mg	34.6	42.3	38.2	40.1	37.5	40.6
Ba	0.274	0.132	0.239	0.236	0.344	0.406
Sr	0.332	0.275	0.408	0.507	0.752	0.604
Na	28	23	39.3	103.1	117.5	135.3
K	1.77	2.25	1.84	4.15	2.55	1.75
Li	0.00861	0.00971	0.00784	0.01407	0.00573	0.01332
Cl	6.9	3.0	18.4	30.6	73.8	59.3
NO ₃ ⁻	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
SO ₄ ²⁻	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9	<0.9
F	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2
Alk	407.3		464.7	509.3	552.5	662.5
Fe	2.89	3.44	4.1	11.1	3.93	3.28
Mn	0.11	0.038	0.10	0.53	0.08	0.06
Cu	<0.002	0.00331	<0.002	0.01306	<0.002	<0.002
Pb	<0.014	<0.014	0.01495	0.02262	<0.014	<0.014
Ni	<0.008	<0.008	0.01126	0.02742	<0.008	0.00893
Zn	0.00901	0.01706	0.13866	0.10262	0.00899	0.06513
Co	<0.004	<0.004	<0.004	0.00668	<0.004	<0.004
Se	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03	<0.03
As	<0.003	0.0067	<0.003	0.0037	0.0063	0.0193
Al	0.106	0.262	1.333	6.402	0.184	0.069
Ti	0.00295	0.00893	0.04789	0.2706	0.00647	0.00203
Si	9.4	13.0	13.2	24.8	9.26	9.62
P	<0.15	<0.15	<0.15	0.16	0.3	0.39
S	<0.11	<0.11	0.11	0.38	0.26	0.29
H ₂ S Odor	+				+	+
NH ₃	1.4	2.1	2.2	1.6	8.1	10.5
NVOC	1.9	13.6	3.2		6.8	9.2
pH	7.74	7.09	7.55	7.19	7.42	7.18
Sp Cond	590	600	670	730	875	950
E	-168		-125		-159	-131

Notes: NO₃⁻ is nitrate nitrogen, mg N/L.
SO₄²⁻ is sulfate, mg SO₄/L.
Alk is alkalinity, mg CaCO₃/L.
+ in the H₂S column indicates hydrogen sulfide odor
NH₃ is ammonia nitrogen, mg N/L.
NVOC is nonvolatile organic carbon, mg C/L.
pH is in pH units.
Sp Cond is specific conductance, microsiemens/cm.
Eh is platinum electrode potential, mV vs standard hyd
All other concentration units are in mg/L.

APPENDIX J GROUNDWATER WITHDRAWALS
Total Groundwater Withdrawals (mgd) by County, Municipality, Category, and Year for the Study Area

	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
McLean County						
Danvers	0.085	0.090	0.075	0.095	0.085	0.084
McLean	0.116	0.102	0.097	0.102	0.102	0.093
Normal	2.417	2.137	2.268	2.103	1.991	1.826
Stanford	0.058	0.053	0.060	0.059	0.063	0.059
Total Municipal	2.731	2.383	2.450	2.360	2.243	2.062
Rural-Residential	0.145	0.140	0.147	0.147	0.140	0.140
Industrial	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Livestock	0.117	0.108	0.097	0.093	0.090	0.097
Irrigation	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200	0.200
Total	3.076	2.831	2.894	2.800	2.673	2.499
Water Source						
Glasford Fm.	---	---	---	---	---	---
Banner Fm.	3.076	2.831	2.894	2.800	2.673	2.499
Logan County						
Atlanta	0.132	0.126	0.123	0.128	0.134	0.136
Emden	0.081	0.079	0.073	0.073	0.074	0.074
Total Municipal	0.213	0.205	0.195	0.201	0.208	0.210
Rural-Residential	0.199	0.199	0.199	0.199	0.199	0.199
Industrial	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Livestock	0.038	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.032	0.030
Irrigation	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total	0.450	0.437	0.428	0.433	0.439	0.439
Water Source						
Glasford Fm.	0.132	0.126	0.123	0.128	0.134	0.136
Banner Fm.	0.318	0.311	0.305	0.305	0.305	0.303
Tazewell County						
Armington	0.027	0.026	0.025	0.027	0.025	0.025
Delavan	0.174	0.154	0.151	0.181	0.175	0.179
Hopedale	0.073	0.068	0.088	0.080	0.075	0.075
Mackinaw	0.149	0.149	0.165	0.165	0.158	0.164
Minier	0.105	0.099	0.094	0.104	0.100	0.097
Total Municipal	0.528	0.496	0.523	0.537	0.533	0.540
Rural-Residential	1.113	1.097	1.104	1.077	1.079	1.096
Industrial	---	---	---	---	---	0.001
Livestock	0.357	0.355	0.373	0.373	0.345	0.336
Irrigation	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total	1.998	1.948	2.000	1.987	1.957	1.973
Water source						
Glasford Fm.	0.176	0.170	0.186	0.187	0.026	0.023
Banner Fm.	1.822	1.778	1.814	1.800	1.931	1.950